DOC. NO H





RUN N300-P ECONOMICAL INVERTER INSTRUCTION MANUAL





SAFETY

For the Best Results with N300 Series inverter, read this manual and all of the warning sign attached to the inverter carefully before installing and operating it, and follow the instructions exactly. Keep this manual handy for your quick reference.

Definitions and Symbols

A safety instruction (message) is given with a hazard alert symbol and a signal word,

WARNING or **CAUTION**. Each signal word has the following meaning throughout this manual.



This symbol means hazardous high voltage. It used to call your attention to items or operations that could be dangerous to you or other persons operating this equipment. Read these message and follow these instructions carefully.



This is the "Safety Alert Symbol" This symbol is used to call your attention to items or operations that could be dangerous to you or other persons operating this equipment. Read these messages and follow these instructions carefully.



WARNING Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in serious injury or death.



CAUTION Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in minor to moderate injury, or serious damage of product.

> The matters described under **CAUTION** may, if not avoided, lead to serious results depending on the situation. Important matters are described in CAUTION (as well as **WARNING**), so be sure to observe them.

NOTE

Notes indicate an area or subject of special merit, emphasizing either the product's capabilities or common errors in operation or maintenance.

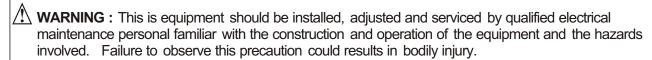


HAZARDOUS HIGH VOLTAGE

Motor control equipment and electronic controllers are connected to hazardous line voltages. When servicing drives and electronic controllers, there might be exposed components with cases or protrusions at or above line potential. Extreme care should be taken to product against shock.

Stand on an insulating pad and make it a habit to use only one hand when checking components. Always work with another person in case an emergency occurs. Disconnect power before checking controllers or performing maintenance. Be sure equipment is properly grounded. Wear safety glasses whenever working on an electronic controller or rotating electrical equipment.

PRECAUTION



- WARNING: The user is responsible for ensuring that all driven machinery, drive train mechanism not supplied by HYUNDAI and process line material are capable of safe operation at an applied frequency of 150% of the maximum selected frequency range to the AC motor. Failure to do so can result in destruction of equipment and injury to personnel should a single point failure occur.
- **WARNING**: For protection, install an earth leakage breaker with a high frequency circuit capable of large currents to avoid an unnecessary operation. The ground fault protection circuit is not designed to protect personal injury.
- ⚠ WARNING: Hazard of electrical shock. Disconnect incoming power before working on this control.
- **WARNING**: Separate motor overcurrent, overload and overheating protection is required to be provided in accordance with the safety codes required by jurisdictional authorities.
- CAUTION: These instructions should be read and clearly understood before working on N300 series equipment.
- CAUTION: Proper grounds, disconnecting devices and other safety devices and their location are the responsibility of the user and are not provided by HYUNDAI.
- CAUTION: Be sure to connect a motor thermal switch or overload devices to the N300 series controller to assure that inverter will shut down in the event of an overload or an overheated motor.
- ⚠ CAUTION : Dangerous voltage exists until charge lamp is off.
- CAUTION: Rotating shafts and above ground electrical potentials can be hazardous. Therefore, it is strongly recommended that all electrical work conform to the National Electrical Codes and local regulations. Only qualified personnel should perform installation, alignment and maintenance. Factory recommended test procedures, included in the instruction manual, should be followed. Always disconnect electrical power before working on the unit.

NOTE: POLLUTION DEGREE2

The inverter must be used environment of the degree 2.

Typical constructions that reduce the possibility of conductive pollution are,

- 1) The use of an unventilated enclosure
- 2) The use of a filtered ventilated enclosure when the ventilation is fan forced that is, ventilation is accomplished by one more blowers within the enclosure that provide a positive intake and exhaust.

Cautions for EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility)

To safety the EMC directive and to comply with standard, follows the checklist below.

WARNING

This equipment should be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified personal familiar with construction and operation of the equipment and the hazards involved. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury.

- 1. The power supply to N300-P inverter must meet these specifications
 - a. Voltage fluctuation $\pm 10\%$ or less.
 - b. Voltage imbalance $\pm 3\%$ or less.
 - c. Frequency variation $\pm 4\%$ or less.
 - d. Voltage distortion THD = 10% or less.
- 2. Installation measure:
 - a. Use a filter designed for N300-P inverter
- 3. Wiring
 - a. Shielded wire (screened cable) is required for motor wiring, and the length must be less than 20 meters.
 - b. The carrier frequency setting must be less than 3kHz to satisfy EMC requirements.
 - c. Separate the main circuit from the signal/process circuit wiring.
 - d. In case of remote operating with connector cable, the inverter does not conform to EMC.
- 4. Environmental conditions when using a filter, follow these guidelines:
 - a. Ambient air temperature : -10 +50 ℃.
 - b. Humidity: 20 to 90% RH(non-condensing)
 - c. Vibration: 5.9 m/sec² (0.6 G) 10 55Hz (N300- 055 300LFP / 055 300HFP)

2.94 m/sec² (0.6 G) 10 - 55Hz (N300- 370 - 750LFP / 370 - 1600HFP)

d. Location: 1000meters of less altitude, indoors (no corrosive gas or dust)

Conformity to the Low Voltage Directive (LVD)

The protective enclosure must conform to the Low Voltage Directive.

The inverter can conform to the LVD by mounting into a cabinet or by adding covers as follows.

1. Cabinet and Cover

The inverter must be installed into a cabinet which has the protection degree of Type IP2X. In addition the top surfaces of cabinet are easily accessible shall meet at least the requirements of the protective Type IP4X, or which is constructed to prevent small objects from entering inverter.

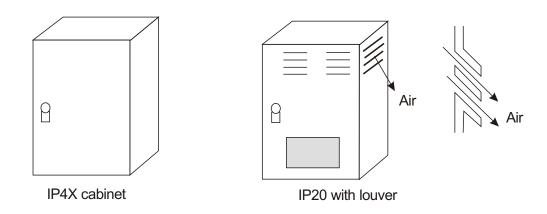


Fig. Inverter cabinet

UL Warnings and Cautions Manual for N300 series

This auxiliary instruction manual should be delivered to the end user.

1. Wiring warnings for Electrical Practices and Wire Specifications

WARNING: "Use 60/75 °C CU wire only" or equivalent.

WARNING: "Open Type Equipment." For models with N300 900-1600HFP

WARNING: "Suitable for use on a circuit capable or delivering not more than 10,000 rms

symmetrical amperes, 240V maximum. "For models with suffix L.

WARNING: "Suitable for use on a circuit capable or delivering not more than 10,000 rms

symmetrical amperes, 480 V maximum." For models with suffix H.

2. Tightening Torque and Wire Range



WARNING: Tightening torque and wire range for field wiring terminals are marked adjacent to

the terminal or on the wiring diagram.

Model Name	Tightening Torque [N·m]	Wire Range(AWG)
N300-055LFP	2.5	8
N300-075LFP	2.5	8
N300-110LFP	2.5	6
N300-150LFP	4.9	4
N300-185LFP	4.9	2
N300-220LFP	4.9	1
N300-300LFP	8.8	1/0
N300-370LFP	8.8	3/0 or 2 parallel of 1 AWG
N300-450LFP	8.8	3/0 or 2 parallel of 1 AWG
N300-550LFP	13.7	250kcmil or 2 parallel of 1 AWG(75℃)
N300-750-LFP	13.7	350kcmil or 2 parallel of 1/0 AWG

Model Name	Tightening Torque [N·m]	Wire Range(AWG)
N300-055HFP	2.5	12
N300-075HFP	2.5	10
N300-110HFP	4.9	8
N300-150HFP	4.9	6
N300-185HFP	4.9	6
N300-220HFP	4.9	4
N300-300HFP	4.9	3
N300-370HFP	4.9	1
N300-450HFP	8.8	1
N300-550HFP	8.8	1/0
N300-750HFP	8.8	250kcmil or 2 parallel of 1 AWG(75℃)
N300-900HFP	13.7	250kcmil or 2 parallel of 1 AWG(75℃)
N300-1100HFP	13.7	350kcmil or 2 parallel of 1/0 AWG
N300-1320HFP	13.7	2 parallel of 2/0 AWG
N300-1600HFP	13.7	2 Parallel of 2/0 AWG

3. Circuit Breaker / Fuse Size



WARNING: Distribution fuse/circuit breaker size marking is included in the manual to indicate that the unit shall be connected with an UL Listed inverse time circuit breaker, rated 600V with the current ratings or an UL Listed fuse as shown in the table below.

Model Name	Circuit Breaker [A]	Fuse [A]
N300-055LFP	30	30
N300-075LFP	40	40
N300-110LFP	60	60
N300-150LFP	80	80
N300-185LFP	100	100
N300-220LFP	125	125
N300-300LFP	150	150
N300-370LFP	175	175
N300-450LFP	225	225
N300-550LFP	250	250
N300-750LFP	400	400

Model Name	Circuit Breaker [A]	Fuse [A]
N300-055HFP	15	15
N300-075HFP	20	20
N300-110HFP	30	30
N300-150HFP	40	40
N300-185HFP	50	50
N300-220HFP	60	60
N300-300HFP	70	70
N300-370HFP	90	90
N300-450HFP	125	125
N300-550HFP	125	125
N300-750HFP	-	175
N300-900HFP	-	200
N300-1100HFP	-	250
N300-1320HFP	-	300
N300-1600HFP	-	400

4. Others



WARNING: "Field wiring connection must be made by an UL Listed and CSA Certified closedloop terminal connector sized for the wire gauge involved.

Connector must be fixed using the crimp tool specified by the connector manufacturer.", or equivalent wording included in the manual.

Revision History Table

No	Revision Contents	The Date of Issue	Operation Manual Number
1	Initial Release of Manual	July. 2003	HHIS-WZ-PE-032(00)
2	The Modification of Parameter Initial Value.	Feb. 2004	HHIS-WZ-PE-032(01)

1. Installation

CAUTION		
• Be sure to install the unit on flame resistant material such as metal Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.		P.2-2
 Be sure not to place anything inflammable in the vicinity. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire. 		P.2-2
 Do not carry unit by top cover, always carry by supporting base of unit. There is a risk of falling and injury. 		P.2-2
 Be sure not to let the foreign matter enter such as cut wire refuse, spatter from welding, iron refuse, wire, dust, etc. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire. 		P.2-5
 Be sure to install it in a place which can bear the weight according to the specifications in the text. (Chapter 6. Specifications) Otherwise, it may fall and there is a danger of injury. 		P.2-1
 Be sure to install the unit on a perpendicular wall which is not subject to vibration Otherwise, it may fall and there is a danger of injury. 		P.2-3
 Be sure not to install and operate an inverter which is damaged or parts of which are missing Otherwise, there is a danger of injury. 		P.2-2
 Be sure install it in a room which is not exposed to direct sunlight and is well ventilated. Avoid environments which tend to be high in temperature, high in humidity or to have dew condensation, as well as places with dust, corrosive gas, explosive gas, inflammable gas, grinding-fluid mist, salt damage, etc. Otherwise, there is a danger off fire. 		P.2-2

2. Wiring

№ WARNING	
Be sure to ground the unit. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire.	P.2-9
Wiring work shall be carried out by electrical experts. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire.	P.2-6
Implement wiring after checking that the power supply is off. It might incur electric shock and/of fire.	P.2-8
After installing the main body, carry out wiring. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.	P.2-5
• Do not remove the rubber bush. (5.5 to 75kW) Due to the possibility that a wire may be damaged, shorted or may have a ground fault with the edge of the wiring cover.	P.2-4

CAUTION	
Make sure that the input voltage is: Three phase 200 to 240V 50/60Hz(for models with suffix L) Three phase 380 to 480V 50/60Hz(for models with suffix H)	 P.2-6
Be sure not to input a single phase. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.	 P.2-8
Be sure not connect AC power supply to the output terminals(U, V, W). Otherwise, there is a danger of injury and/or fire.	 P.2-5
Be sure not to connect the resistor to DC terminals(PD, P and N) directly. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.	 P.2-5
Be sure to set the earth leakage breaker or the fuse(s)(the same phase as the main power supply) in the operation circuit. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.	 P.2-12
As for motor leads, earth leakage breakers and electromagnetic contactors, be sure to use the equivalent ones with the specified capacity(rated). Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.	 P.2-12
Do not stop operation by switching off the electromagnetic contactors on the primary or secondary sides of the inverter. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury and/or machine breakage.	 P.2-6
Fasten the screws with the specified fastening torque. Check so that there is no loosening of screws.	
Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.	 P.2-12

3. Control and operation

№ WARNING	
While the inverter is energized, be sure not to touch the main terminal or to check the signal or put on/off wire and/or connector. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.	 P.3-1
Be sure to turn on the input power supply after closing the front case. While being energized, be sure not to open the front case. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.	 P.3-1
Be sure not to operate the switches with wet hands. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.	 P.3-1
While the inverter is energized, be sure not to touch the inverter terminals even during stoppage. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.	 P.3-1
• If the retry mode is selected, it may suddenly restart during the trip stop. Be sure not to approach the machine. (Be sure to design the machine so that personnel safety will be secured even if it restarts.) Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.	 P.3-1
Be sure not to select retry mode for up and down equipment or traveling equipment, because there is output free-running mode in term of retry. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury and/or machine breakage.	 P.3-1
 Even if the power supply is cut for a short period of time, it may restart operation after the power supply is recovered if the operation command is given. If it may incur danger to personnel, be sure to make a circuit so that it will not restart after power recovery. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury. 	P.3-1
The stop key is effective only when the function is set. Be sure to prepare the key separately from the emergency stop. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.	 P.3-1
 After the operation command is given, if the alarm reset is conducted, it will restart suddenly. Be sure to set the alarm reset after checking the operation command is off. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury. 	 P.3-1
Be sure not to touch the inside of the energized inverter or to put a bar into it Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire.	P.3-1

CAUTION	
Cooling fin will have high temperature. Be sure not to touch them. Otherwise, there is a danger of getting burned.	P.3-2
Low to high speed operation of the inverter can be easily set. Be sure to operate it after checking the tolerance of the motor and machine. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.	P.3-2
Install external break system if needed. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.	P.3-2
• If a motor is operated at a frequency higher than standard setting value (50Hz/60Hz), be sure to check the speeds of the motor and the machine with each manufacturer, and after getting their consent, operate them. Otherwise, there is a danger of machine breakage.	P.3-2
Check the following before and during the test run. Otherwise, there is a danger of machine breakage. Was the direction of the motor correct? Was the inverter tripped during acceleration or deceleration? Were the rpm and frequency motor correct? Were there any abnormal motor vibrations or noise?	P.3-2

4. Maintenance, inspection and part replacement

4. Maintenance, inspection and part replacement		
⚠ WARNING		
After a lapse of more than 10 minutes after turning off the input power supply, perform the maintenance and inspection. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.	P.5-1	
Make sure that only qualified persons will perform maintenance, inspection and part replacement. (Before starting the work, remove metallic objects from your person(wristwatch, bracelet, etc.) (Be sure to use tools protected with insulation) Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.	P.5-1	

5. Others



• Never modify the unit.

Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.

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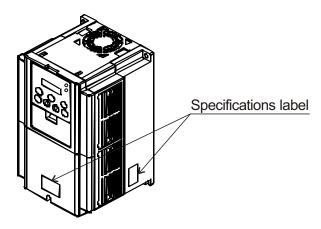
1.1 Inspection upon Unpacking

1.1.1 Inspection of the nuit

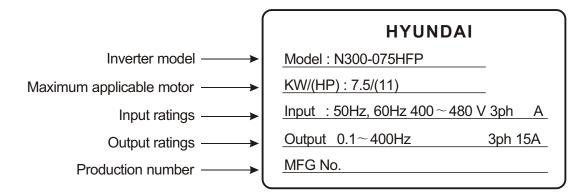
Open the package and pick out the inverter, please check the following item.

If you discover any unknown parts or the unit is in bad condition, please contact your supplier or the local HYUNDAI Distributor.

- (1) Make sure that there was no damage (injury, falling or dents in the body) during transportation of the unit.
- (2) After unpacking the unit, make sure that the package contains one operation manual for the Inverter.
- (3) Make sure that the product is the one you ordered by checking the specification label.



Picture 1-1 Position of specification label



Picture 1-2 Contents of specification label

1.1.2 Instruction manual

This instruction manual is the manual for the HYUNDAI Inverter N300-P Series.

Before operation of the Inverter, read the manual carefully. After Reading this manual, keep it to hand for future reference.

When using optional units for this inverter; please refer to the instruction manuals packed with the optional units.

This instruction manual should be delivered to the end user.

1.2 Question and Warranty of the Unit

1.2.1 Request upon asking

If you have any questions regarding damage to the unit, unknown parts or for general enquiries please contact your supplier or the local HYUNDAI Distributor with the following information.

- (1) Inverter Model
- (2) Production Number (MFG No.)
- (3) Date of purchase
- (4) Reason for Calling

Damaged part and its condition etc.

Unknown parts and their contents etc.

1.2.2 Warranty for the unit

The warranty period of the unit is one year after the purchase date. However within the warranty period, the warranty will be void if the fault is due to;

- (1) Incorrect use as directed in this manual, or attempted repair by unauthorized personnel.
- (2) Any damage sustained other than from transportation (Which should be reported immediately).
- (3) Using the unit beyond the limits of the specification.
- (4) Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Lightning, etc

The warranty is for inverter only, any damage caused to other equipment by malfunction of the inverter is not covered by the warranty.

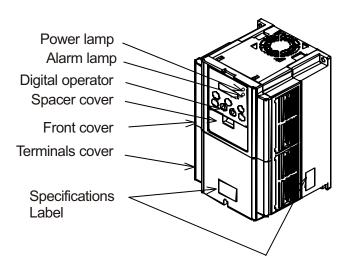
Any examination or repair after the warranty period (one-year) is not covered. And within the warranty period any repair and examination which results in information showing the fault was caused by any of the items mentioned above, the repair and examination cost are not covered. If you have any questions regarding the warranty please contact either your supplier or the local HYUNDAI Distributor.

Please refer to the back cover for a list of the local HYUNDAI Distributors.

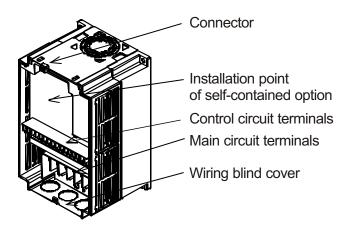
1.3 Appearance

1.3.1 Appearance and Names of Parts

Appearance from the front



Front cover removed

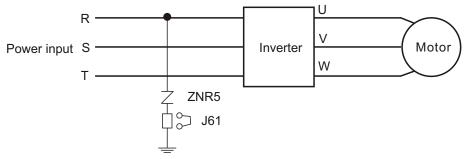


(Note) When you use cable for remote operation, please remove connector.

1.4 Application Method for J61 Connector Pin according to Input Power Grounding Condition

1.4.1 Usage of J61 Connector Pin and its application

- (1) Usage of J61 Connector Pin
 - For N300 Inverter, a protection circuit is built-in case of lightning while being used, and it can be also protected when J61 Connector Pin is connected.



However, the Inverter can be seriously affected according to its grounding condition(grounding or non-grounding) of input transformer.

As a result, when Inverter products are yielded, J61 Connector Pin is separately provided (open condition). Users should choose a set of J61 Connector Pin according to the second grounding condition of input power as the below picture after deep consideration of your field situation.

- J61 Connector Pin Applying Condition according to grounding -

Grounding condition	Wiring Diagram of Input	Applying Condition of J61 Connector Pin	Remarks
Grounding	First Second Or Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	Available for J61 Connector Pin	See Application Method of Connector in Chapter 1.4.2
Non-grounding	First Second Or Y	Running open of J61 Connector Pin (not connected)	Original Product

- (2) Comparison according to J61 Connector Pin Using or Non-using
 - a) Advantage of using J61 Connector Pin
 - Electronic products are often damaged by lightning or thunderbolt due to its sensitivity for the weather changing. For N300 Inverter, a protection circuit is built-in to protect the inverter from lightning or thunderbolt by using J61 Connector Pin.
 - Pre-caution

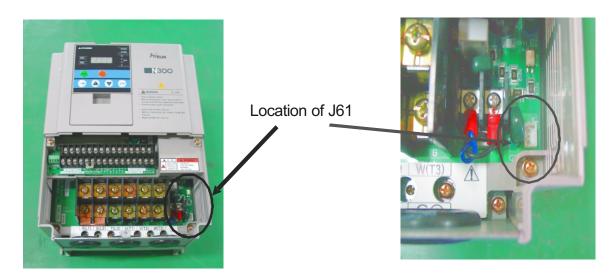
You should confirm the grounding condition of power source.

When using the second inverter(inverter power input), you should confirm if Y wiring is in neutral ground system and if \triangle wiring is in upper ground system. If you use J61 Connector Pin in non-grounding system, Inverter can be easily damaged by excessive noise from being expressed through ZNR.

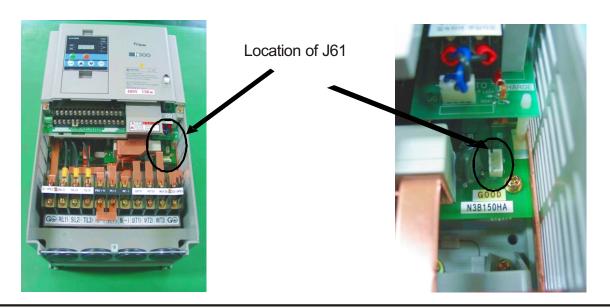
- b) Features of Non-using J61 Connector Pin
- Although any transformer products are not grounded, there is little damage of Inverter due to no corruption in ZNR, as noise is intercepted from electric panel.
- <u>Attention</u> It is not protected from the whether changing such as lightning.
- c) Inquiry about J61 Connector
- If you have any technical inquires about grounding and J61 Connector, please contact our company.

1.4.2. Application of Connector Pin

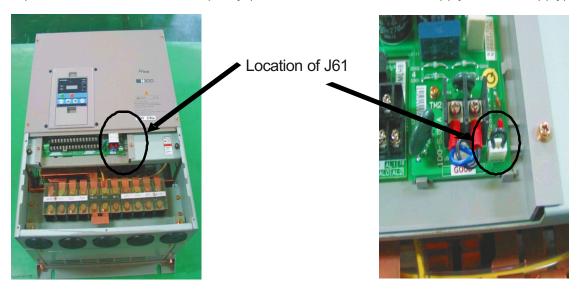
- (1) Location of J61 Connector Pin according to N300 Inverter Capacity
 - a) 5.5KW ~ 11KW Inverter Capacity (the same location as 200V Supply & 400V Supply)



b) 15KW ~ 22KW Inverter Capacity (the same location as 200V Supply & 400V Supply)



c) 30KW ~ 132KW Inverter Capacity (the same location as 200V Supply & 400V Supply)



(2) Application Method of J61 Connector

- * Sequencing of Application *
- · You should turn off the power, after halting Inverter working.
- You should open the Inverter cover located in the bottom level. At this very moment, you should use Meta and confirm if DC voltage between P and N is completely discharged.
- As J61 is in a different location according to Inverter capacity, you should confirm if J61 is in the right location. For J61 Connector Pin, 5.5KW~22KW Inverter capacity is located in the bottom right of IGBT PCB and 30KW~132KW Inverter capacity is in the bottom right of Ro-To PCB.
- After checking out its location, you should connect Jump line(ending line) to J61 connector.
- You should close the bottom cover after application.
- · You should operate the machine after turning on the Inverter power.

(3) Important items when applying J61 Connector Pin

You should decide if you use J61 Connector Pin for Inverter before applying panel.
 If using J61 Connector on the purpose of protection for lightning, you should halt Inverter working, turn off the power, and connect to it.

You may have an electric shock.

- Also, You should apply J61 Connector pin, after checking out if DC voltage between P and N is completely discharged by using Meta.
- After application, you should turn on the power after closing the Inverter cover.

You may have an electric shock.

• If you have any inquiries about J 61 Connector, please contact our company.

2.1 Installation

CAUTION

- Be sure to install the unit on flame resistant material such as metal. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.
- Be sure to place anything inflammable in the vicinity. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.
- Do not carry unit by top cover, always carry by supporting base of unit. There is a risk of falling and injury.
- Be sure not to let the foreign matter enter such as cut wire refuse, spatter from welding, iron refuse, wire, dust, ect.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.
- Be sure to install it in a place which can bear the weight according to the specifications in the text. (Chapter 6. Specifications)

 Otherwise, it may fall and there is a danger of injury.
- Be sure to install the unit on a perpendicular wall which is not subject to vibration. Otherwise, it may fall and there is a danger of injury.
- Be sure not to install and operate an inverter which is damaged or parts of which are missing. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.
- Be sure to install it in a room which is not exposed to direct sunlight and is well ventilated. Avoid environments which tend to be high in temperature, high in humidity or to have dew condensation, as well as places with dust, corrosive gas, explosive gas, inflammable gas, grinding-fluid mist, salt damage, etc.

Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.

2.1.1 Installation

1. Transportation

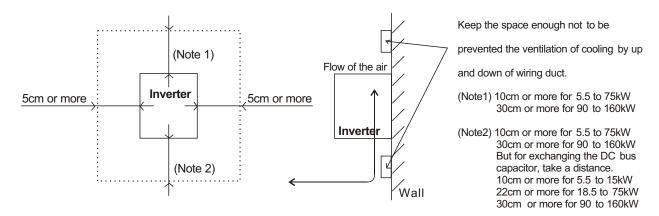
This inverter has plastic parts. So handle with care.

Do not over tighten the wall mounting fixings as the mountings may crack, causing is a risk of falling.

Do not install or operate the inverter if there appears to be damage or parts missing.

2. Surface for Mounting of Inverter

The temperature of the Inverter heatsink can become very high (the highest being about $150\,^{\circ}$ C). The surface, which you are mounting the Inverter onto, must be made of a non-flammable material (i.e steel) due to the possible risk of fire. Attention should also be mabe to the air gap surrounding the Inverter. Especially when there is a heat source such as a breaking resistor or reactor.



3. Operating Environment-Ambient Temperature

The ambient temperature surrounding the Inverter should not exceed the allowable temperature range (-10 to 50° C).

The temperature should be measured in the air gap surrounding the Inverter, shown in the diagram above. If the temperature exceeds the allowable temperature, the component life will become shortened especially in the case of the Capacitors.

4. Operating Environment-Humidity

The humidity surrounding the Inverter should be within the limit of the allowable percentage range (20% to 90%).

Under no circumstances should the Inverter be in an environment where there is the possibility of moisture entering the Inverter.

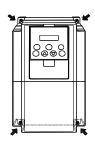
Also avoid having the Inverter mounted in a place that is exposed to the direct sunlight.

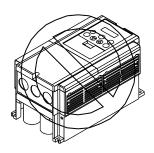
5. Operating Environment-Air

Install the Inverter avoiding any place that has dust, corrosive gas, explosive gas, combustible gas, mist of coolant and sea damage.

6. Mounting Position

Mount the Inverter in a vertical position using screws or bolts. The surface you mount onto should also be free from vibration and can easily hold the weight of the Inverter.

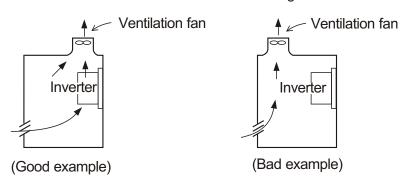






7. Ventilation within an Enclosure

If you are installing one or more Inverters in an enclosure a ventilation fan should be installed. Below is a guide to the positioning of the fan to take the airflow into consideration. The positioning of Inverter, cooling fans and air intake is very important. If these positions are wrong, airflow around the Inverter decreases and the temperature surrounding the Inverter will rise. So please make sure that the temperature around is within the limit of the allowable range.



8. External cooling of Inverter

It is possible to install the inverter so that the heatsink is out of the back of the enclosure. This method has two advantages, cooling of the inverter is greatly increased and the size of the

enclosure will be smaller.

To install it with the heatsink out of the enclosure, a metal fitting option is required to ensure heat transfer. Do not install in a place where water oil mist flour and dust etc can come in contact with the inverter as there are cooling fans fitted to the heatsink.

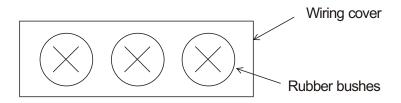
9. Approximate loss for each capacity

Inverter capacity(kw)	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	130	160
70% of rated output(w)	195	242	312	435	575	698	820	1100	1345	1625	1975	2675	3375	3900	4670
100% of rated output(w)	241	325	425	600	800	975	1150	1550	1900	2300	2800	3800	4800	5550	6650

2.1.2 Blind cover of wiring parts (5.5 to 75kW)

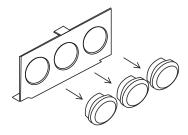
(1) Cable entry through Rubber Bushes

The wiring should be done after making a cut in the rubber bushes with nippers or cutters.



(2) Cable entry through Conduit

After taking out the rubber bushes, connect the conduit.



(Note) Except for when connecting conduit, do not take out the rubber bushes. It is possible that the wiring insulation is broken and a possible earth fault is caused.

2.2 Wiring

WARNING

- Be sure to ground the unit.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire.
- Wiring work shall be carried out by electrical experts.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire.
- Implement wiring after checking that the power supply is off.
 It might incur electric shock and/or fire.
- After installing the main body, carry out wiring.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.
- Do not remove the rubber bush. (5.5 to 75kW)
 Due to the possibility that a wire may be damaged, shorted or may have a ground fault with the edge of the wiring cover

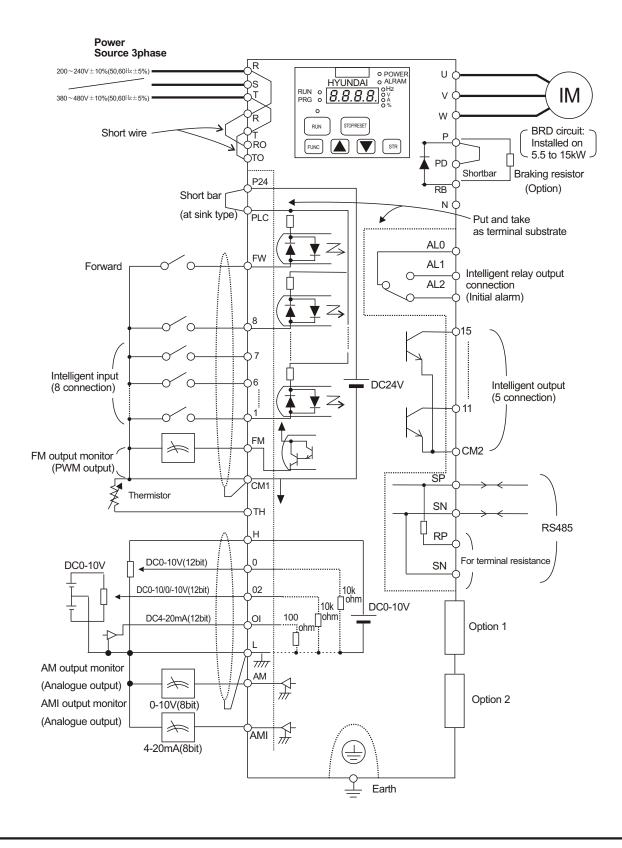
! CAUTION

- Make sure that the input voltage is: Three phase 200 to 240V 50/60Hz (for models with suffix L)
 Three phase 380 to 480V 50/60Hz (for models with suffix H)
- Be sure not to input a single phase. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.
- Be sure not to connect AC power supply to the output terminals (U, V, W).
 Otherwise, there is a danger of injury and/or fire.
- Be sure not to connect the resistor to DC terminals (PD, P and N) directly. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.
- Be sure to set the earth leakage breaker or the fuse(s) (the same phase as the main power supply)
 in the operation circuit.

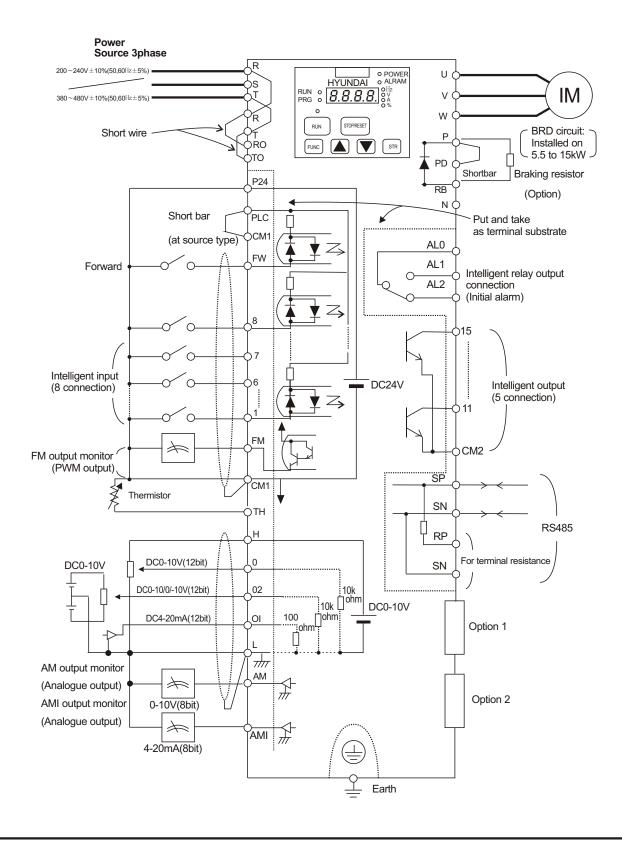
Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.

- As for motor leads, earth leakage breakers and electromagnetic contactors, be sure to use the equivalent ones with the specified capacity (rated).
 Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.
- Do not stop operation by switching off the electromagnetic contactors on the primary or secondary sides of the inverter.
 - Otherwise, there is a danger of injury and/or machine breakage.
- Fasten the screws with the specified fastening torque. Check so that there is no loosening of screws.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.

2.2.1 Terminal Connection Diagram (sink type)



2.2.1 Terminal Connection Diagram (source type)



(1) Explanation of main circuit terminals

Symbol	Terminal Name	Explanation of contents
R.S.T (L1,L2,L3)	Main power	Connect alternating power supply.
U, V, W (T1,T2,T3)	Inverter output	Connect three- phase motor.
PD,P (+1,+)	D.C reactor	Remove the short bar between PD and P, connect optional power factor reactor(DCL)
P,RB (+,RB)	External braking resistor	Connect optional External braking resistor. (Installed on 5.5kW to 15kW)
P,N (+,-)	External Regenerative unit	Connect optional Regenerative braking unit (BRD).
G	Inverter earth terminals	It is earth terminals of inverter case.

(2) Explanation of control circuit terminal

	Symbol			Terminal Name	Explanation of contents			
	Power Source		L	Analogue power common	It is common terminal of frequency command signal(O, O2, OI) and analogue output, AM, AMI. Don"t earth.			
	300	uice	Н	Frequency power	It is the DC+10V power for terminals.	Allowable load current 20mA		
	Frequency		0	Frequency command power terminal(voltage)	When inputting DC 0 \sim 10V, it is maximum frequency on 10V. When maximum frequency is expected to be on being less then 10V, set with A014	Input Impedance 10K ohm Allowable maximum voltage 12V		
	setting	y	O2	Frequency command support(voltage)	When inputting DC 0 $\sim\!\pm10\text{V},$ this signal is added to frequency command of O or OI terminal.	Input Impedance 10K ohm Allowable maximum load current 20mA		
			OI	Frequency command Terminal (current)	When inputting DC 4 ~20mA, 20mA is maximum frequency. When only terminal is ON, this input signals is effective.	Input Impedance 100 ohm Allowable maximum current 24mA		
Analogue			AM	Digital monitor (voltage)	Output one selected from monitor item, output frequency, output current, torque, output voltage, input electric power, electric thermal	Allowable maximum current 2mA		
An	Mor	nitor	AMI	Analogue monitor (Current)	rate, LAD frequency	Allowable output less then impedance 250 ohm		
	FM Digital n			Digital monitor (Voltage)	Output the output frequency with digital besides above monitor.	Allowable maximum current1.2mA Maximum frequency 3.6kHz		
	Power Source CM1		P24	Interface power	It is DC24V power for connection input signal. When selecting source logic, it's connection input common	Allowable maximum output current 100mA		
ection)			CM1	Interface power common	The common terminal is FW terminal, 1-8 terminal, TH terminal, FM terminal, Don't earth.			
Digitasl(connection)			PLC	Intelligent input common	Change sink type and source type by short bar on control terminals. P24-PLC : Sink type CM1-PLC : Source type			
Digita		setting		Forward command	About FW signal, ON is Forward and OFF is stop command.	Allowable maximum		
	IInput signal	eratio	1(RS) 2(AT) 3(JG) 4(FRS) 5(2CH) 6(CF2) 7(CF1) 8(RV)	Input intelligent	Select 8 function from 44 functions, and divide between 1 terminal and 8 terminals.	voltage 27V Input ON condition of terminal voltage Over 18V Input OFF condition of terminal voltage under 3 V Input impedance 4.7k ohm		
	signal	ı/Alam	11(FA1) 12(RUN) 13(OL) 14(OTQ) 15(IP)	input Intelligent	Select 5 function from 22 functions, and divide between 1 terminal and 5 terminals.	Allowable maximum voltage 27V current 50mA		
	Output signal	Cindition/Alam	AL0	Common terminal	It is common terminal of alarm output terminal	Allowable minimum AC250V, 0.2A		
			AL1 AL2	Alarm output terminal				
Analogue	Analogue		TH	Thermistor input terminal	When a Thermistor connected to terminals TH and CM1, the inverter checks for over-temperature and will cause trip event and turn off output to motor.	Allowable minimum Thermistor power 100mW		

2.2.2 Main circuit wiring

(1) Warning on wiring

When carrying out work on the Inverter wiring make sure to wait for at least ten minutes before you remove the cover. Making sure to check that the charge lamp is not illuminated.

A final check should always be made with a voltage meter.

After removing the power supply, there is a time delay before the capacitors will dissipate charge.

1. Main power terminals (R, S, T)

Connect the main power terminals (R, S and T) to the power supply through a electromagnetic contactor or an earth-leakage breaker.

We recommend connecting the electromagnetic contactor to the main power terminals.

Because when the protective function of inverter operates, it isolates the powers supply and prevent the spread of damages and accidents.

This unit is for three-phase power supply. It isn't for the single-phase power supply. If you require a single phase power supply unit, please contact us.

- Don't operate with on/off of the switch set up in the converter side and the inverter side. Do an operation stop by the operation order (FW / RV) terminals.
- This inverter becomes the following condition at the time of open phase because open phase protection is being made ineffective by the early data.

R phase or T phase, open phase condition: The power isn't turned on, and it doesn't operate.

S phase, open phase condition: It becomes single-phase operation condition. Trip operation such as a deficiency voltage or over current may be done. Don't use it under open phase condition.

• A converter module may be damaged in the case shown below. Be careful.

When an unbalance of the power supply voltage is more than 3%.

Power supply capacity, 10 times of the capacity of inverter and case beyond 500kVA.

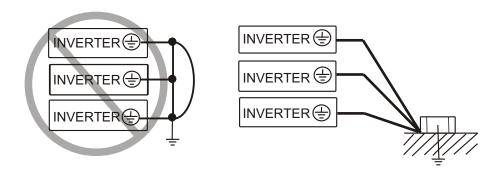
When a change in the rapid power supply voltage occur.

(Example) When inverter of the plural is installed with the common electric wire whose it is short by each other. When there is insertion of the condenser or a removal.

• On/off of the power supply isn't to do it more than three times in one minute. It has the possibility that inverter is damaged.

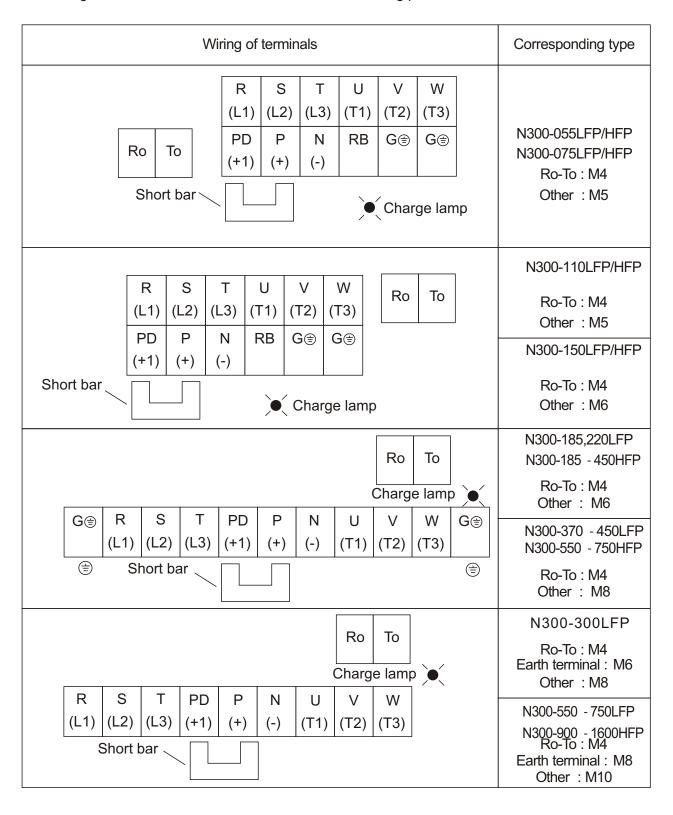
- 2. Inverter output terminals (U, V, and W)
- Wire with thicker wire than the applicable wire to control the voltage drop.
 Particularly when outputting low frequencies, the torque of the motor will reduce by the voltage drop of the wire.
- Do not install power factor correction capacitors or a surge absorber to the output. The inverter will trip or sustain damage to the capacitors or the surge absorber.
- In the case of the cable length being more than 20 meters, it is possible that a surge voltage will be generated and damage to the motor is caused by the floating capacity or the inductance in the wire (400V especially). An EMC Mains Filter is available, please contact us.
- In the case of two or more motors, install a thermal relay to each motor.
- Make the RC value of the thermal relay the value of 1.1 times of motor rated electric current. Install output ACL when a life becomes short by the length of wiring.

- 3. Direct current reactor (DCL) connection terminals (PD, P)
- These are the terminals to connect the current reactor DCL (Option) to help improve the power factor.
- The short bar is connected to the terminals when shipped from the factory, if you are to connect a DCL you will need to disconnect the short bar first.
- · When you dont' use a DCL, don't disconnect the short bar.
- 4. External braking resistor connection terminals (P, RB)
- The regenerative braking circuit (BRD) is built-in as standard up to the 15kW Inverter. When braking is required, install an external-braking resistor to these terminals.
- The cable length should be less than 5 meters, and twist the two connecting wires to reduce inductance.
- Don't connect any other device other than the external braking resistor to these terminals.
- When installing an external braking resistor make sure that the resistance is correctly rated to limit the current drawn through the BRD.
- 5. Regenerative breaking unit connection terminals (P, N)
- The Inverters rated more than 18.5kW don't contain a BRD circuit. If regenerative braking is required an external BRD circuit (Option) is required along with the resistor (Option).
- Connect external regenerative braking unit terminals (P, N) to terminals (P, N) on the inverter. The braking resistor is then wired into the External Braking unit and not directly to the Inverter.
- The cable length should be less than 5 meters, and twist the two connecting wires to reduce inductance.
- 6. Earth (G (=))
- Make sure that you securely ground the Inverter and motor for prevention of electric shock.
- The inverter and motor must be connected to an appropriate safety earth and follow the local standard. Failure to do so constitutes an electrical shock hazard.



(2) Wiring of main circuit terminals

The wiring of main circuit terminals for inverter is the following picture.



(3) Wiring Equipment

MCCB

Electric contactor

IM

Motor

Refer to "(4) Common applicable tools"

(Note1) The applicable tools indicate for Hyundai standard four-pole squirrel-cage Motor (Note2) Select applicable tools for breakers examining the capacity of breakers.

(Use Inverter type.)

(Note3) Use earth-leakage breakers (MCCB) for safety.

(Note4) Use 60/75 $^{\circ}$ C copper electric wire.

(Note5) It needs bigger wires for power lines, if the distance exceeds 20m.

(Note6) Use 0.75mm² for Alarm output contact.

(Note7) Separate by the sum wiring distance from Inverter to power supply, from inverter to motor for the sensitive current of leak breaker (MCCB)

Wiring distance	Sensitive Current (mA)
100m and less	50
300m and less	100

(Note8) When using CV wire and wiring by rigid metal conduit, leak flows.

(Note9) IV wire is high dielectric constant. So the current increase 8 times.

Therefore, use the sensitive current 8 times as large as that of the left list.

And if the distance of wire is over 100m, use CV wire.

	Name	Function				
	Input reactor(harmonic control, electrical coordination, power factor improvement) (ACL-□I-□□□□□)	This part is used when the nubalance voltage rate is 3% or more and power supply is 500KVA or more, and there is a rapid change in the power supply. It also improves the power factor.				
_	Radio noise filter (zero-phase reactor)	Using the the inverter may cause noise on the peripheral radio through the power lines. This part reduces noise.				
_	Noise filter for Inverter (☐ T3AK -□□□□)	This part reduces common noise generated between the power supply and ground, as well as normal noise. Put it in the primary side of inverter.				
_	Input radio noise filter (capacitor filter)	This part reduces radiation noise emitted from wire at the input				
	Direct reactor(DCL-*-**)	This part control harmonic from inverter.				
_	Breaking resistor Regenerative breaking unit	This part is used for applications that need to increase the brake torque of the inverter or to frequently turn on and off and to run high inertia load.				
	Output noise filter	This part reduces radiation noise emitted from wire by setting between inverter and motor. And it reduces wave fault to radio and TV, it is used for preventing malfunction of sensor and measuring instruments.				
_	Radio noise filter(zero-phase reactor)	This part reduces noise generated at the output of the inverter. (It is possible to use for both input and output)				
	Output alternation reactor Reducing vibration, thermal Relay, preventing misapplication (ACL - □ - □ □ □ □ □)	Running motors with the inverter generates vibration greater than that with commercial power supply. This part installed between the inverter and motor reduces torque ripple. When the cable length between the inverter and motor is long (10m or more), a countermeasure for a malfunction of the thermal relay by harmonic due to switching on inverter is taken by inserting				
	I CR filter	reactor. There is the way to use current sensor in stead of thermal relay. Sine-wave filter at the output.				
_	LON IIILEI	Onie-wave inter at the output.				

(4) Common applicable tools

	Motor	Applicable	Power	External	Screw	Torque	А	Applicable		
	output (kw)	Inverter Model	lines R,S,T,U, V,W,P, PD,N	resister between P-RB (mm²)	size of Terminal	(N.m)	Leak breake (MCCB)	er	Electrom- agnetic controller (MC)	
	5.5	N300-055LFP	5.5	5.5	M5	2.0	HBS-60N	50A	HiMc22	
	7.5	N300-075LFP	8	5.5	M5	2.0	HBS-60N	50A	HiMc32	
	11	N300-110LFP	14	5.5	M5	2.0	HBS-100N	75A	HiMc50	
	15	N300-150LFP	22	5.5	M6	2.5	HBS-100N	100A	HiMc65	
	18.5	N300-185LFP	30	-	M6	2.5	HBS-225N	150A	HiMc80	
class	22	N300-220LFP	38	-	M6	2.5	HBS-225N	150A	HiMc80	
200V c	30	N300-300LFP	60 (22×2)	-	M8	6.0	HBS-225N	200A	HiMc110	
2	37	N300-370LFP	100 (38×2)	-	M8	6.0	HBS-225N	225A	HiMc130	
	45	N300-450LFP	100 (38×2)	-	M8	6.0	HBS-400	225A	HiMc180	
	55	N300-550LFP	150 (60×2)	-	M10	10.0	HBS-400	350A	HiMc220	
	75	N300-750LFP	150 (60×2)	-	M10	10.0	HBS-600	400A	HiMc300	
	5.5	N300-055HFP	3.5	3.5	M5	2.0	HBS-30N	30A	HiMc18	
	7.5	N300-075HFP	3.5	3.5	M5	2.0	HBS-30N	30A	HiMc18	
	11	N300-110HFP	5.5	5.5	M5	2.0	HBS-60N	50A	HiMc32	
	15	N300-150HFP	8	5.5	M6	2.5	HBS-100N	50A	HiMc40	
	18.5	N300-185HFP	14	-	M6	2.5	HBS-100N	75A	HiMc40	
	22	N300-220HFP	22	-	M6	2.5	HBS-100N	75A	HiMc50	
S	30	N300-300HFP	30	-	M6	2.5	HBS-100N	100A	HiMc65	
clas	37	N300-370HFP	38	-	M6	2.5	HBS-225N	100A	HiMc80	
400V	45	N300-450HFP	50	-	M6	2.5	HBS-225N	150A	HiMc110	
4	55	N300-550HFP	60	-	M8	6.0	HBS-225N	175A	HiMc130	
	75	N300-750HFP	100 (38×2)	-	M8	6.0	HBS-400	225A	HiMc180	
	90	N300-900HFP	125 (50×2)	-	M10	10.0	HBS-400	225A	HiMc220	
	110	N300-1100HFP	150 (60×2)	-	M10	10.0	HBS-400 350A		HiMc260	
	132	N300-1320HFP	80×2	-	M10	10.0	HBS-400	350A	HiMc300	
	160	N300-1600HFP	100×2	-	M10	10.0	HBS-600	400A	HiMc400	

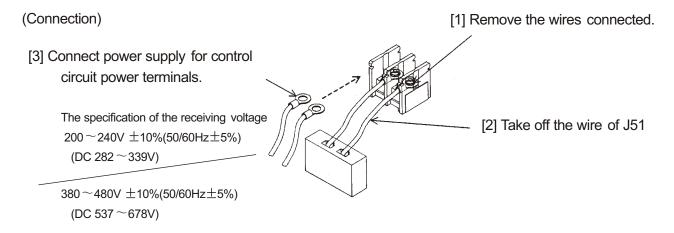
5) Connecting power to the control circuit, separating from main power

When the protection circuit of inverter is activated and the electromagnetic contactor on the input supply to the inverter isolates the power supply, the control circuit power supply from the inverter will also switch off and the alarm output signal will not be hold.

The power terminals R0 and T0 are designed to allow a supply to go direct to the control circuit and therefore keep the alarm output signal on.

In this case, please connect power terminals R0 and T0, to the primary side of the electromagnetic contactor.

(Inverter unit side of ACL, EMI filter, on using input ACL, EMI filter).



When you wire the control circuit power source (R0-T0) and the main circuit power source (R, S, T) separately. Please connect the 3A fuse to the power source electric wire, which is for the control circuit.

Chapter 2 Installation and Wiring

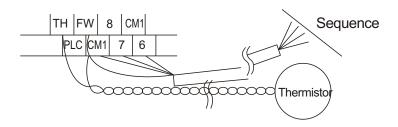
2.2.3 Terminal connection diagram

(1) Wiring

1. Both the CM1 and L terminal is insulated to both the common terminal of the input and output signals.

Do not short or earth these common terminals.

- 2. Use twisted screened cable, for the input and output wires of the control circuit terminals. Connect the screen to the common terminal.
- 3. Limit connection wires to 20m. When it is necessary to wire over 20m, use a VX applied controller RCD-A (Remoter operation bar) or a CVD-E (Insulated signal transducer)
- 4. Separate the control circuit wiring from the main power and relay control wiring.
- 5. If control and power wires must cross make sure they cross at 90 degrees to each other.
- 6. When connecting a thermistor to the TH and CM1 terminal, twist the thermistor cables separate from the rests. Limit connection wires to 20m.



- 7. When using relays for the FW terminal or an intelligent input terminal use a control relay as they are designed to work with 24Vdc.
- 8. When the relay is used as an intelligent output, connect a diode for surge protection parallel to the coil.
- 9. Do not short the analogue voltage terminals H and L or the internal power terminals PV24 and CM1. There is risk of Inverter damage.
- (2) Layout of control circuit terminals

I	4	02	2 A	.M	FM	Ti	H F	// (F	B C	M1 (2	5 CH) (3 (JG)	1 (RS)	14 (OTQ	1 (0	3 1 DL) (F	1 A1) A	L1
L	(OI	AM	/II F	P24	PLC	CM1	7 (CF1)	6 (CF2	4 (FRS	2 (A)	! 1 T) (I	5 P) C	M2	12 (RUN)	AL0	AL2

The terminal screw size: M3

Chapter 2 Installation and Wiring

(3) Change of input logic type

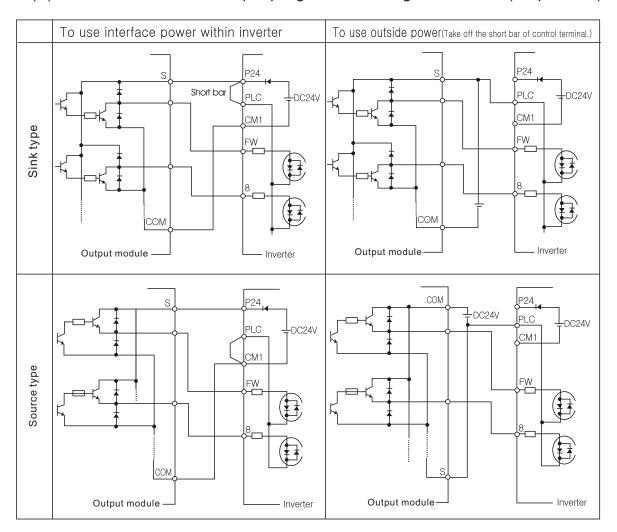
The logic type of intelligent input terminals is written following list (Factory Default).

N300-XXXLFP/HFP	Sink type

The input logic type can be changed by changing the Short bar connection of control terminal.

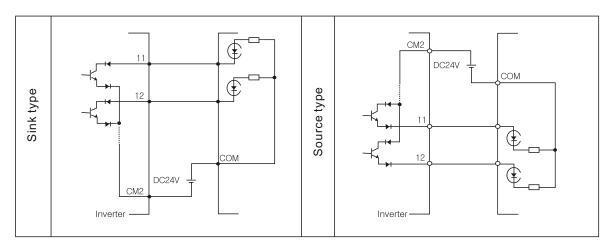
Sink type	Between P24 and PLC on the control terminal.
Source type	Between PLC and Cm1on the control terminal.

(4) The connection to the input programmable logic controller (sequencer)



Chapter 2 Installation and Wiring

(5) The connection to the output programmable logic controller(sequency)



2.2.4 Digital operator wiring

For operating this inverter, it can use digital operator OPE- SR, OPE-SRE, OPE-S, NOP3-0J, for remote operating, put off digital operator from inverter and use connector cable NOP3-1A(1.5m) or NOP3-3A(3m).

- (Note 1) When using connector cable, be sure to use less than 3m length. Otherwise, there is a danger of malfunction.
- (Note 2) In case of remote operating with connector cable, the inverter dose not conform to EMC.

WARNING

- ·Be sure not to touch the main terminal or to check the signal or put on/off wire and/or connector. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.
- Be sure to turn on the input power supply after closing from cover.

While being energized, be sure not to open the front cover.

Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.

- Be sure not to operate the switches with wet hands.
 - Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.
- While the inverter is energized, be sure not to touch the inverter terminals even during stoppage. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.
- If the retry mode is selected, it may suddenly restart during the trip stop. Be sure not to approach the machine. (Be sure to design the machine so that personnel safety will be secured even if it restarts.) Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.
- ·Be sure not to select retry mode for up and down equipment or traveling equipment, because there is output free-running mode in term of retry.
 - Otherwise, there is a danger of injury and/or machine breakage
- ·Even if the power supply is cut for a short period of time, it may restart operation after the power supply is recovered if the operation command is given. If it may incur danger to personnel, be suer to make a circuit so that it will not restart after power recovery.

Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.

- The stop key is effective only when the function is set. Be sure to prepare the key separately from the emergency stop.
 - Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.
- After the operation command is given, if the alarm reset is conducted, it will restart suddenly. Be sure to set the alarm reset after checking the operation command is off.

Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.

Be sure not to touch the inside of the energized inverter or to put a bar into it. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire.

CAUTION

Cooling fin will have high temperature. Be sure not to touch them.

Otherwise, there is a danger of getting burned.

Low to high speed operation of the inverter can be easily set. Be sure to operate it after checking the tolerance of the motor and machine.

Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.

Install external break system if needed.

Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.

·If a motor is operated at a frequency higher than standard setting value(50Hz / 60Hz), be sure to check the speeds of the motor and the machine with each manufacturer, and after getting their consent, operate them.

Otherwise, there is a danger of machine breakage.

·Check the following before and during the test run.

Otherwise, there is a danger of machine breakage.

Was the direction of motor correct?

Was the inverter tripped during acceleration or deceleration?

Were the rpm and frequency meter correct?

Were there any abnormal motor vibrations or noise?

3.1 Operation

This inverter requires two different signals in order for the inverter to operate correctly. The inverter requires both an operation setting and a frequency setting.

The following indicates the details of each method of operation and necessary instructions for operation.

(1) Operation setting and a frequency setting by the terminal control.

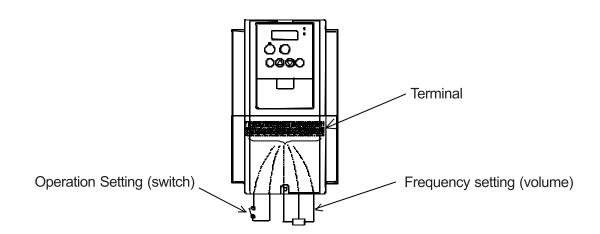
This is the method by connecting signals from the outside (the frequency setting, the starting switch etc.) With the control circuit terminals.

The operation is started when the operation setting (FW, RV) is turned ON while the input power is turned ON.

(Note) The methods of the setting frequency with terminal are the voltage setting and the electric setting.

And they are selective by each system. The control circuit terminal list shows this in detail. (Necessary things for operation)

- [1] The operation setting : switch, relay. etc.
- [2] The frequency setting: signals from volume or external (DC0 \sim 10V, DC-10 \sim 10V, 4 \sim 20mA etc.)

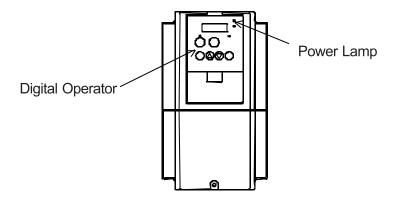


(2) Operation setting and frequency setting with the digital operator.

This is the method for operation from the digital operator, which comes equipped with the inverter as standard, or the remote operator (NOP3) keypad.

When the digital operator sets the operation, the terminals (FW, RV) don't need to be linked. And it is possible to select frequency from the digital operator as a method of the frequency setting too. (necessary things for operation)

[1] Remote Operator (NOP3) (It's unnecessary in case of digital operator operation)

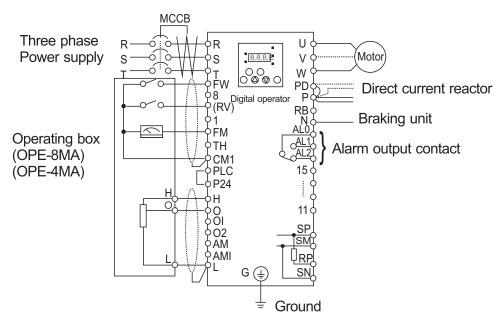


(3) Operation setting and frequency setting from both digital operator and terminal operator. This is the method of inverter operating from both of the above two operating methods. It is possible that the operation setting and the frequency setting can be selected for both the digital operator and the terminal operator each separately.

3.2 Test RUN

This is the common connection example. Please refer to 4.1DigitaOperator, for the detailed use of the digital operator (OPE-S).

(1) To input the operation setting and the frequency setting from terminal control.

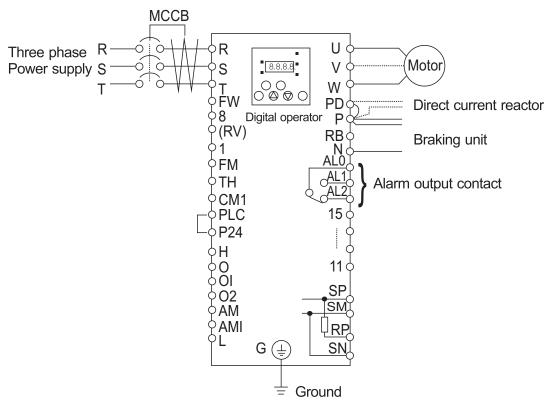


(Arrangements)

- [1] Please make sure that the connections are correctly secure.
- [2] Turn the MCCB ON to supply power to the inverter.

 (The red LED " 'POWER "on the digital operator should illuminate.)
- [3] Set terminal with the frequency setting selection.
 - Set A001 as indication code, press the FUNC key once. (Two figures are shown.)
 - Set 01 with the key or the key, press the STR key once to set the frequency setting for terminal. (Indication code turns back to A001.)
- [4] Set terminal with the operation setting selection.
 - Set A002 as indication code, press the FUNC key once. (Two figures are shown.)
 - Set 01 with the key or the key; press the STR key once to set the operation setting for terminal. (Indication code turns back to A002.)
- [5] Set monitor mode.
 - When monitoring the output frequency, set indication code to d001, and press the FUNC key once. Or when monitoring the operating direction, set indication code to d003, press the FUNC key once.
- [6] Input starting operation setting.
 - Turn ON between [FW] and [CM1] of terminal.
 - Impress voltage between [O] AND [L] of terminal to start operation.
- [7] Input ending operation setting.
 - Turn OFF between [FW] and [CM1] to stop slowly down.

(2) Operation setting and the frequency setting from the digital operator (Remote operator (NOP3) is also same use.)



(Arrangements)

- [1] Please make sure that there isn't matter about the connection.
- [2] Turn the MCCB on to supply power to the inverter.

 (The red LED " 'POWER "on the digital operator should illuminate.)
- [3] Set operator with the frequency setting selection.

 Set A001 as indication code, press the FUNC key once. (Two figures are shown.)

 Set 02 with the key or the key, press the STR key once to set the frequency setting for the operator. (Indication code turns back to A001.)
- [4] Set operator with the operation setting selection.

 Set A002 as indication code, press the FUNC key once. (Two figures are shown.)

 Set 02 with the key or the key, press the STR key once to set the operation setting for the operator. (Indication code turns back to A002.)

[5] Set the output frequency Set F001 as indication code, as press the (FUNC) key once. (Indication code of four is shown.) Set to the desired output frequency with the \(\bar{1} \) key or the \(\bar{2} \) key, press the \(\bar{STR} \) key once to store it. (Indication code turns back to F001.) [6] Set the operation direction. Set F004 as indication code, press the (FUNC) key once. (00 or 01 is shown.) Set operation direction to 00 in case of forward, or to 01 in case of reverse with the (1) key or the (2) key. Press the (STR) key once to establish it. (Indication code turns back to F004.) [7] Set Monitor mode. When monitoring the output frequency, set indication code to d001, and press the FUNC key once. Or when monitoring the operation direction, set indication code to d003, press the (FUNC) key once. reverse or forward, [8] Press the (RUN) key to start operating. (The green LED " RUN " turns on a light, and the indication changes in response to the monitor mode set. [9] Press the (STOP) key to decelerate to a stop. (When the frequency turn back to 0, the green LED "RUN" light will switch off.) CAUTION Make sure that the direction of the motor is correct. It is in danger of injury or machine damage. Make sure there is no abnormal noise and vibration. It is in danger of injury or machine damage.

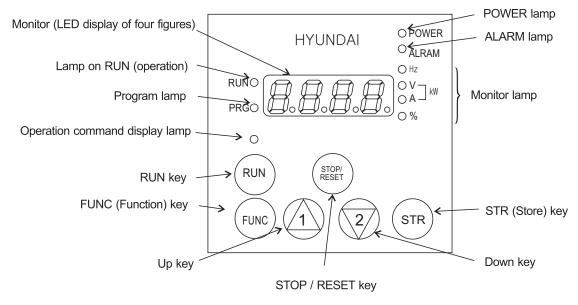
Make sure that there is no tripping during the acceleration and deceleration and check that the revolution per minute and the frequency meter are correct.

When overcurrent tripping or overvoltage tripping occurs during the test run, increase the acceleration time or the deceleration time.

4.1 About Digital Operator (OPE-S)

Explanation of operating the digital operator (OPE-S) N300-P series operates by using the digital operator, which is fitted as standard.

1. Name and contents of each part of the digital operator



Name	Contents					
Monitor	Display of frequency, output current and set value					
Lamp on RUN (Operation)	Light on when the inverter is running					
Program lamp	Light on when displaying set value of each function in monitor section Light will flash On and Off as a warning (when set value is incorrect)					
POWER lamp	ower lamp of control circuit					
ALARM lamp	Light on when the inverter trips					
Monitor lamp	Lamp display state of monitor section Hz: Frequency V: Voltage A: Current kW: Electric power %: Rate					
Operation command Display lamp	Light on only when operating command (RUN/STOP) is set in operator					
RUN key	Run command to start the motor. But this is only valid when operation command is from the operator. (Be sure that the operation command display lamp is illuminated.)					
STOP (STOP/RESET) key	This key is used to stop motor, or reset an alarm.					
FUNC (Funcation) key	The key containing monitor mode, basic setting mode, extension functions mode.					
STR (Store) key	The key to store the data set.(On changing set value, must be pushed or value is lost.)					
UP/DOWN key	The keys to change extension function mode, function mode and set value.					

2. Operating method

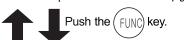
(1) Method to display monitor mode, basic setting mode, extension function mode Power ON



① Display of monitor contents set (Display 0.00 in initial state)



·When power is turned off while the basic setting mode or the extension setting mode is displayed. The display will be different from the one above when the power is restored.



② Display monitor code No. (Display d001)



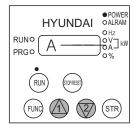
 Monitor mode is displayed by pushing FUNC (Function) key once when display of Monitor mode No. 5 Display monitor code No. (Display d001)



Return to the state of ②

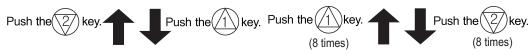


4 Display extension function mode (Display A - - -)



·Extension function mode Display in the order of

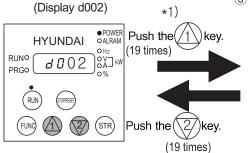
 $A \longrightarrow B \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow P \longrightarrow U$



③ Display code No. of basic setting mode. (Display F001)



Note) Refer to (3) setting method of function code.



- (2) Setting method of function
 Change operation command part. (Operator → Control terminal)
 - ① Display extension function mode

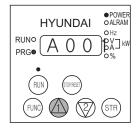


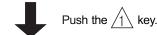
Make monitor display "A---" by referring to (1) displaying method.

Now operating command part is by the operator, so operating command display lamp should illuminate.

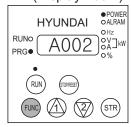
Push the (FUNC) key.

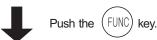
2 Display code No. of function mode



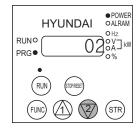








3 Display contents of function mode



Push the 2 key

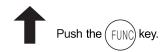
Operation command part displays 02(operator).

Program(PRG) light on by displaying contents of function mode.

5 Display extension function mode (Display A ---)



It is possible to shift to other extension function modes, monitor modes and basic modes in this state.

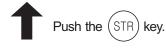


④ Display code No. of monitor mode. (Display A002)



The changed set value is confirmed by pushing the STR key.

Operation command display lamplight will switch off so that operation command is now changed to the control terminal.





Change operation command part to control terminal 01.

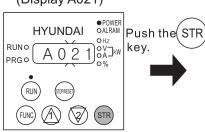
(3) Setting method of function code

Code No. of monitor modes, basic setting modes and extension function codes can be set easily. Indicate the method to change code No. d001 of monitor mode to function code No.. A029 simply.

① Disply code No. of monitor mode. (Display d001)



(Display A021)

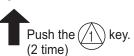


5 Change first figure of function code No..





Second figures, "2" blinks.



First figure,"1" blinks.



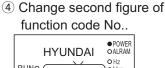
2 Change extension function mode





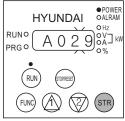
(Display A001)

"A" blinks.



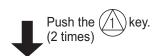


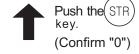
Second figure "2" blinks.

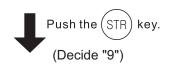


(Display A029)

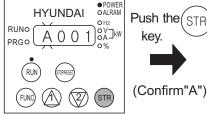
"9" of first figure blink







3 Change third figure of function code No ..



●POWER ○ALRAM HYUNDAI RUNO 1 0 V J kW A 0 0 PRG^O

Third figure "0" blinks. Don't change third figure and push the STR key and confirm 0.

6 Finish setting function code



Finish setting A029

(Note) When you input code No. there isn't in the code list,"A" of left end blinks again. Confirm code No. and input it again.

The figure lighting is decided by pushing STR key.

4.2 Code list

Mo	nitor Mode			(Note1)				
Display code	Function name	N300 monitor or data range (digital operator)	Initial data	Setting on running	Change mode during running	Page		
d001	Output frequency monitor	0.00~99.99/100.0~400.0(Hz)	_	_	_	4-13		
d002	Output current monitor	0.0~999.9(A)	1	_	_	4-13		
d003	Operator direction monitor	F(forward) / O(stop)/r(reverse)	_	_	_	4-13		
d004	PID feedback monitor	0.00~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.~9999./ 1000~9999/{100~{999(10000~99900)	_	_	_	4-13		
d005	Intelligent input terminal monitor	FW ON FW, terminal 7, 2, 1:0N 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 Ferminal 8, 6, 5, 4, 3:0FF	I	_	_	4-14		
d006	Intelligent output terminal monitor	ON (Example) Terminal 12, 11 : ON AL,15, 14, 13 : OFF	_	_	_	4-14		
d007	Frequency conversion monitor	0.00~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.~9999./ 1000~3996	_	_	_	4-15		
d012	torque monitor	-300.~+300.%	_	_	_	4-15		
d013	Output voltage monitor	0.0~600.0 V	_	_	_	4-15		
d014	Input electric power monitor	0.0~999.9 Kw	_	_	_	4-15		
d016	Accumulated time monitor during RUN	0.9999./1000~9999/{100~{999 hr	_	_	_	4-16		
d017	Power ON time monitor	0.~9999./1000~9999/{100~{999 hr	_	_	_	4-16		
d080	Number of trip time monitor	0.~9999./1000~6563(10000~65530) (times)	_	_	_	4-16		
d081	Trip monitor 1		_	_	_	4-16		
d082	Trip monitor 2		_	_	_	4-16		
d083	Trip monitor 3	TripCode, frequency(Hz), current(A),	_	_	_	4-16		
d084	Trip monitor 4	voltage(V), RUN time(hr), power ON time(hr)	_	_	_	4-16		
d085	Trip monitor 5		_	_	_	4-16		
d086	Trip monitor 6		_	_	_	4-16		
d090	Warning monitor	Warning code	_	_	_	4-100		
F001	Output frequency setting	0.0, starting frequency-Max.frequency (2 nd max, 3 rd max. frequency) (Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-17		
F002	1 st acceleration time	0.01~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000~3600.(S)	30.00	0	0	4-19		
F202	2 nd acceleration time	0.01~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000~3600.(S)	30.00	0	0	4-19		
F302	3 rd acceleration time	0.01~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.~3600.(S)	30.00	0	0	4-19		
F003	1 st deceleration time	0.01~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.~3600.(S)	30.00	0	0	4-19		
F203	2 nd deceleration time	0.01~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.~3600.(S)	30.00	0	0	4-19		
F303	3 rd deceleration time	0.01~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.~3600.(S)	30.00	0	0	4-19		
F004	Operation direction selection	00(forward) / 01(reverse)	00	×	×	4-17		

(Note1) Change mode during run by selection of b031(software lock selection).

(Note) Do not forget to press "STR" key when you change the display.

	Code	Function name	Setting range	Initial Data	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
	A001	Frequency setting selection	00(VR)/01(terminal)/02(operator)/03(RS485)/ 04(option1)/05(option2) Note 1)	02	Х	Х	4-17
	A002	Operation setting selection	01(terminal)/02(operator)/03(RS485)/ 04(option1)/05(option2)	02	Х	Х	4-18
ng	A003	Base Frequency, 2nd motor	30. ~ Maximum. Frequency (Hz)	60.	Х	Х	4-20
setting	A203	Base Frequency, 3rd motor	30.~2nd Maximum. Frequency (Hz)	60.	Х	Х	4-20
Base a	A303	Maximum Frequency	30.∼3rd Maximum. Frequency (Hz)	60.	Х	Х	4-20
ĕ	A004	Maximum Frequency, 2nd motor	30. ∼60 (Hz)	60.	Х	Х	4-21
	A204	Maximum Frequency, 2nd motor	30. ∼60 (Hz)	60.	Х	Х	4-21
	A304	Maximum Frequency, 3rd motor	30. ∼60 (Hz)	60.	Х	Х	4-21
	A005	AT terminal selection	00(Changing of O and OI with AT terminal)/ 01(Changing of O and OI with AT terminal)	00	Х	Х	4-22
g	A006	02 selection	00(single)/01(auxiliary speed of O, OI)[no reversible] /02(auxiliary speed of O, OI)[reversible]	00	Х	Х	4-22
setting	A011	0 start	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-23
	A012	0 end	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-23
Analog input	A013	0 start rate	0~100.0(%)	0.	Х	0	4-23
nalo	A014	0 end rate	0~100.0(%)	100.	Х	0	4-23
Ā	A015	0 start selection	00(extermal starting frequency)/01(0Hz)	01	Х	0	4-23
	A016	O,OI,O2 sampling	1.~30.(times)	8.	Х	0	4-24
	A019	Multi - speed selection	00(binary : range is to 16 stage speed with 4 terminals)/ 01(bit : range is to 8 stage speed with 7 terminals)	00	Х	Х	4-46
etting	A020	Multi - speed 0	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
ျပ	A220	Multi - speed 0, 2nd motor	0.00, starting frequency \sim 2nd	0.00	0	0	4-46
quency	A320	Multi - speed 0, 3rd motor	0.00, starting frequency \sim 3rd	0.00	0	0	4-46
freq	A021	Multi - speed 1	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
jing	A022	Multi - speed 2	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
Jogging	A023	Multi - speed 3	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
speed.	A024	Multi - speed 4	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
	A025	Multi - speed 5	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
Multistage	A026	Multi - speed 6	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
ultis	A027	Multi - speed 7	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
Ž	A028	Multi - speed 8	0.00, srarting frequency ~ 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46

Function Mode

	Code	Function name	Setting range	Initial Data	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
0	A029	Multi - speed 9	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
setting	A030	Multi - speed 10	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
cy s	A031	Multi - speed 11	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
duer	A032	Multi - speed 12	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
speed. Jogging frequency	A033	Multi - speed 13	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
ggin	A034	Multi - speed 14	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
d. Jo	A035	Multi - speed 15	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	0	0	4-46
sbee	A038	Jogging frequency	0.00, srarting frequency \sim 9.99(Hz)	1.00	0	0	4-48
Multistage s	A039	Jogging selection	00(free-run on JG stop/invalid on running)/01(stop decelerating on JG stop/invalid on running)/02(DC braking on JG stop/invalid on running)/03(free-run on JG stop/valid on running[JG after stop decelerating])/04(stop decelerating on JG stop/valid on running)/05(DC braking on JG stop/valid on operating)	00	Х	0	4-48
	A041	Torque boost selection	00(manual torque boost)/01(automatic torque boost)	00	Х	Х	4-27
	A241	Torque boost selection, 2nd motor	00(manual torque boost)/01(automatic torque boost)	00	Х	Х	4-27
	A042	Manual torque boost	0.0~20.0(%)	1.0	0	0	4-27
	A242	Manual torque boost, 2nd motor	0.0~20.0(%)	1.0	0	0	4-27
V/f Charateristic	A342	Manual torque boost, 3rd motor	0.0~20.0(%)	1.0	0	0	4-27
arate	A043	Manual torque boost point	0.0~50.0(%)	5.0	0	0	4-27
fCh ₈	A243	Manual torque boost point, 2nd motor	0.0~50.0(%)	5.0	0	0	4-27
>	A343	Manual torque boost point, 3rd motor	0.0~50.0(%)	5.0	0	0	4-27
	A044	1st control	00(VC)/01(VP2.0power)/02(free V/f setting)	02	Х	Х	4-25
	A244	2st control	00(VC)/01(VP2.0power)/02(free V/f setting)	00	Х	Х	4-25
	A344	3st control	00(VC)/01(VP2.0power)	00	Х	Х	4-25
	A045	Output voltage gain	20.~100.	100.	0	0	4-24

Note1) Valid for tve connection of OPE-SR

	Code	Function name	Setting range	Initial Data	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
	A051	DC braking selection	00(invalid)/01(valid)	00	Х	0	4-28
	A052	DC braking frequency	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.50	Х	0	4-28
king	A053	DC braking wait time	0.0~5.0(S)	0.0	Х	0	4-28
current braking	A054	DC braking power	0.~100.(%)	0.	Х	0	4-28
urren	A055	DC braking time	0.0~60.0(S)	0.0	Х	0	4-28
Direct a	A056	DC braking edge/ievel selection	00(edge action)/01(level action)	01	Х	0	4-28
	A057	DC braking power (starting time)	0.~100.(%) < 0~80(%)>	0.	Х	0	4-28
	A058	DC braking time (starting time)	0.00~60.0(S)	0.0	Х	0	4-28
	A059	DC carrier frequency	0.5~15(kHz) Derating <0.5~10kHz>	5.0<3.0>	Х	Х	4-28
	A061	1st frequency maximum limiter	0.00,1st frequency lower limiter-50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-31
ج	A261	2st frequency maximum limiter	0.00,2st frequency lower limiter-2nd setting 50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-31
jumpfequency	A062	1st frequency maximum limiter	0.00, start frequency-1st frequency maximum limiter(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-31
bejc	A262	2st frequency maximum limiter	0.00, start frequency-2nd frequency maximum limiter(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-31
jum	A063	Jump frequency 1	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-32
iter	A064	Jump frequency width 1	0.00 ~ 10.00(Hz)	0.50	Х	0	4-32
lower limiter	A065	Jump frequency 2	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-32
lowe	A066	Jump frequency width 2	0.00~10.00(Hz)	0.50	Х	0	4-32
and	A067	Jump frequency 3	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-32
Upper a	A068	Jump frequency width 3	0.00~10.00(Hz)	0.50	Х	0	4-32
J	A069	Acceleration stop frequency	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-32
	A070	Acceleration stop time	0.00~60.0(s)	0.0	Х	0	4-32
	A071	PID selection	00(invalid)/01(valid)	00	Х	0	4-33
	A072	PID-P gain	0.2~5.0	1.0	0	0	4-33
ntrol	A073	PID-I gain	0.~3600.(s)	1.0	0	0	4-33
PIDControl	A074	PID-D gain	0.00~100.0(s)	0.00	0	0	4-33
□	A075	PID scale	0.01~99.99(%)	1.00	Х	0	4-33
	A076	PID feedback selection	00(feedback:OI)/01(feedback:O)	00	Х	0	4-33

	Code	Function name	Setting range	Initial Data	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
AVR	A081	AVR selection	00(ON always)/01(OFF always)/ 02(OFF on decelerating)	02	Х	Х	4-20
A	A082	Motor voltage selection	200/215/550/230/240/, 380/400/415/440/460/480	220/440	Х	Х	4-20
	A085	Operation mode selection	00(normal operation)/01(energy-saving operation)/ 02(fuzzy)	00	Х	Х	4-34
	A086	Energy-saving response- accuracy adjustment	0.0~100.0	50.0	0	0	4-34
	A092	Acceleration time 2	0.0~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.~3600.(s)	15.00	0	0	4-35
_	A292	Acceleration time 2 (2nd motor)	0.0~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.~3600.(s)	15.00	0	0	4-35
nctio	A392	Acceleration time 2 (3rd motor)	0.0~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.~3600.(s)	15.00	0	0	4-35
le fu	A093	Deceleration time 2	0.0~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.~3600.(s)	15.00	0	0	4-35
Adjustable function	A293	Deceleration time 2 (2nd motor)	0.0~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.~3600.(s)	15.00	0	0	4-35
	A393	Deceleration time 2 (3rd motor)	0.0~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.~3600.(s)	15.00	0	0	4-35
node	A094	2nd stage adjustable selection	00(change with 2CH terminal)/01(change with setting)	00	Х	Х	4-35
Operationmode.	A294	2nd stage adjustable selection(2nd motor)	00(change with 2CH terminal)/01(change with setting)	00	Х	Х	4-35
bera	A095	2nd Acceleration frequency	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	Х	4-35
	A295	2nd Acceleration frequency(2nd motor)	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	Х	4-35
	A096	2nd deceleration frequency	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	Х	4-35
	A296	2nd deceleration frequency(2nd motor)	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	Х	4-35
	A097	Acceleration pattern selection	0(straight line)/01(S-curve)/02(U-curve)/ 03(reverse U-curve)	00	Х	Х	4-36
	A098	Deceleration patter selection	00(straight line)/01(S-curve)/02(U-curve)/ 03(reverse U-curve)	00	Х	Х	4-36
nt	A101	OI start	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-23
stment	A102	OI end	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-23
adjns	A103	OI start rate	0.~100.(%)	20.	Х	0	4-23
	A104	OI end rate	0.~100.(%)	100.	Х	0	4-23
frequency	A105	OI start selection	start frequency)/01(0Hz)	01	Х	0	4-23
freq	A111	O2 srart	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-23
rnal	A112	O2end	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-23
External	A113	O2 start rate	0~100(%)	-100	Х	0	4-23
	A114	O2 end rate	0~100(%)	100.	Х	0	4-23

	Code	Function name	Setting range	Initial Data	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
Accel. Decel.	A131	Acceleration curve constant	01(small swelling)~10(large swelling)	02	Х	0	4-36
Pe	A132	Deceleration curve constant	01(small swelling)~10(large swelling)	02	Х	0	4-36
start	b001	Retry selection	00(trip)/01(0Hz start)/02(start after equal frequency)/ 03(trip after equaling frequency and deceleration stop)	00	Х	0	4-37
are re	b002	Allow under-voltage power failure time	0.3~1.0(s)	1.0	Х	0	4-37
r fail	b003	Retry wait time	0.3~100.(s)	1.0	Х	0	4-37
power failure restart	b004	Instantaneous power failure/under-voltage trip during stop	00(invalid)/01(valid)/02(invalid during stop and deceleration by stop command)	00	Х	0	4-37
Instantaneous	b005	voltage trip during stop Instantaneous power failure/under-voltage retry time selection	00(16 times)/01(free)	00	Х	0	4-37
antan	b006	Open-phase selection	00(invalid)/01(valid)	00	Х	0	4-39
Insta	b007	Frequency setting match	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-37
	b012	Electronic thermal level	0.2*constant current ~ 1.20*constant current(A)	Rated curent of inverter	Х	Х	4-39
	b212	Electronic thermal level(2 nd motor)	0.2*constant current~1.20*constant current(A)	Rated curent of inverter	Х	0	4-39
	b312	Electronic thermal level(3 rd motor)	0.2*constant current~1.20*constant current(A)	Rated curent of inverter	Х	0	4-39
	b013	1 st electronic thermal characteristic selection	00(reduced characteristic)/01(constant torque characteristic)/02(free setting)	01	Х	0	4-39
erma	b213	2 nd electronic thermal characteristic selection	00(reduced characteristic)/01(constant torque characteristic)/02(free setting)	01	Х	0	4-39
Electronic thermal	b313	3rd electronic thermal characteristic selection	00(reduced characteristic)/01(constant torque characteristic)/02(free setting)	01	Х	0	4-39
ctror	b015	Free electronic thermal frequency 1	0.~50(55)(Hz)	0.	Х	0	4-40
Ele	b016	Free electronic thermal current 1	0.0~1000.(A)	0.0	Х	0	4-40
	b017	Free electronic thermal frequency 2	0.~50(55)(Hz)	0.	Х	0	4-40
	b018	Free electronic thermal current 2	0.0~1000.(A)	0.0	Х	0	4-40
	b019	Free electronic thermal frequency 3	0.~50(55)(Hz)	0.	Х	0	4-40
	b020	Free electronic thermal current 3	0.0~1000.(A)	0.0	Х	0	4-40
	b021	Overload restriction selection	00(invalid)/01(enabled on acceleration/constant speed)/02(enabled on constant speed)/03(enabled on acceleration/constant speed[speed increasing at regenerating mode])	01	Х	0	4-41
ij	b022	Overload restriction level	0.50*rated current~1.6*rated current(A)	Rated current of inverter×1.20	Х	0	4-41
Overload limit	b023	Overload restriction limit constant	0.10~30.00(s)	1.00	Х	0	4-41
rloa	b024	Overload restriction 2 selection	00(invalid)/01(enabled on acceleration/constant speed)/ 02(enabled on constant speed)/	01	Х	0	4-41
Ove	b025	Overload restriction level 2	03(enabled on acceleration/constant speed[speed increasing at regenerating mode])	Rated current of inverter×1.20	Х	0	4-41
	b026	Overload restriction constant 2	0.50*rated current-1.6*rated current(A)	1.00	Х	0	4-41

C	Code	Function name	Setting range	Initial Data	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
Lock	b031	Software lock mode selection	00(impossible to change the data except this item when SFT terminal is ON)/01(impossible to change the data except setting frequency item when SFT terminal isON) 02(impossible to change the data except this item) 03(impossible to change the data except setting frequency item)/10(possible to change data on operating)	01	X	0	4-50
	b034	RUN time/Power ON time level	0.~9999./1000~6563(100000~655300)h	0	Х	0	4-61
	b035	Operation direction restrict	01(Only forward)	01	Х	0	4-17
	b036	Start reduced voltage	00(Start reduced voltage time small) ~ 06(Start reduced voltage time large)	06	X	0	4-43
	b037	Display selection	00(all display)/01(each function display)/ 02(User setting/main setting)	00	Х	0	4-66
	b040	Torque limit mode selection	00(4 quadrant mode)/01(Terminal operation)/ 02(Analog input)/03(Option 1)/04(Option 2)	00	Х	0	4-79
	b041	Torque limit level 1 setting (Forward driving at 4 quadrant mode)	0. ~ 200.(%)/no(Invalid) < 0 ~ 180% / no >	150.	х	0	4-79
	b042	Torque limit level 2 setting (Reverse regenerating at 4 quadrant mode)	0.~200.(%)/no(Invalid) < 0~180% / no >	150.	X	0	4-79
	b043	Torque limit level 3 setting (Reverse driving at 4 quadrant mode)	0. ~ 200.(%)/no(Invalid) < 0 ~ 180% / no >	150.	X	0	4-79
	b044	Torque limit level 4 setting (Forward regenerating at 4 quadrant mode)	0. ~200.(%)/no(Invalid) < 0 ~180% / no >	150.	Х	0	4-79
Other	b045	Torque LAD-STOP selection	00(Invalid)/01(Valid)	00	X	0	4-81
₫	b046	Reverse run prevention selection	/01(Valid)	00	Х	0	_
	b050	Selection of non stop function at instantaneous power failure	00(Invalid)/01(Valid)	00	Х	х	4-71
	b051	Start voltage of run non- stop function setting	0.0~1000.(V)	0.0	Х	Х	4-71
	b052	OV LAD-STOP level of non-stop function setting	0.0~1000.(V)	0.0	Х	Х	4-71
	b053	Deceleration time of non- stop function setting	0.01-99.99/100.0-999.9/10003600.(S)	1.00	Х	Х	4-71
	b054	Deceleration frequency width of non-stop function setting	0.00~10.00(Hz)	0.00	X	Х	4-71
	b080	AM Adjustment	0.~255.	180	0	0	4-64
	b081	FM Adjustment	0.~255.	60	0	0	4-63
	b082	Start frequency Adjustment	0.10~9.99(Hz)	0.50	Х	0	4-43
	b083	Carrier frequency setting	$0.5\!\sim\!12.0$ (kHz) Derationg enable, <0.5 $\sim\!10$ kHz>	3.0	Х	Х	4-21
	b084	Initialize mode	00(Trip history clear)/01(Data initialization)/ 02(Trip history clear + data initialization)	00	Х	Х	4-65
	b085	Country code for Initialization	00(Interior)/01(EC)/02(USA)	00	Х	Х	4-65

C	Code	Function name	Setting range	Initial Data	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
	b086	Frequency scalar conversion factor	0.1~99.9	1.0	0	0	4-15
	b087	STOP key enable	00(valid)/01(invalid)	00	Х	0	4-18
	b088	Resume on FRS cancellation mode	00(0Hz start)/01(Start -equaling)	00	Х	0	4-51
	b090	BRD usage ratio	0.0~100.0(%)	0.0	Х	0	4-44
Other	b091	Stop mode selection	00(deceleration stop)/01(Free-run stop)	00	X	Х	4-18
ď	b092	Cooling fan control	00(Always ON)/01(ON during run, After power ON, then for 5 minutes on stop is implied.)	00	Х	Х	4-44
	b095	BRD selection	00(invalid)/01(valid <invalid during="" stop="">)/ 02(valid<valid during="" stop="">)</valid></invalid>	00	Х	0	4-44
	b096	BRD ON level	330~380/660~760(V)	360/720	Х	0	4-44
	b098	Thermistor selection	00(invalid)/01(PTC)/02(NTC enable)	00	Х	0	4-64
	b099	Thermistor error level	0.~9999. (Ohm)	3000.	X	0	4-64
	b100	Free V/f frequency 1	0.∼Free V/f frequency 2(Hz)	0.	Х	Х	4-26
	b101	Free V/f voltage 1	0.~800.0(V)	0.0	Х	Х	4-26
	b102	Free V/f frequency 2	0.∼Free V/f frequency 3(Hz)	0.	Х	Х	4-26
	b103	Free V/f voltage 2	0.~800.0(V)	0.0	Х	Х	4-26
	b104	Free V/f frequency 3	0.∼Free V/f frequency 4(Hz)	0.	Х	Х	4-26
setting	b105	Free V/f voltage 3	0.~800.0(V)	0.0	Х	Х	4-26
F se	b106	Free V/f frequency 4	0.∼Free V/f frequency 5(Hz)	0.	Х	Х	4-26
>	b107	Free V/f voltage 4	0.~800.0(V)	0.0	Х	Х	4-26
Free	b108	Free V/f frequency 5	0.∼Free V/f frequency 6(Hz)	0.	Х	Х	4-26
	b109	Free V/f voltage 5	0.~800.0(V)	0.0	Х	Х	4-26
	b110	Free V/f frequency 6	0.∼Free V/f frequency 7(Hz)	0.	Х	Х	4-26
	b111	Free V/f voltage 6	0.~800.0(V)	0.0	Х	Х	4-26
	b112	Free V/f frequency 7	0.~60.0(V)	0.	Х	Х	4-26
	b113	Free V/f voltage 7	0.~800.0(V)	0.0	Х	Х	4-26
	b120	Braking control selection	00(Invalid)/01(valid)	00	Х	0	4-69
Other	b121	Waiting time for releasing braking information	0.00~5.00(S)	0.00	Х	0	4-69
	b122	Waiting time for acceleration	0.00~5.00(S)	0.00	Х	0	4-69

Code		Function name	Setting range		Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
	b123	Waiting time for stop	0.00~5.00(S)	0.00	Х	0	4-69
Je l	b124	Waiting time for signal conformation	0.00~5.00(S)	0.00	Х	0	4-69
Other	b125	Releasing frequency	0.00~99.99/100.0~400.0(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-69
	b126	Releasing current	0.00*rated current-2.00*rate current(A)	Inverter rate current	Х	0	4-69
	C001	Intelligent input 1 setting	/02(CF1:Multi-speed 1)/03(CF2: Multi-speed 2)/ 04(CF3:Multi-speed3)/05(CF4:Multi-speed4)/06(JG:Jogging)/	18(RS)	Х	0	4-45
	C002	Intelligent input 2 setting	07(DB:External DC braking)/08(SET:2 nd control)/ 09(2CH: Two-stage adjustable speed)/11(FRS:Free-run)/ 12(EXT:External trip)/13(USP:Unattended start protection)/ 14(CS:Commerical change)/15(SFT:Software lock)/	16(AT)	Х	0	4-45
	C003	Intelligent input 3 setting	16(AT:Analog input voltage/current select)/17(SET:3 rd control)/ 18(RS:Reset inverter)/20(STA:3wire run/21(STP:3wire keep)/	06(JG)	Х	0	4-45
0	C004	Intelligent input 4 setting	22(F/R:3wire forward/reverse)/23(PID:PIDselection valid/invalid)/ 24(PIDC:PID integrating reset)/26(CAS:Control gain switch function)/27(UP:Remote control UP function)/28(DWN:Remote	11(FRS)	Х	0	4-45
setting	C005	Intelligent input 5 setting	control DOWN function)/29(UDC:Remote control data clear)/ 31(OPE:Operating by operator select)/32(SF1: Multi-speed bit 1)/ 33(SF2: Multi-speed bit2)/34(SF3: Multi-speed bit3)/	09(2CH)	Х	0	4-45
Intelligent input terminal	C006	Intelligent input 6 setting	35(SF4: Multi-speed bit4)/36(SF5: Multi-speed bit5)/ 37(SF6: Multi-speed bit6)/38(SF7: Multi-speed bit7)/ 39(OLR:Ovwrload restriction change)/40(TL:Torque limit select)/	03(CF1)	Х	0	4-45
put te	C007	Intelligent input 7 setting	41(TRQ1:Torque limit switch1)/42(TRQ2:Torque limit switch2)/ 43(PPI:P/PIswitch)/44(BOK:Braking comformation)/	02(CF2)	Х	0	4-45
ent in	C008	Intelligent input 8 setting	45(ORT:Orientation)/46(LAC:LAD cancel)/47(PCLR:Position error clear)/48(STAT:Permission of pulse train)/no(NO:No assign)	01(CF3)	Х	0	4-45
ntellig	C011	Intelligent input 1 a/b (NO/NC)) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-46
_	C012	Intelligent input (NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-46
	C013	Intelligent input 3 a/b (NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-46
	C014	Intelligent input 4 a/b (NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-46
	C015	Intelligent input 5 a/b (NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-46
	C016	Intelligent input 6 a/b (NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-46
	C017	Intelligent input 7 a/b (NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-46
	C018	Intelligent input 8 a/b (NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-46
	C019	FW a/b(NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-46

Note) < >indicate the setting range of 90 to 160kW

Function Mode

C	Code Function name Setting range		Setting range	Initial Data	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
	C021	Intelligent output 11 selection	00(RUN: running)/01(FA1:Frequency arrival type1signal)/ 02(FA2: over setting frequency)/03(OL:Overload advance notice	01(FA1)	Х	0	4-46
ing	C022	Intelligent output 12 selection	gnal)/04(OD: Output deviation for PID control)/ 05(AL:Alarm gnal)/06(FA3:Only setting frequency)/07(OTQ: Over torque gnal)/08(IP: On instantaneous stop)/09(UV:Under voltage)/		Х	0	4-57
al setting	C023	Intelligent output 13 selection	10(TRQ:Torque limit)/11(RNT:RUN time over)/12(ONT:ON time over)/13(THM: thermal caution)/19(BRK:Brake release	03(OL)	Х	0	4-57
ntelligent input terminal	C024	Intelligent output 14 selection	signal)/20(BER: Brake error signal)/21(ZS:Zero speed detect signal)/22(DSE:Speed error over signal)/23(POK:Positioning completion signal)/24(FA4:Over frequency 2 signal)/25(FA5:Only	07(OTQ)	x	0	4-57
out te	C025	Intelligent output 15 selection	setting frequency)/26(OL2: Overload advance notice signal 2)/ (Intelligent output terminal 11-13 or 11-14 becomesAC0-AC-2	08(IP)	Х	0	4-57
it in	C026	Alarm relay output	OR AC0-AC-3(Can : Alarm cord output) forcibly when alarm cord output is selected in C062)	05(AL)	Х	0	4-57
ligen	C027	FM selection	00(Output frequency)/01(Output current)/02(Output torque) /03(Digital output frequency)/ 04(Output voltage)/05(Input electric power)/06(thermal load rate)/07(LAD frequency)	00	Х	0	4-57
Intell	C028	AM selection	00(Output frequency)/01(Output current)/02(Output torque)/04(Output voltage) 05(Input electric power)/(06thermal load rate)/07(LAD frequency)	00	Х	0	4-63
	C029	AMI selection	00(Output frequency)/01(Output current)/02(Output torque)/04(Output voltage) 05(Input electric power)/(06thermal load rate)/07(LAD frequency)	00	Х	0	4-64
	C031	Intelligent output 11 a/b selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-64
	C032	Intelligent output 12 a/b selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-58
setting	C033	Intelligent output 13 a/b selection	00(NO)/01(NC)		Х	0	4-58
	C034	Intelligent output 14 a/b selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-58
output level	C035	Intelligent output 15 a/b selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	Х	0	4-58
	C036	Alarm relay output a/b selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	01	Х	0	4-58
setting	C040	Overload advance notice signal output mode	00(On accel. And decel, constant speed)/ 01(Only constant speed)	01	Х	0	4-58
state se	C041	Overload advance notice level	0.0-2.0*rated current(A)	Inverter rated current	Х	0	4-42
nal sta	C042	Frequency arrival setting for acceleration.	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-42
terminal	C043	Arrival frequency setting for deceleration.	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-59
Output t	C044	PID deviation setting level	0.0~100.0(%)	3.0	Х	0	4-59
no	C045	Frequency arrival setting for acceleration.2	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-34
	C046	Arrival frequency setting for deceleration.2	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-59
	C055	Over torque level setting (Forward driving)	0.0~200.0(%) <0~180>	100.	Х	0	4-59
	C056	Over torque level setting (Reverse regenerating)	0.0~200.0(%) <0~180>	100.	Х	0	4-62
	C057	Over torque level setting (Reverse driving)	0.0~200.0(%) <0~180>	100.	Х	0	4-62

Note) < >indicate the setting range of 90 to 160kW

Code		Function name	Setting range	Initial Data	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
etting	C058	O58 Over torque level setting (Forward regenerating) 0.0 ~ 200.0(%) <0 ~ 180>		100.	Х	0	4-62
Output terminal state setting	C061	Thermal warning level setting	0~100.(%)	80.0	Х	0	4-40
termir	C062	Alarm code selection	00(Invalid)/01(3bit)/02(4bit)	00	Х	0	4-62
Output	C063	Zero speed detection level setting	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	0.00	Х	0	4-61
nent	C070	Data command	02(operator)/03(RS485)/04(option1)/05(option2)	02	Х	Х	4-82
adjustment	C071	Communicating transmission speed	02(loop-back test) 03(2400bps)/04(4800bps)/05(9600bps)/06(19200bps)	04	Х	0	4-82
ion a	C072	Communication code	1.~32.	1.	Х	0	4-82
Communication function	C073	Communication bit	7(7bit)/8(8bit)	7	Х	0	4-82
cation	C074	Communication parity	00(no parity name)/01(even parity)/02(odd parity)	00	Х	0	4-82
muni	C075	Communication stop bit	1(bit)/2(bit)	1	Х	0	4-82
Com	C078	Communication waiting time	0.~1000.(ms)	0.	Х	0	4-82
	C081	O adjustment	0.~9999/1000~6535(10000~65530)	Setting on forwarding	0	0	-
setting	C082	OI adjustment	0.~9999/1000~6535(10000~65530)	Setting on forwarding	0	0	-
	C083	O2 adjustment	0.~9999/1000~6535(10000~65530)	Setting on forwarding	0	0	_
Analog meter	C085	Thermistor adjustment	0.0~1000	105.0	0	0	4-64
og n	C086	AM Offset adjustment	0.0~10.0(v)	0.0	0	0	4-64
Inal	C087	AMI adjustment	0.~255.	80	0	0	4-64
	C088	AMI Offset adjustment	0.~20.0(mA)	Setting on forwarding	0	0	4-64
	C091	Debug mode selection	00(No display)/01(Display)	00	Х	0	_
	C101	UP/DOWN selection	00(No frequency data)/01(Keep frequency data)	00	Х	0	4-54
	C102	Reset selection	00(Trip cancel during ON)/01(Trip cancel during OFF)/ 02(Valid only during trip <cancel during="" on="">)</cancel>	00	0	0	4-53
ē	C103	Reset f frequency metching selection	00(0 ^{Hz} START)/01(Start f- equaling)	00	Х	0	4-53
Other	C111	Overload advance notice level	0.0~2.0*rated current(A)	Inverter rate current	Х	0	4-42
	C121	O zero adjustment	0.~9999./1000~6553(10000~65530)	Set on forwarding	0	0	_
	C122	Ol zero adjustment	0.~9999./1000~6553(10000~65530)	Set on forwarding	0	0	_
	C123	O2 zero adjustment	0.~9999./1000~6553(10000~65530)	Set on forwarding	0	0	

Function Mode

(Code	Function name Setting range		Initial Data	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
	H001	Autotuning selection	election 00(NOR:Invalid)/01(valid(:the motor does not rotate))/ 02(valid(the motor rotates)		Х	Х	4-72
	H002	1 st motor constant selection	00(Hyundai general purpose motor data)/01(autotuning data)/02(Autotuning data with online autotuning)	00	Х	Х	4-75
	H202	2 nd motor constant selection	00(Hyundai general purpose motor data)/01(autotuning data)/02(Autotuning data with online autotuning)	00	Х	Х	4-75
	H003	1 st allowable motor selection	0.20~75.0(kW)<0.2~160kW>	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H203	2 nd allowable motor selection	0.20~75.0(kW)<0.2~160kW>	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H004	1 st motor pole selection	2/4/6/8(pole)	4	Х	Х	4-75
	H204	2 nd motor pole selection	2/4/6/8(pole)	4	Х	Х	4-75
	H005	1 st speed response setting	0.001~9.999/10.00~65.53	1.590	0	0	4-76
	H205	2 nd speed response setting	$0.001 \sim 9.999/10.00 \sim 65.53$	1.590	0	0	4-76
	H006	1 st stabilized factor	0.~255.	100.	0	0	4-67
	H206	2 nd stabilized factor	0.~255.	100.	0	0	4-67
	H306	3 rd stabilized factor	0.~255.	100.	0	0	4-67
	H020	1 st motor constant R1	0.000∼9.999/10.00∼65.53(Ω)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
constant	H220	2 nd motor constant R1	0.000∼9.999/10.00∼65.53(Ω)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H021	1 st motor constant R2	$0.000\!\sim\!9.999/10.00\!\sim\!65.53(\Omega)$	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
Motor	H221	2 nd motor constant R2	$0.000 \sim 9.999/10.00 \sim 65.53(\Omega)$	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
≥	H022	1 st motor constant L	0.00~99.99/100.0~655.3(mH)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H222	2 nd motor constant L	0.00~99.99/100.0~655.3(mH)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H023	1 st motor constant lo	0.00~99.99/100.0~655.3(A)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H223	2 nd motor constant lo	0.00~99.99/100.0~655.3(A)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H024	1 st motor constant J	$0.001\!\sim\!9.999/10.00\!\sim\!99.99/100.0\!\sim\!9999.(kgm^2)$	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H224	2 nd motor constant J	$0.001\!\sim\!9.999/10.00\!\sim\!99.99/100.0\!\sim\!9999.(kgm^2)$	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H030	1 st motor constant R1 (Autotuning data)	0.000∼9.999/10.00∼65.53(Ω)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H230	2 nd motor constant R1 (Autotuning data)	0.000∼9.999/10.00∼65.53(Ω)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H031	1 st motor constant R2 (Autotuning data)	0.000∼9.999/10.00∼65.53(Ω)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H231	2 nd motor constant R2 (Autotuning data)	0.000∼9.999/10.00∼65.53(Ω)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H032	1 st motor constant L (Autotuning data)	0.00~99.99/100.0~655.3(mH)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H232	2 nd motor constant L (Autotuning data)	0.00~99.99/100.0~655.3(mH)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75

Note) < >indicate the setting range of 90 to 160kW

Code		Function name Setting range		Initial Data	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
	H033	1 st motor constant lo (Autotuning data)	0.00~99.99/100.0~655.3(A)	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H233	2 nd motor constant lo (Autotuning data)	00~99.99/100.0~655.3(A)		Х	Х	4-75
	H034	1 st motor constant J (Autotuning data)	$0.001\!\sim\!9.999/10.00\!\sim\!99.99/100.0\!\sim\!9999.(kgm^2)$	Set on forwarding	Х	Х	4-75
	H234	2 nd motor constant J (Autotuning data)	$0.001\!\sim\!9.999/10.00\!\sim\!99.99/100.0\!\sim\!9999.(kgm^2)$	Set on forwarding	Х	0	4-75
	H050	1 st PI-control proportion gain setting	$0.00\!\sim\!99.99/100.0\!\sim\!999.9/1000.(\%)$	100.0	0	0	4-56
tant	H250	2 nd PI-control proportion gain setting	$0.00 \sim 99.99/100.0 \sim 999.9/1000.(\%)$	100.0	0	0	4-56
constant	H051	1 st PI-control integration gain setting	$0.00\!\sim\!99.99/100.0\!\sim\!999.9/1000.(\%)$	100.0	0	0	4-56
Motor	H251	2 nd PI-control integration gain setting	0.00~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.(%)	100.0	0	0	4-56
Σ	H052	1 st P-control proportion gain setting	0.01~10.00	1.00	0	0	4-56
	H252	2 nd P-control proportion gain setting	0.01~10.00	1.00	0	0	4-56
	H060	1 st 0Hz-SLV limiter setting	0~100(%)	100.	0	0	4-77
	H260	2 nd 0Hz-SLV limiter setting	0~100(%)	100.	0	0	4-77
	H070	PI-control proportion gain for switching	0.00~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.(%)	100.0	0	0	4-56
	H071	PI-control integration gain for switching	0.00~99.99/100.0~999.9/1000.(%)	100.0	0	0	4-56
	H072	P-control proportion gain for switching	0.00-10.00	1.00	0	0	4-56
	P001	Option 1 operation selection on error	00(TRP)/01(RUN)		Х	0	4-75
	P002	Option 2 operation selection on error	00(TRP)/01(RUN)		Х	0	4-75
	P010	Feed-back option selection	00(Invalid)/01(valid)		Х	Х	4-75
	P011	Encoder pulse number setting	128.~9999./1000~6500(10000~65000) (pulse)		Х	Х	4-75
	P012	Control mode selection	00(ASRmode)/01(APRmode)		Х	Х	4-75
_	P013	Pulse train input mode selection	00(Mode 1)/02(Mode 2)/03(Mode 3)		Х	Х	4-75
Option	P014	Orientation stop position setting	0.~4095.		Х	0	4-75
	P015	Orientation speed setting	0.00~99.99/100.0~120.0(Hz)		Х	0	4-75
	P016	Orientation direction setting	00(Forward)/01(Reverse)		Х	Х	4-75
	P017	Orientation completion range setting	0.~9999/1000 (pulse)		Х	0	4-75
	P018	Orientation completion delay time setting	0.00~9.99(S)		Х	Х	4-75
	P019	Electronic gear position selection	00(Feed-back)/01(Reference)		Х	Х	4-75
	P020	Electronic gear numerator of ratio setting	0.~9999.		Х	Х	4-75

Note) < >indicate the setting range of 90 to 160kW

Function Mode

Code		Function name	Setting range		Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
	P021	Electronic gear denominator of ratio setting	0.~9999.	1.	Х	0	Note1)
	P022	Position control feed- forward gain setting	0.00~99.99/100.0~655.3	0.00	Х	0	Note1)
	P023	Position control loop gain setting	0.00~99.99/100.0	0.50	Х	0	Note1)
	P025	Compensation of secondary resistor selection	00(Invalid)/01(valid)	00	Х	0	Note1)
	P026	Over-speed detect level setting	0.00~99.99/100.0~150.0(%)	135.0	Х	0	Note1)
on	P027	Speed-error over detect level setting	0.00~50(55)(Hz)	7.50	Х	0	Note1)
Option	P031	Digital input option input mode selection (Acc/Dec)	00(operator)/01(option 1)/02(option 2)	00	Х	Х	Note
	P032	Stop position setting for orientation input mode selection	00(operator)/01(option 1)/02(option 2)	00	Х	0	Note1) Note
	P044	DeviceNet running order of monitoring timer setting	0.00~99.99S	1.00	Х	Х	Note3)
	P045	Setting in action of abnormal communication	00(Trip)/01(Controlled STOP Trip)/02(Ignore)/ 03(Coast to stop)/04(Controlled stop)	01	Х	Х	Note3)
	P046	Out assemble instance number setting	20, 21, 100	21	Х	Х	Note3)
	P047	Input assemble instance number setting	70, 71, 101	71	Х	Х	Note3)
	P048	Detect of idol mode for motion setting	00(Trip)/01(Controlled STOP Trip)/02(Ignore)/ 03(Coast to stop)/04(Controlled stop)	01	Х	Х	Note3)
	P049	Pole setting of rotation speed	0~38 (Setting only an even number)	0	Х	Х	Note3)
	U001	User 1 selection	no/d001-P049<-P032>	no	Х	0	4-66
	U002	User 2 selection	no/d001-P049<-P032>	no	Х	0	4-66
	U003	User 3 selection	no/d001-P049<-P032>	no	Х	0	4-66
_	U004	User 4 selection	no/d001-P049<-P032>	no	Х	Х	4-66
ction	U005	User 5 selection	no/d001-P049<-P032>	no	Х	Х	4-66
sele	U006	User 6 selection	no/d001-P049<-P032>	no	Х	Х	4-66
ser	U007	User 7 selection	no/d001-P049<-P032>	no	Х	Х	4-66
ر	U008	User 8 selection	no/d001-P049<-P032>	no	Х	0	4-66
	U009	User 9 selection	no/d001-P049<-P032>	no	Х	0	4-66
	U010	User 10 selection	no/d001-P049<-P032>	no	Х	Х	4-66
	U011	User 11 selection	no/d001-P049<-P032>	no	Х	0	4-66
	U012	User 12 selection	no/d001-P049<-P032>	no	Х	Х	4-66

Note 1) Refer to the instruction manual of N-FB

Note 2) Refer to the instruction manual of N-DG

Note 3) Indicate the setting range of $5.5\!\sim\!75\text{kW}$

4.3 Explanation of function

4.3.1 Monitor mode

Output frequency monitor

Indication code d001 displays the frequency the inverter outputs. The data is displayed as follows.

When d001 is displayed, the monitor lamp "Hz" is illuminated.

(Display)

0.00 - 99.99 : Display is in 0.01Hz unit. 100.0 - 400.00 : Display is in 0.1Hz unit.

Output current monitor

Indication code d002 displays the output current value.

The data is displayed as follows.

In case of displaying d002, the monitor lamp "A" is illuminated.

(Display)

0.0 - 999.9 : Display is in 0.1 A unit

Relation code

Relation code

d001: Output frequency

monitor

d002 : Output current monitor

Operation direction monitor

Indication code d003 displays the direction that the Inverter output is rotating. Forward, reverse or stop.

On operating the inverter (in case of forward or reverse), the RUN lamp will illuminate.

(Display)

F : Forward
O : Stop
r : Reverse

Relation code

d003 : Operation direction monitor

PID feedback monitor

When you select PID function (01) in A071, the inverter displays the feedback value changed by A075 (PID scale)

"Display of monitor part" = "Feedback quantity" x "PID scale" (Frequency command value) (A075)

(Setting)

A071: 0.1 (PID is effective)

A075 : 0.01 - 99.99 (Display is 0.01 - 99.99 (Set with the 0.01 unit)

(Display)

0.00 - 99.99 : Display is in 0.01 unit. 100.0 - 999.9 : Display is in 0.1 unit. 1000 - 9999 : Display is in 1 unit. 100 - 999 : Display is in 100 unit. Relation code

d004 : PID feedback monitor

A071 : PID selection A075 : PID scale

Intelligent input monitor

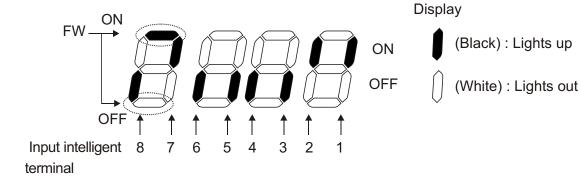
The LED display will monitor the state of the intelligent inputs.

(Example)

FW: Input intelligent terminal 7, 2, 1: ON Input intelligent terminal 8, 6, 5, 4, 3: OFF

Relation code

d005 : Intelligent input monitor



Intelligent output monitor

The LED display will monitor the state of the intelligent outputs.

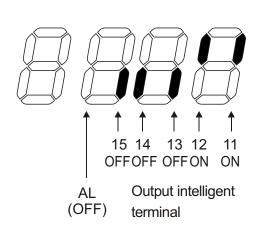
Relation code

d006 : Intelligent output monitor

(Example)

Output intelligent terminal 12, 11: ON

Output alarm AL, Output intelligent terminal 15, 14, 13: OFF



Display

(Black) : Lights up

(White) : Lights out

Frequency conversion monitor

This inverter displays the value changed by the Inverter output ferquency and the valye set in b086 on the monitor part.

"Monitor part of display" = "output frequency9d001)" x "output frequency factor(b086)"

(Display) Display of d007

0.00 - 99.99 : Display is in 0.01 unit. 100.0 - 999.9 : Display is in 0.1 unit 100. - 9999. : Display is in 1 unit.

1000 - 3996 : Display is in 10 unit.

(Range of setting) The setting range of b086

0.1 - 99.9 : Set it with the 0.1 unit.

(Example) Output frequency (d001):50.00Hz

When the frequency conversion factor (b086) is 1.1,

the frequency conversion monitor (d007) displays "55.00" as "50 x 1.1 = 55.00"

(Note) Output frequency of FW terminal becomes same as b007 at the time of setting up the digital output frequency to the FW terminal.

Output torque monitor

This inverter displays the output torque estimation value.

The monitor lamp "%" should illuminate while the contents of d012 are displayed.

Display substitutes only at the time of the sensorless vector control, 0Hz domain sensorless vector control and vector control.

(Display)

-300.0 - 300.0 : Display is in 1% unit

Output voltage monitor

This inverter displays the output voltage of the inverter converted into the alternating voltage.

The monitor lamp "V" should illuminate while the contents of d013 are displayed.

(Display)

0.0 - 600.0 : Display is in 0.1V unit.

Input electric power monitor

Display input electric power from inverter.

The monitor lamp "kW" ("V" and "A") should illuminate while the contents of d014 is displayed.

(Display)

0.0 - 999.9 : Display is in 0.1kW unit.

Relation code

d007: Frequency conversion

monitor

b086: Frequency conversion

factor

Relation code

d012: Output torque monitor

Relation code

d013: Output voltage monitor

Relation code

d014 : Input electric power monitor

Accumulated time monitor on RUN

The operation time of inverter is accumulated and the value is displayed.

(Display)

0. - 9999. : Display is in 1 hour units.1000 - 9999 : Display is in 10 hour unit100. - 999 . : Display is in 1000 hour unit.

Relation code

d016 : Accumulated time monitor on RUN

Power ON time monitor

This accumulates the time running to the inverter and displays the value.

(Display)

0. - 9999. : Display is in 1 hour units.1000 - 9999 : Display is in 10 hour unit100. - 999 . : Display is in 1000 hour unit.

Relation code

d017 : Power ON time monitor

Trip time monitor

This displays the number of inverter trips. (Display)

0. - 9999. : Display is in 1 hour units.1000 - 6553 : Display is in 10 hour unit

Relation code

d080: Trip time monitor

Trip monitor 1 - 6

This displays the details for the last six protective trips.

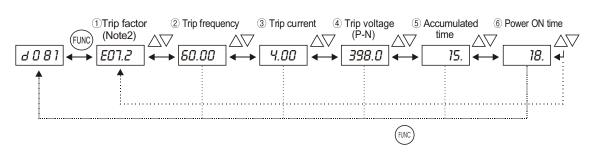
The trip monitor 1 displayed the details of the last trip.

(Display contents)

- [1] Trip code (Display anything from E01 to E79) (Note1)
- [2] Output frequency on tripping (Hz)
- [3] Output current on tripping (A)
- [4] The direct voltage (between P and N) on tripping (V)
- [5] The accumulated time inverter was operating until tripping (h)
- [6] The accumulated time inverter was run until tripping (h)

(Note 1) Please refer to the pages 4.4 protection function list (2) Trip monitor display.

The methods of trip monitor



(Note 2) In case of no tripping ____ is displayed.

Relation code

d081 : Trip monitor 1 d082 : Trip monitor 2 d083 : Trip monitor 3 d084 : Trip monitor 4 d085 : Trip monitor 5 d086 : Trip monitor 6

4.3.2 Function mode

Output frequency setting

Setting the output frequency of the motor.

The output frequency is set by F001, when frequency command select (A001) is set to 02.

Please frequency command select (A001) about other methods of frequency setting.

When a frequency is set in F001, the same value is automatically set in 1st multi-stage zero speed (A020). Set up with F001 in the condition where turned on the set terminal, whether or not it sets up with the 2nd multi-stage zero speed (A220) / the 3rd multi-stage zero speed (A320), in the case that the 2nd/3rd control is set up.

In the case of using SET/SET3, you will need to assign 08 (SET) / 17(SET3) to an intelligent input terminal.

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents		
Output frequency setting	F001	0.0, start frequency	FUUT - AUZU		
Multistage speed zero	A020/A220/A320	frequency	Second control setting of "F001" = "A220" Third control setting of "F001" = "A320"		

Operation direction

This is effective when the operating command is set by the digital operator.

Function code	Data	Contents
F004	00	Forward
F00 4	01	Reverse

F004 : Operation direction select

Relation code

Relation code

F001: Output frequency setting

multistage speed zero

A001: Frequency command

A020/A220/A320: 1ST/2nd/3rd

C001 - C008 : Intelligent input

select

terminal

Selection with limits of operation direction

The direction of the motor can be restricted.

Function code	Data	Contents
	00	Forward/reverse is effective.
b035	01	Only forward
	02	Only reverse

Relation code

d035 : Selection with limits of operation direction

Frequency command selection

Select the method of frequency command.

When 0-10Vdc is inputted to the frequency command by 02-L terminal, operation direction of motor reverses.

Relation code -

A001 : Frequency command Selection

On output frequency monitor d001, you can't get information about forward/reverse. So be sure with operation direction monitor d002.

Function code	Data	Contents
	00	(Setting frequency with the potentiometer the digital operator has.) (Note1)
	01	Setting frequency with control terminals (Terminals: O-L, O1-L, O2-L)
A001	02	Setting frequency with digital operator (F001), remote operator
A001	03	Setting frequency with RS485 terminals for communication
	04	Setting frequency with option board 1.
	05	Setting frequency with option board 2.

(Note 1): Setting is possible at the time of the OPE-SR installation

C01 9

F004

Relation code

: Inputting

C001-C008: Intelligent input terminal

: Operation command selection

FW a/b (NO/NC) selection

: Operation direction select

Operation command selection

Select the control of RUN/STOP commands.

Operation command from the control terminals (Teminal)

Start/Stop by ON/OFF of control terminals.

Forward : FW-CM1 terminal Reverse : RV-CM1 terminal Put 01(RV) to an intelligent input terminal

When using the FW terminal, it is possible th change the contact from NO to NC by settin a or b

(respectively) in C019.

When operating from the digital operator, set operation in F004.

Or operate start/stop with RUN key/STOP key on the digital operator.

When forward command and reverse command entered simultaneously, operation command be comes stop command

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents	
		01	Start/stop with control terminals (Terminals: FW, RV)	
Operation	A002	02	Start/stop with digital operator (F001), remote operator	
command				Start/stop with RS485 terminals for communication
selection		04	Start/stop with option board 1.	
		05	Start/stop with option board 2.	
Input FW/ a/b C019		00	a contact (NO)	
(NO/NC) selection	C011-C018	01	b contact (NC)	

Selection on stop

When stop is commanded from the digital operator or the control terminals (Terminal), select the stop after slowing-down according to slowing-down time or the free run stop. When the second cycle is started while in free run stop, the inverter follows the free-run stop selection b088 and restarts.

(Refer to the item of free-run stop)

Relation code

d091 : Selection on stop

F003/F203/F303 : $1^{\text{ST}}/2^{\text{nd}}/3^{\text{rd}}$ deceleration time

b003 : Waiting time for retryingb007 : Frequency setting to matchb088 : Select for free-run stop

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
		00	Normal stop (Decelerated stop)
Selection on stop	b091	01	Free-run stop
Selection of free-run stop	b000	00	0Hz start
Selection of free-run stop	b088	01	Start frequency matching
Frequency setting to match	b007	0.00-400.0	Unit :Hz
Waiting time for retrying	b003	0.3-100	Unit : second

Selection of stop key

Even though the control terminals are selected for the operation command, you can still set whether the stop key of operator (digital operator etc) is effective or not. Trip reset function by the stop key complies with this setting, too.

Function code	Data	Contents
b087	00	The stop key is effective
	01	The stop key is ineffective

Relation code —

b087: Selection of stop key

Adjustable time

The acceleration and deceleration time can be set. Set a long time to accelerate or decelerate slowly or set a short time to accelerate or decelerate quickly. The time setting is the time it takes to accelerate from zero to the maximum frequency and to decelerate from the maximum frequency to zero.

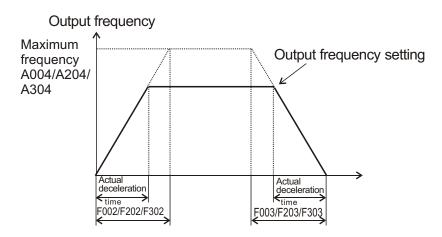
Relation code

F002/F202/F302: 1ST/2nd/3rd acceleration time F003/F203/F303: 1ST/2nd/3rd deceleration time A004/A204/A304: 1ST/2nd/3rd maximum frequency C001-C008: Intelligent input selection

Switching of the 1st/2nd/3rd acceleration time and the 1st/2nd/3rd deceleration time can be controlled with intelligent input terminal assigned to 08 (SET)/17(SET3).

When select the LAD cancel (LAC) function to intellingent input and turn on the signal acceleration/ deceleration time is disregarded and the output frequency flatters the command frequency instantaneously.

Set item	Function code	Limit of setting	Contents			
Acceleration time	F002/F202/F302	0.01 - 3600.	Unit: second Setting acceleration time from zero to maximum frequency.			
Deceleration time	F003/F203/F303	0.01 - 3600.	Unit: second Setting acceleration time from zero to maximum frequency.			
Intelligent input selection	C001-C008	46	LAD cancel			



However short you set the adjustable time, the adjustable time of the actual motor can't be shorter than the shortest adjustable time determined by the inertial Effect J of the mechanical system and motor torque.

If you set the time shorter than the shortest adjustable time, a protection trip of OC or OV may occur.

Acceleration time t

$$t_{s} = \frac{(J_{L} + J_{M}) \times N_{M}}{9.55 \times (T_{s} - T_{L})}$$

Deceleration time t_B

$$t_{\rm B} = \frac{(J_{\rm L} + J_{\rm M}) \times N_{\rm M}}{9.55 \times (T_{\rm S} - T_{\rm L})}$$

J₁: J of the load converter into motor shaft (kg.m²)

 J_{M} : J of the motor (kg.m²)

N_M: Motor revolving (r/min)

 $T_{\rm s}\,$: The maximum motor acceleration torque on inverter driving (N \cdot m)

 $t_{_{B}} = \frac{(J_{_{L}} + J_{_{M}}) \times N_{_{M}}}{9.55 \times (T_{_{S}} - T_{_{L}})} \qquad T_{_{S}} : \text{The maximum motor deceleration torque on inverter driving(N·m)}$

Base frequency

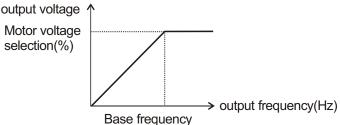
Base frequency and motor voltage AVR function

Relation code

A003/A203/A303:1st/2nd/3rd maximum frequency

(1) Base frequency and motor voltage

On selection of base frequency and motor voltage, set the output of the inverter (frequency voltage) to the motor rating



The base frequency is the nominal frequency of the motor, this value can be found on the nameplate of the motor. It is important to match the base frequency (A003) to this nominal value or there is risk of damage to the motor.

If a motor has a base frequency higher than 60Hz, it is considered to be a special motor. In this situation, it is important to make sure the maximum output current of the inverter is higher then the FLC of the motor.

The Motor Voltage selection is the nominal voltage of the motor, this value can be found on the nameplate of the motor. It is important to match the motor voltage (A082) to this nominal value or there is risk of damage to the motor.

When changing second base frequency (A203) / third base frequency (A303) an intelligent input terminal must be set to 08 (SET) / 17(SET3) and switched on.

Set item	Function code	Limit of setting	Contents
Base frequency	A003/A203/A303	301 st /2 nd /3 rd maximum frequency	Unit :Hz
Motor voltage selection	A082	200/215/220/230/240	Unit:V When inverter is 200 V class, selection is possible.
		380/400/415/440/460/480	Unit:V When inverter is 400 V class, selection is possible.

(2) AVR function

Even if the incoming voltage changes, this function will keep the output voltage and a constant voltage level. The output voltage to the motor in this function references to the voltage selected on motor voltage selection. Select Yes/No of this function on A081 AVR selection.

Function code	Data	Contents	Description
A081	00	Always ON	This function is effective on acceleration, constant speed, deceleration
	01	Always OFF	This function is ineffective on acceleration, constant speed, deceleration
	02	On decelerating OFF	This increases a loss of motor and reduce the energy regenerated to inverter on decelerating.

Maximum frequency

Set the maximum frequency value of the inverter.

This set value is the maximum frequency that the inverter will achieve when it receives top speed reference from the control terminals or the digital operator.

Relation code
A004/A204/A304:1st/2nd/3rd
maximum frequency

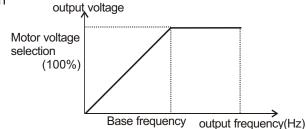
Relation code

b083: Carrier frequency

To the change the $1^{sT}/2^{nd}/3^{rd}$ maximum frequency, set an intelligent input terminal to 08(SET)/17(SET3) and switch the input ON.

The inverter output voltage from the base frequency to the maximum frequency is the same level as the voltage selected on the motor voltage selection

Function code	Limit of setting	Contents
A004/A204/ A304	30 400.	Unit ; Hz



Carrier frequency

The carrier frequency of the PWM wave-from output from the inverter is adjustable changing b083.

If the carrier frequency is set higher, the audible noise from motor will be reduced but the RF1 noise and the leakage current may be increased.

This function may help to avoid the resonant frequency of the motor or the mechanical system

Function code	Limit of setting	Contents
b083	0.5-12.0 (Note1)	Unit: kHz 5.5 to 75kW
5000	0.5-10.0 (Note1)	Unit: kHz 90 to 160kW

(Note 1) The maximum value of the carrier frequency in order to achieve full output current is different depending on the capacity. When raising the carrier frequency, the rated output current will be reduced.

Voltage class		200V class		400V class
contents	Maximum carrier frequency	Derating on carrier frequency=12kHz	Maximum carrier frequency	Derating on carrier frequency=12kHz (10kHz 90kW to 1600kw
5.5Kw	12	100%	12	100%
7.5Kw	12	100%	12	100%
11Kw	12	100%	12	100%
15Kw	12	100%	12	100%
18.5Kw	12	95%(below 60.8A)	12	100%
22Kw	8	80%(below 60.8A)	12	100%
30Kw	5	65%(below 61.8A)	6	80%(below 38.4A)
37Kw	5	80%(below 96.8A)	10	75%(below 43.5A)
45Kw	10	90%(below 130.5A)	10	95%(below 71.2A)
55Kw	7	70%(below 127.4A)	10	80%(below 72A)
75Kw	6	70%(below 154A)	6	60%(below 66A)
90Kw	_		8	95%(below 141.5A)
110Kw	_	-	6	80%(below 140.8A)
132Kw	_	_	6	70%(below 151.9A)
160Kw	-	_	3	60%(below 156A)

Be sure to keep the above-, emtioned table.

Otherwise, there is a danger of inverter unit breakage.

External analog input (0, 02, 01)

This inverter has three kinds of external analog input terminals.

O-L terminal : 0 - 10V
 O1-L terminal : 4 - 20mA
 O2-L terminal : -10 / 0 / +10V

The setting contents of this function is as follows.

Relation code-

A005: AT terminal selection

A006: 02 Selection

C001-C008: Intelligent input

terminal

Setting item	Function code	Data	Contents		
AT terminal	AT terminal	00	Change of O/O1		
selection	A005	01	Change of O/O2		
		00	Single		
02 selection	02 selection A006		Auxiliary frequency command of O, O1 (No reverse)		
			Auxiliary frequency command of O, O1 (Reverse)		

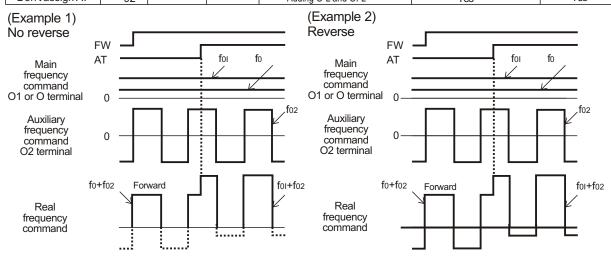
Assign 16(AT) to intelligent input terminal.

The frequency setting is the values from terminals O, O1 and O2 when 16(AT) isn't assigned. The frequency set up when A006 is "00" becomes the value of O2. And, the frequency set up when A006 is "01" or "02" becomes the value which O1 and O2 were added to.

The following frequency command methods are available by combining A005, A006 with the intelligent input AT terminal.

In the case that reverse and FW (forward) terminals are ON, the inverter operates reversely when (main frequency command + auxiliary frequency command) < 0.

	A006	A005	AT terminal	Main frequency command	Existence of Auxiliary frequency command(02-L)	Existence of Reverse
		00	OFF	O-L	No	
	00	00	ON	OI-L	No	No
Intelligent input	00	01	OFF	O-L	No	
terminal		01	ON	O2-L	No	Yes
on assigning		00	OFF	O-L	Yes	
AT	01	01 (Ex1)	ON	OI-L	Yes	No
		01	OFF	0-L	Yes]
		01	ON	O2-L	No	No
		00	OFF	O-L	Yes	
	02	02 (Ex2)	ON	OI-L	Yes	Yes
	02		OFF	O-L	Yes	T TES
		01	ON	O2-L	No]
Intelligent input	00	_	_	O2-L	No	Yes
terminal when	01	_	_	Adding O-L and OI-L	Yes	No
Don't assign AT	02	_	_	Adding O-L and OI-L	Yes	Yes



External frequency Start / End

External analog signal from the control terminals

(frequency command)

terminal: 0 - 10V O1-L terminal: 4 - 20mA O2-L terminal : -10 / 0 / +10V

Set output frequency for one of the above (1) Start, End of O-L terminal, O1-L terminal

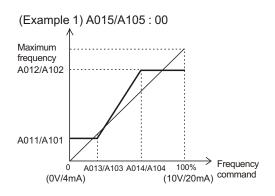
Relation code

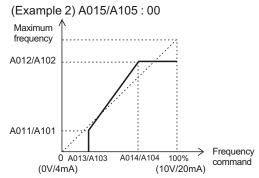
A011 : O start A103: OI start rate A012: O end A104: OI end rate A013: O start rate A105 : OI start selection

A014: O end rate A111 : O2 start A015: O start selection A112: O2 end A101 : OI start A113: O2 start rate A102: OI end A114: O2 end rate

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
O/OI start	A011/A101	0.00-400.0	Unit: Hz set starting frequency
O/OI end	A012/A102	0.00-400.0	Unit : Hz Set ending frequency
O/OI start rate	A013/A103	0.100.	Unit : % Set start rate for output frequency command 0-10V, 4-20mA
O/OI end rate	A014/A104	0.100.	Unit : % Set start rate for output frequency command 0-10V, 4-20mA
O/OI start calcution	A045/A405	00	External start frequency Output frequency from 0 to A013/A103 outputs the value of A011/A101
O/OI start selection A015/A105		01	0Hz Output frequency from 0 to A013/A103 outputs the value of 0Hz

When the input is from 0 to 5V with O-L terminal, set A014 to 50%





(2) Start, End of O2-L terminal

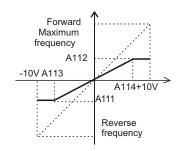
Set item	Function code	Data	Contents	Notes
O2 start	A111	-400. ~400	Unit: Hz Set starting frequency	
O2 end	A112	-400. ∼400		
O2 start rate	A113	-100. ~100 Unit: % Set starting rate for output frequency command		(Example 3)
O2 end rate	A114	-100. ∼ 100	Unit: % Set starting rate for output frequency command -10-10V (Note 1)	

(Note 1) The rates of -10V-10V is following

-10V-0V: -100-0% 0V-10V: 0-100%

For example, in case of use with O2-L terminal, set -50%

to A113 50% to A114



Setting analog input filter

Set the internal filter of the frequency setting signal of voltage or current from the control terminals

It is important to first remove the source of the noise to the system.

When stable operation can not be achieved due to the effect of electrical noise, set a larger value.

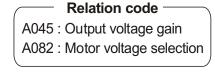
The response will be slower by setting a larger value. The limit of setting is about 10ms-60ms (set value : 1-30)

Function code	Limit to set	Contents
A016	1 30.	Can set with the 1 unit.

Output voltage gain

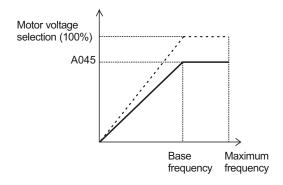
Regarding the voltage selected on A082 motor voltage selection as 100% set the rate of the voltage which the inverter outputs for the voltage selected.

Function code	Limit to set	Contents	
A045	20 100.	Unit: %	



Relation code

A016: O, O1, O2 filter



Control system (V/f Characteristic)

Set V/f (output voltage/ output frequency) characteristic To change $1^{\rm st}$ / $2^{\rm nd}$ / $3^{\rm rd}$ control system (V/f characteristic), set 08(SET) / 17 (SET3) to an intelligent input terminal and switch it ON.

Relation code

A044/ A244/A344:1st / 2nd /3rd control system b001/b102/b104/b106/b108/b110/b112

: Free setting V/f frequency 1/2/3/4/5/6/7 b101/b103/b105/b107/b109/b111/b113

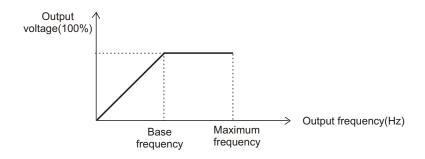
: Free setting V/f voltage 1/2/3/4/5/6/7

Function code	Data	V/f characteristic	Remarks		
0.044/0.044/	00	Constant torque characteristic (VC)	_		
A044/A244/ A344	01	Reduced torque characteristic(VP2.0 power) —			
7.0-1-1	02	Free setting V/f characteristic	Only A044/A244		

(1) Constant torque characteristic(VC)

Output voltage output proportionally to the output frequency.

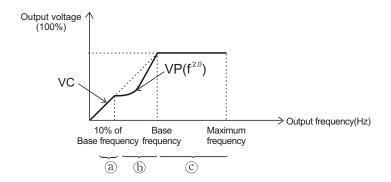
Output voltage outputs proportionally from 0 to the base frequency, but the output voltage from the base frequency to the maximum frequency is constant regardless of frequency.



(2) Reduced torque characteristic (VP2.0 power)

This characteristic can be used when a large starting torque isn't required.

At low speeds, it can cause improvement of efficiency, low noise and low vibration because of lowering the output voltage. V/f characteristic is as follows.



Period (a): The limit from 0 to 10% of basic frequency is the constant characteristic.

(Example) If the base frequency is 60Hz, the limit from 0 to 6Hz is constant characteristic.

Period (a): The limit from 10% of base frequency to base frequency is reduced torque characteristic. The voltage is output in the curve of 2.0 power for frequency.

Period ©: The voltage is constant from the base frequency to the maximum frequency.

(3) Free V/f setting

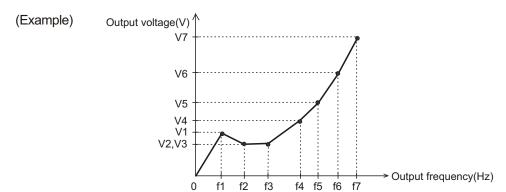
The free V/f setting optional V/f characteristics by setting the voltage and frequency in seven parts.(b001-b113)

The setting of free V/f setting operates always to be $1 \le 2 \le 3 \le 4 \le 5 \le 6 \le 7$.

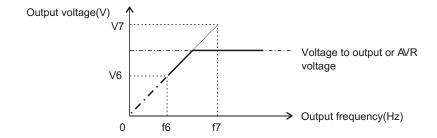
Please set first free V/f setting 7 because the initial value is all 0Hz.

When the free V/f setting valid, the function of torque boost (A041/A241), basic frequency (A003/A203/A303), maximum frequency(A004/A204/A304) is invalid. (Free V/f frequency 7 is treated as maximum frequency).

Set item	Function code	Date	Contents
Free V/f frequency 7	b112	0400.	
Free V/f frequency 6	b110	0Free V/f frequency 7	
Free V/f frequency 5	b108	0Free V/f frequency 6	Unit : Hz
Free V/f frequency 4	b106	0Free V/f frequency 5]
Free V/f frequency 3	b104	0Free V/f frequency 4	
Free V/f frequency 2	b102	0Free V/f frequency 3	
Free V/f frequency 1	b100	0Free V/f frequency 2	
Free V/f voltage 7	b113		
Free V/f voltage 6	b111		
Free V/f voltage 5	b109		Unit : V
Free V/f voltage 4	b107	0.0-800.0	(Note 1)
Free V/f voltage 3	b105		(Note 1)
Free V/f voltage 2	b103		
Free V/f voltage 1	b101		



(Note1) Even if you set 800V for free V/f voltage 1-7, output of inverter can't be more than input voltage or the AVR setting voltage.



Torque boost

A correctly installed motor and careful attention to voltage drop in the wiring will improve the motor torque at low speed. Setting of A041/A241 will select between manual torque boost and automatic torque boost, the level of torque boost corresponds to the set motor capacity selection (H003/H203) and the motor pole selection (H004/H204).

Relation code

A041/A241:1st / 2nd/3rd torqrue boost selection A042/A242/A342:1st / 2nd/3rd manual operation torque boost

A043/A243/A343:1st / 2nd/3rd manual operation torque boost break point

H003/H203 : 1st / 2nd motor capacity selection H004/H204 : 1st / 2nd motor pole selection

Set item	Function code	Date	Contents
Torque boost	A041/A241	00	Manual torque boost
101400 50001	A041/A241	01	Automatic torque boost
Manual torque boost	A042/A242/ A342	0.0-20.0	Unit : % Level corresponding output Voltage(100%)
Manual torque boost break point	A043/A243/ A343	0.5-50.0	Unit: % Level corresponding to base frequency

(1) Manual torque boost

The values set up with A042/A242/A342 and A043/A243/A343 is outputted.

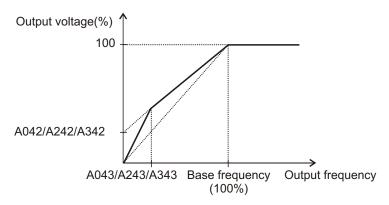
A042/A242/A342 sets a percentage level where the base frequency voltage is 100%.

The level set is the value of torque boost output voltage at 0Hz.

When using the manual torque boost, it should be noted that overuse will cause saturation of the motor and may cause damage.

The manual torque boost break point is the frequency at which the voltage torgue boost is switched off and normal operation resumes.

To change of A041,A042,A043/A241,A242,A243/A342,A343 an intelligent input needs to be set to 08(SET)/17(SET3) and switched on.



(2) Automatic torque boost

The output voltage is adjusted automatically by condition of the load.

When using automatic torque boost it important that the following two parameters art correctly. In case of adding over-current protection at deceleration time, set AVR selection ON all the time.

Set item Function code		Setting limit	Contents
Motor capacity selection	H003/H203	0.20-75.0(0.4 to 75kW)	Lipit . IdA/
Motor capacity selection	H003/H203	0.20-160.0(90 to 160kW)	Unit : kW
Motor pole selection H004/H204		2/4/6/8	Unit : pole

<u>Direct current braking(DB)</u>

A dc voltage can be applied to the motor windings in orde to lock the motor shaft and avoid overun at low speeds.

There are two methods of activating the dc braking, Outside which is through the intelligent input terminals and inside which is automatically started at a specific frequency.

Relation code

A051:DC braking selectiond A056:DC braking edge/level

A052:DC braking frequency selection

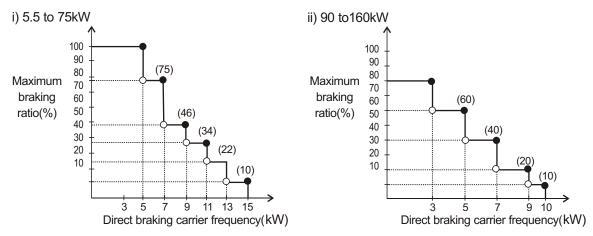
A053:DC braking late time A057:Starting DC braking power A054:DC braking power A055:DC braking time A054:DC carrier frequency

C001-C008: Intelligent input terminal

0.111				
Set item	Functin code	Data	Contents	
DC braking selection	A 0.E.4	00	Inside DC braking: invalid	
DC braking selection	A051	01	Inside DC braking : valid	
DC braking frequency	A052	0.00-60.00	Unit: Hz When the output reaches the set frequency and Inside DC braking is valid, DC braking is started.	
DC braking late time	A053	0.0-5.0	Unit: second After DC braking time is reached, or DB terminal is ON, the late time is a delay before DC braking is started.	
DC braking power starting DC braking	A054/A057	0.	Unit : % Weak (Zero current)	
power		100.(80.)	Strong (0.4 to 55kW : Range is from 0 to 100%) (75 to 132kW : Range is from 0 to 80%)	
DC braking time	A055	0.0-60.0	Unit: second The DC braking is stopped after this time delay has elapsed. The time is tarted when the late time has elapsed	
DC braking edge/level	4050	00	Edge movement (Example 1-6-a)	
selection	A056	01	Level movement (Example 1-6-b)	
Staring DC braking time	A058	0.0-60.0	Unit: second It is valid for inside DC braking. When operating command is ON, DC current is started.	
DC braking carrier	4050	0.5-15	Unit: kHz(0.4 to 75kW)	
Frequency	A059	0.5-10	Unit: kHz(90 to 160kW)	

(1) DC braking carrier frequency

It is possible to alter the DC braking carrier frequency. Set DC braking carrier frequency with A059. However, Maximum braking power level is automatically reduced by DC breaking carrier frequency as follows. 5.5 to 75kW are according to (i). 90kW to 160kW are according to (ii)



Direct braking power limiter

(2) Outside DC braking

Set 07(DB) to an intelligent input terminal.

DC braking is then switched by ON/OFF of DB terminal irrespective of DC braking selection A051.

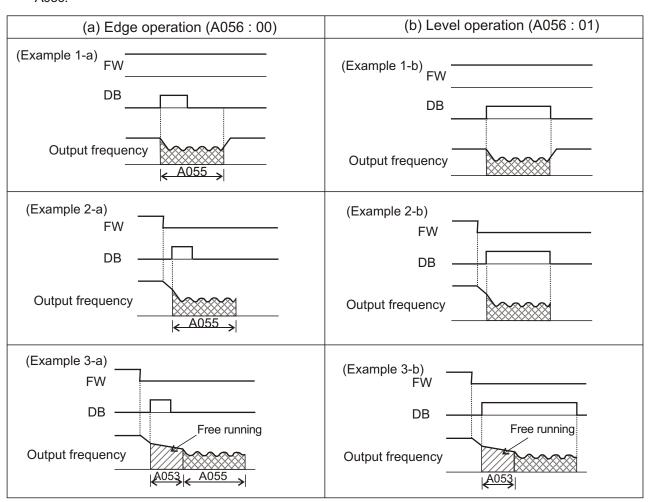
Set strength of DC braking power with A054.

If DC braking late time A053 is set, the Inverter output is cut off for this time period, the motor will be free running.

After the late time passes, DC braking is started.

Please set DC braking time A055 or DC braking time by DB terminal paying attention to the heat of the motor.

Please set each setting in accordance with the system, after level action or edge action are selected with A056.



(3) Inside DC braking

When the inverter starts, and the DB terminal is not ON the inverter can operate dc braking.

When using inside DC braking, the DC braking selection A 051 should be set 01.

Starting DC braking power is set with A057, DC braking time at starting is set with A058.

Braking power setting except starting time, set with A054.

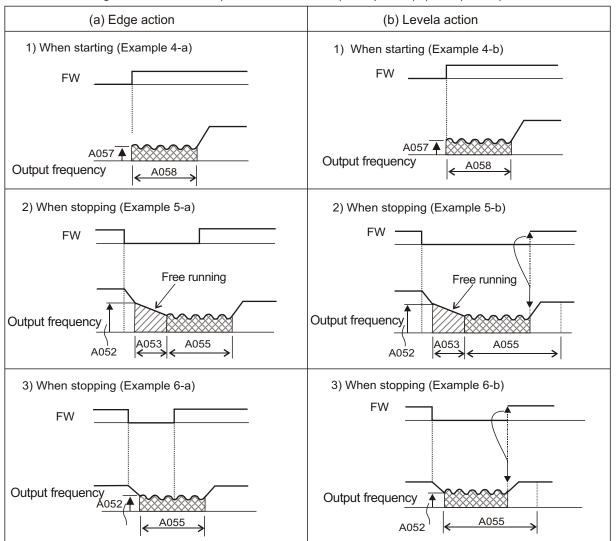
If DC braking late time A053 is set and the dc braking frequency is reached, the operating command (FW) is switched OFF. The inverter cuts the output and for the set time of A053, free running of the motor will occur. After finishing the set time in A053, DC braking is started.

Set the frequency at which the DC braking will operate at with A052.

The operation of Edge/Level selection when using inside DC braking is different.

Edge action: Give priority to A055 DC braking action action time, operate DC braking according to set time. After turning operating command (FW) OFF, when output frequency reachs the set value of A052, during setting A055 DC braking is run. Even if operation command is turned ON, during setting time of A055, DC braking is run. (Example 5-a), (Example 6-a)

Level action: Give priority to operating command, ignore DC braking time A055 and move to normal operation. When operation command is turned ON during DC braking, set time of A055 is ignored and normal operation is restored. (Example 5-b), (Example 6-b)



Relation code

A061/A261: 1st / 2nd frequency

A062/A262: 1st / 2nd frequency

maximum limiter

minimum

Frequency limiter

This function can set a maximum and minimum limit of the output frequency. Even if a frequency command exceeds the maximum and minimum limiter the inverter will ignore this value and stop at the values set.

Set first maximum limiter on setting.

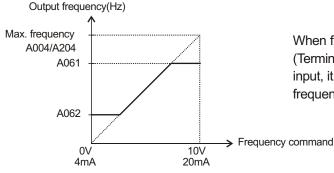
Be sure that the maximum limiter (A061/A261) > minimum limiter (A062/a262).

The maximum and minimum limiter will not operate if 0Hz is set.

This function is not available under third control function.

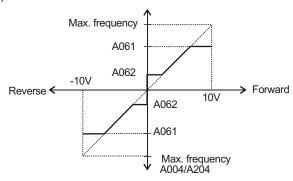
Set item	Function code	Setting limit	Contents
Frequency max. limiter	A061/A261	0.00 frequency min. limiter - max. limiter frequency	Unit : Hz Setting max. of output frequency
Frequency min. limiter	A062/A262	0.00 starting frequency - max. limiter frequency	Unit : Hz Setting min. of output frequency

(1) In use O-L, O1-L case



When frequency command is control terminal (Terminal), by setting Min. limiter, even if 0V is input, it is not possible to output less than the frequency set with Min. limiter.

(2) In use O2-L case



When using the minimum frequency limiter and 0V is inputted into O2 terminal, A062 applies to both forward and reverse directions.

(a) When operation command is control terminal (Terminal) (A002:01)

Terminal	Revolution when O2 is 0V	
FW(ON)	A062 on forward side	
RV(ON)	A062 on reverse side	

(b) When operation command is operator (A002:02)

F004	Revolution when O2 is 0V	
00	A062 on forward side	
01	A062 on reverse side	

Frequency jump function

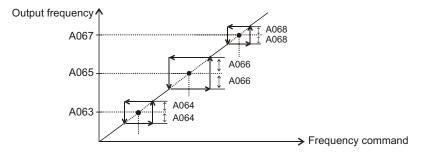
Frequency jump can be used to avoid resonance points on machinery Frequency jump is to jump the frequency command and avoid usual operation with the limit of the jump frequency.

Output frequency changes continuously according to adjustable time. It is possible three different points are set for the jump frequency.

— Relation code	$\overline{}$
A063: Jump frequency	1
A064: Jump frequency	band 1
A065: Jump frequency	2
A066: Jump frequency	
A067: Jump frequency	3
A068: Jump frequency	band 3

Set item	Function code	Setting limit	Contents	
Jump frequency 1/2/3	A063/A065/A067 0.00-400.0		Unit : Hz Set the frequency fj of center to jump.(Note)	
Jump width 1/2/3 A064/A066/A068 0.00-10.00		0.00-10.00	Unit : Hz Set 1/2 value of frequency band to jump.(Note)	

(Note) The frequency to jump is fj + 2 (Hz)



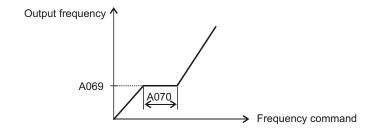
Acceleration stop function

When the intertial moment of a load is high, this is the function to wait until the slip of the motor on starting becomes smaller. Use when the overcurrent trip occurs on starting.

Relation code

A069 : Acceleration stop frequency A070 : Acceleration stop time

Set item	Function code	Setting limit	Contents
Acceleration stop frequency	A069	0.00-400.0	Unit : Hz Set the frequency to be held.
Acceleration stop time	A070	0.00-60.00	Unit : Hz Set the time to hold the frequency



PID function

This integrated process control function can be used for controls such as constant flow and control for fan and pump applications. When using this function set A071 to 01. Turn off the terminal in the case that you validate this function or turn on the terminal in the case that you invalidate this function

after assigned 23 (PID valid/invalid) to intelligent input terminal in the case of switching valid / invalid of this function with the outside signal

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
DID a da atian	4074	00	Invalid
PID selection	A071	01	Valid
PID P gain	A072	0.2-5.0	Proportional gain
PID I gain	A073	0.0-3600.	Integration Gain Unit : seconds
PID D gain	A074	0.00-100.0	Derivative gain Unit : seconds
PID scale	A075	0.01-99.99	Unit : Times
PID feedback	A076	00	O1-L : 4-20mA
selection		01	O-L : 0-10V
Maximum PID Deviation level	C044	0.00-100.0	Unit: %

Relation code —
A001 : Frequency command
selection
A005 : AT selection
A071 : PID selection
A072 : PID P gain
A073 : PID I gain
A074 : PID D gain
A075 : PID scale
A076 : PID feedback selection
d004 : PID feedback monitor
C001-C008 : Intelligent input
terminal
C021-C025 : Intelligent output
terminal
C004: PID deviation setting level /

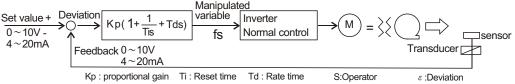
Dalation and

(1) Feedback selection

Select which analogue input terminals will be the feedback reference (A076).

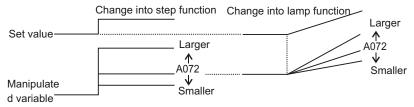
Set the set frequency command selection with A001. (In should not be the same as the terminals selected with A076). Or when the control terminal 01 is set with A001, the setting of AT selection A005 is invalid. The contents changes when 02 is selected with A006.

(2) Basic operation of PID control

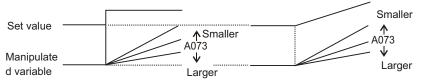


(3) Components of PID

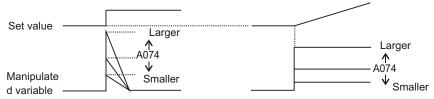
[1] P action This is the action that the manipulated variable is in proportion to the command.



[2] I action This the action that the manipulated variable increases with time in a straight lime.



[3] D action This is the action that the manipulated variable in proportion to the changing rate of command.



PI action combines above [1] and [2], PD action does [1] and [3], PID action does [1], [2] and [3].

(4) The adjustment of gain

Please adjust each according to the state as the follosing, when the response on the functional operation PID is not stable.

Inspite of changing command, the change of feedback signal is slow.

Raise P gain
The feedback signal changes instantly but is not stable.

The command and feedback signal doesn't coincide instantly.

Lower P gain
The feedback signal oscillates and is not stable.

Raise I gain
In spite of raising of P gain, the response is slow.

Raise D gain
When P gain is raised, the feedback signal oscillates and is not stable.

Lower D gain

(5) The Maximum PID Deviation Level / Output

It is possible to establish the maximum deviation level C044 on PID control. When the PID deviation amount reaches the set level C044, it is possible to set an intelligent output.

C044 can be set from 0 to 100 and corresponds with the command : from 0 to maximum.

Assign 04 (OD) to intelligent output terminal 11-15 (C021-C025)

(6) Feedback monitor of PID

Feedback signal of PID can be monitored.

The monitor value can be displayed by the product of PID scale A075.

"Monitor display " = " Feedback (%) \times "A075 setting

(7) PID integral reset

This is the function to clear integral value of PID action.

Assign 24(PIDC) to intelligent input terminal.

It is cleared whenever PIDC is turned ON.

Don't turn absolutely ON PID terminal during PID action, because there is a possibility of overcurrent trip. Turn ON PIDC terminal after turning OFF PID action.

Automatic energy-saving operation function

This function regulates the inverter output power automatically to a minimum while operating at constant speed.

This fits for the load of reduced torque characteristic of fans or pumps. In case of operating by this function, set A085 to "01"

A086 can adjust the automatic operation, response time.

Set item	Function code	Deta	Contents	
Operation mode selection		00	Nomal operation	
	A085	01	Energy-saving operation	

Set item	Function code	Deta	Response	Accuracy
Energy saving response / accuracy adjustment	A086	0 ↓ 100	Slow ↓ Fast	High ↓ Low

Relation code

A085 : Operation mode selection A086 : Energy-saving responseaccuracy adjustment

Two-stage acceleration and deceleration function (2CH)

By setting this function, it is possible to change the rate of acceleration and deceleration.

As methods to change the rate of acceleration and deceleration, you can select the method of changing by i ntelligent input terminal and the method of automatic changing by optional frequency.

In case of changing by intelligent input terminal, assign 09(2CH) to an Intelligent input terminal.

Relation code

F002/F202/F302: 1st/2nd/3rd acceleration 1
F003/F203/F303: 1st/2nd/3rd deceleration time 1
A092/A292/A392: 1st/2nd/3rd deceleration time 2
A093/A293/A393: 1st/2nd/3rd deceleration time 2

A094/A294 : 1st/2nd two-stage deceleration

and deceleration selection

A095/A295 : 1st/2nd two-stage acceleration

frequency

A096/A296 : 1st/2nd two-stage deceleration

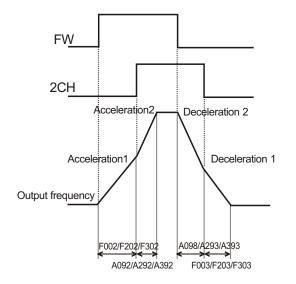
frequency

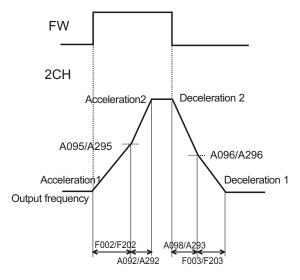
C001-C008: Intelligent input terminal

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
Acceleration time 2	092/A292/ A392	0.01-3600.	Unit : second (Example 1,2)
Deceleration time 2	093/A293/ A393	0.01-3600.	Unit : second (Example 1,2)
Two-stage	Two-stage		Changing by intelligent input terminal 09 (2CH) (Example 1)
acceleration and deceleration selection	A094/A294	01	Chabgung by two-stage acceleration and aeceleration and deceleration frequency (A095/A295, A096/A296) (Example 2)
Twopstage acceleration frequency	A095/A295	0.00-400.0	Unit: Hz it is valid when two-stage acceleration and deceleration selection (A094/A294) is 01. (Example 2)
Two-stage deceleration frequency	A096/A296	0.00-400.0	Unit: Hz it is valid when two-stage acceleration and deceleration selection (A094/A294) is 01. (Example 2)

(Example 1) In to set A094/A294 to 00 case

(Example 2) In to set A094/A294 to 01 case





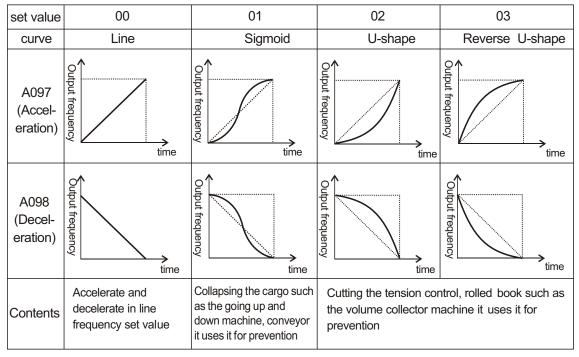
Acceleration and deceleration pattern

(1) Selection of pattern

Pattern of acceleration and deceleration speed is possible to set up corresponding to each system. Select the pattern of acceleration and deceleration with A097 and A098.

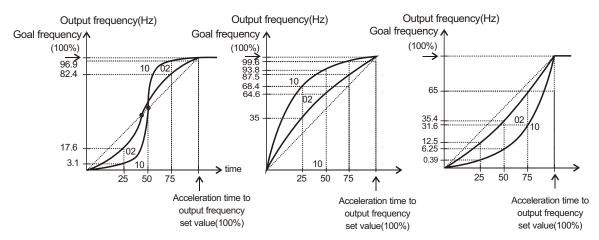
Relation code

A097 : Acceleration pattern selection A098 : Deceleration pattern selection A131 : Acceleration curve constant A132 : Deceleration curve constant



It is possible to set the pattern of both acceleration, deceleration

(2) The curve constant (the swelling degree)
It makes the rough sketch reference and please decide the swelling degree.



There is the range which the midway adjustable-speed time becomes fast in the S character parrtern. When An intelligent input terminal is allocated to LAD cancel (LAC) and the terminal is ON, output frequency is immediately controlled by Setup frequency.

Instantaneous power failure / under-voltage

Instantaneous stop and start

(1) You can select whether the inverter trips or retries(restart) when an instantaneous power failure/under-voltage occurs. when retry function is selected with b001, and an instantaneous stop/under-voltage trip occurs restart is tried 16 times and a trip will occur after 17 times. And when retry function is selected, and an over-current or an over-voltage occurs, restart is tried 3 time and a trip will occur on the forth time. When an instantaneous power failure/under-voltage occurs, you can select execution of trip with b004. To select a retry function with b001, set the following retry mode correspondent to each system.

Relation code

b001 : Retry selection

b002 : Allowable under-voltage power failure time

b003: Retry delay time

b004 : Instantaneous power failure under-voltage trip during stop

b005 : Instantaneous power failure under-voltage retry time selection b007 : frequency setting to match C021-C002 : Intelligent output terminal

C026 : Alarm relay output

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
		00	
Detrocalaction		01	Restart from 0Hz on retry.
Retry selection (Note 3)	b001	02	Start equaling frequency on retry. (Example1)
		03	Start f-equaling and stop decelerating on retry. After stop, start trip. (Note1)
Allowable under- voltage power failure time	b002	0.3-1.0	Units: second If the instantaneous power failure time is shorter than the set time, a restart will occur. (Example 1) If the instantaneous stop time is longer than set time, trip. (Example 2)
Retry wait time	b003	0.3-100.	Units : second Delay before motor restart time.
Instantaneous power		00	Invalid Trip isn't caused and alarm isn't output
failure/under-voltage trip during stop		01	Valid Trip is caused and alarm is output
(Note 2)		02	Invalid Trip isn't caused and alarm isn't output during stop and deceleration by stop command.
Instantaneous power		00	Restart to 16 times on instantaneous stop under-voltage.
failure/under-voltage retry time selection	b005	01	restart freely on instantaneous stop under-voltage.
Frequency setting to match	b007	0.00-400.0	Units: Hz When the frequency of the motor during free-run is less than this set frequency, restart with oHz is caused.(Example 3,4)

(Note 1) When trip of the over voltage or over current etc.occurs in the deceleration midway an instantaneous power failure error (E16) is displayed and operates free-run. In this case make the deceleration time of long

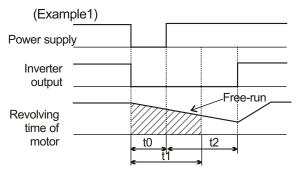
(Note 2) When using control power supply terminal R0-T0 and connecting DC voltage (P-N) to R0-T0, an under-voltage may be detected at power off and give trip signal. If this may cause any problem to your system, set data in 00 or 02.

F-equaling start: The inverter reads the motor RPM and direction and restarts the inverter to match these readings. Retry function (b001:02): The timing chart in case of selection is following.

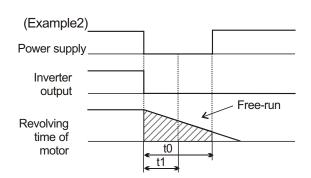
t0: Instantaneous stop power failure

t1 : Allowable under-voltage power failure time(b002)

t2: Retry wait time(b003)



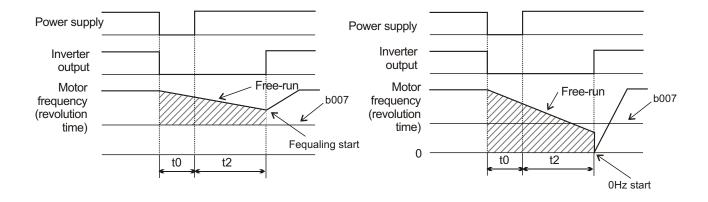
After wait for t2 seconds according to t0<t1, restart.



Trip according to t0>t1.

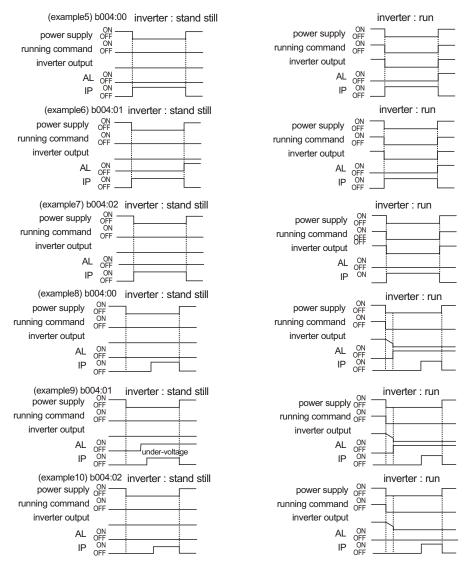
(Example 3) Motor frequency (revolution time) >b007

(Example 4) Motor frequency (revolution time) >b007



- (2) Instantaneous power failure during stop alarm output during under-voltage Select yes/on of alarm output when instantaneous power failure or under-voltage occurs with b004. Alarm outputs while control power of inverter remains.
 - · Alarm output at an instantaneous power failure failure and under-voltage during standstill. Standard (Example 5-7).

Alarm signal performance when connecting DC voltage (P-N) to R0-T0 terminal. (Example 8-10)



(3) It is possible to use an output by assigning the signal (IP:08) during instantaneous stop, by setting (UV:09) during under-voltage to an intelligent output terminal 11-15(C021-C025) or alarm relay output terminal (C026). (Note 3) It displays as follows during implementing frequency matching.



Open phase protection function selection

This is the function to warn when the inverter input supply opens.

The lettle fall each to train when the inverter input capply opener				
Function code	Data	Description		
b006	00	Invalid Don't trip when the input supply opens		
	01	valid Trip when the input supply opens		

Relation codeb006 : Open phase selection

When an open phase occurs, there is a danger that the inverter could produce one of the following states:

- (1) Ripple current of main capacitor increases, life of main capacitor shortens remarkably.
- (2) In case of load, there is danger that the capacitors or thyristors inside the inverter could be damaged.
- (3) There is a risk that the in-rush resistor to limit the current inside the inverter may burn out.

Electronic thermal function

Set the inverter according to motor rated current to protect the motor from overloading, overheating and damage. A warning signal is outputted before tripping on electronic thermal protection.

(1) Electronic thermal level

Function code	Setting range	Description
b012/b212 /b312	Rated Current x 0.2 to Rated Current x 1.2	Units : A

Relation code

b012/b212/b312 : 1st/2nd/3rd electric thermal level b013/b213/b313 : 1st/2nd/3rd electric thermal

characteristic selection

b015/b017/b019 : free electric thermal frequency

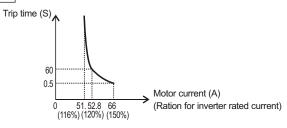
1/2/3

b016/b018/b020 : free thermal current 1/2/3 C021-C025 : Intelligent output terminal C026 : Alarm relay output terminal C061 : Thermal warning level

(Example) N300-110LFP Motor current : 44A

Setting range: 9.2 to 52.8A

When electronic thermal level b012=44A time limit characteristic is right diagram.



(2) Electronic thermal characteristic

Frequency characteristic is added up to set value of b012.

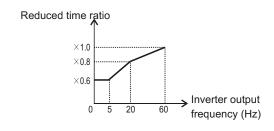
Function code	Data	Electronic thermal characteristic
b013/b213/ b313	00	Reduced torque characteristic
	01	constant torque characteristic
	02	Free setting

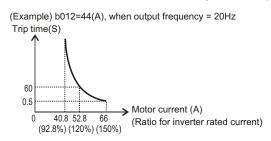
When output frequency of general motor decreases cooling function of self-cooled fan will fall.

Reduced torque characteristic is calculated according to heat of an HYUNDAI general motor.

(a) Reduced torque charcteristic

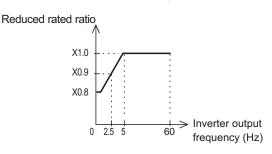
To add the time limit characteristic set with the reduced time rate b012/b212/b312 by each frequency.

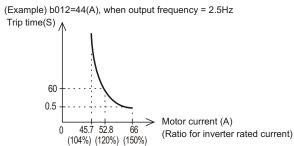




(b) Constant torque characteristic

Set this in to use constant torque motor case.



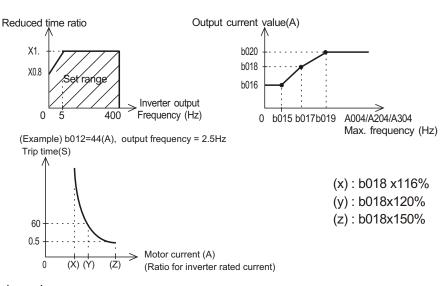


(3) Free/thermal characteristic

It is possible to set the electronic thermal characteristic freely according to the load in order to protect the motor and the Inverter.

Setting range is shown as follows:

Set item	Function code	Set range	Description
Free electronic thermal frequency 1/2/3	b015/b017/b019	0 to 400	Units : Hz
Free electronic thermal current 1/2/3	b016/b018/b020	0.0 0.1 to 999.9	disable Units : A



(4) Thermal warning

A warning signal is outputted before overheat protection by the electronic thermal protection occurs. Warning level is set with C061.

Assign 13(THM) to intelligent output terminal (C021-C025) or the alarm relay output (C061).

Function code	Data	Description
C061	0. 1100.	Thermal warning is noneffectiv. Units : %

Overload restriction/Overload advance notice

(1) Overload restriction

The Inverter monitors the motor current on acceleration and constant speed, when the inverter reaches the overload restriction level, the Inverter will reduce the output frequency automatically to restrict the overload.

This function prevents an over-current trip by inertia during acceleration or radical changes in load at constant speed.

Two kinds of overload restriction function are set with b021, b022, b023 and b024, b025, b026. To change b021, b022, b023, and b024, b025, b026, assign 39(OLR) to an intelligent input terminal.

The current value this function operates at is set in overload restriction level. The overload restriction constant is the time to decelerate to 0Hz from max frequency. b021, b022, b023 and b024, b025, b026 is

Relation code

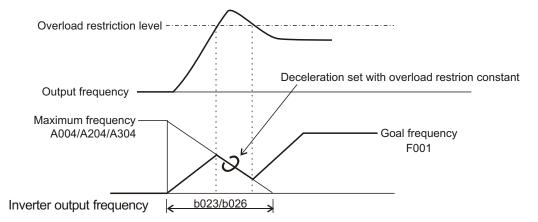
b021:Overload restriction selection b022:Overload restriction level b023:Overload restriction constant b024:Overload restriction 2 selection b025:Overload restriction level 2 b026:Overload restriction constant 2 C001-C008:Intelligent input C021-C025:Intelligent output C026:Alarm relay output setting C040:Overload advance notice signal output mode C041:Overload notices level C111:Overload notices level2

changed with OLR. As this function operates, the acceleration time is longer than setting time. If the overload restriction constant is set too short, in spite of accelerating, an over-voltage trip is caused with regenerative enegy from the motor on automatic deceleration by this function. When this function operates in the midst of accelerating, the frequency will not reach the goal frequency, the Inverter will adjust in the following way.

Make acceleration time longer. Raise torque boost. Raise overload restriction level.

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
	b021/b024	00	Invalid
Overload restriction		01	Acceleration/valid on constant speed.
Selection		02	Valid on constant speed.
		03	Acceleration/valid on constant speed. (Note1)
Overload restriction Level.	b022/b025	Rated current x 0.5 to Rated current x 1.5	Units :A Current value overload restriction operates.
		rtated earrent x 1.6	Units :second
Overload restriction Constant.	b023/b026	0.1 to 30.0	Deceleration time when overload restriction Operates.

(Note 1) Increase speed mode at the time regenating

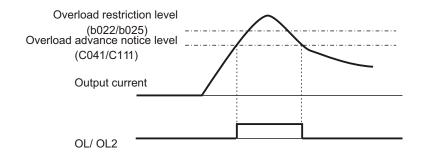


(2) Overload advance notice

When the load is high, it is possible to adjust the again by outputting an overload advance notice. It is used to prevent damage to the machine from too much load, i.e. baggage on a conveyor, the Inverter overload protection will operate.

Assign 03(OL) or 26(OL2) to an intelligent output terminal 11-15 or the alarm relay output terminal. (Two kinds of overload advance notice signals are possible output.)

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
Overload advance notice signal output	C040	00	On acceleration/deceleration, constant speed, this is valid.
mode selection		01	On constant speed only, this is valid.
	C041	0.0	Overload advance notice is non-effective.
Overload advance notice Level		0.1 to Rated current x 2	Units : A As load reaches overload advance notice level. OL signal is output.
		0.0	Overload advance notice 2 is non-effective.
Overload restriction Constant.	C111	0.1 to Rated current x 2	Units : A As load reaches overload advance notice level. OL2 signal is output.



Start frequency

This frequency is the value the operator must set before the Inverter will give an output.

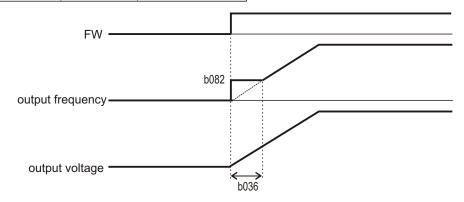
Relation code—
 b082:Start frequency

Mainly used when an operator adjusts the start torque.

By setting the start frequency higher, direct starting is caused and the starting current increases.

Therefore an overload is within the restriction range and the inverter has a tendency to trip on over-current protection

Function code	Set range	Description
b082	0.10 ~ 9.99	Units : Hz



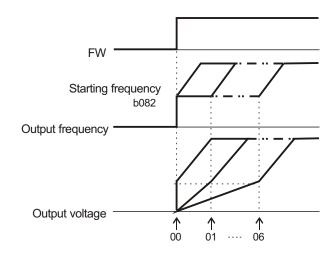
Reduced voltage start selection

This function is to raise the voltage slowly on motor starting.

The lower this value the mote torque is available on starting.

However, by making this value lower, the inverter has a tendency of tripping on over-current protection, because of almost direct starting.

Function code	Data	Time to take for reduced voltage starting
	00	No reduced voltage start
b036	01 ↓ 06	Short (about 6ms) ↓ Long (about 36ms)



BRD (dynamic braking) function

This function only operates with the N300-15kW and lower, as they have the built-in BRD.

This function is to consume regenerative energy from the motor as heat by the use of an external resistor.

— Relation code—b090:BRD use b095:BRD action selection b096:BRD on level

Regeneration occurs when the motor is decelerated to quickly and the motor turns into a generator and voltage flows back into the inverter.

To use the BRD function, set following condition.

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
		0.0	BRD don't operate.
BRD usage Ratio	Ь090	0.1-100.0	The usage ratio of BRD is set by 0.1% unit When inverter exceeds the usage ratio, trip. BRD action ON ON ON Usage ratio(%) = $\frac{(t1+t2+t3)}{100\text{second}} \times 100$
		00	BRD don't operate.
Selection of BRD	b095	01	During run : valid (BRD operates.) During stop : invalid (BRD desn't operate.)
		02	During run, stop, valid (Brd operates.)
BRD ON Level	b096	(Note 1) 330-380	Unit: V In case of 200V class inverter, setting is valid.
		(Note 1) 660-760	Unit: V In case of 400V class inverter, setting is valid.

(Note 1) BRD ON level is the voltage setting of the DC (direct current) voltage of the inverter.

Cooling fan operating selection

You can select whether the fan operates continuously or operates only when the inverter is in the running operation.

Relation code
b092:Cooling fan operation
selection

Function code	data	Description
	00	Always run
b092	01	Only during run However, inverter operates for five minutes after power ON, and for five minutes after inverter operation stops.

Intelligent input terminal setting

It is possible to operate functions by assigning those functions to the intelligent input terminals 1-8(C001-C008).

The intelligent input terminals 1-8 can be selected individually whether the contact input specification is either a NO or a NC contact.

Two or more intelligent input terminals can't be assigned to be the same function.

If an intelligent input is assigned a function which is already assigned to another terminal it will automatically be restored back to the setting before.

Relation

C001~C008:

Intelligent input terminal

Function Code	Data	Description	Reference item	Page
	01	RV : Reverse command	Operation run	4-18
	02	CF1 : Multi-speed 1 (binary operation)		
	03	CF2 : Multi-speed 2 (binary operation)	Multi-speed operation function	4.40
	04	CF3 : Multi-speed 3 (binary operation)	- Walti-speed operation function	4-46
	05 CF4 : Multi-speed 4 (binary operation)			
	06	JG : Jogging	Jogging operation	4-48
	07	DB: External DC braking	DC braking(ezternal DC braking)	4-29
	08	SET : 2nd Set of Motor Data	2nd Set of Motor Data	4-49
	09	2CH : Two-stage adjustable-speed	Two-stage adjustable-speed function	4-35
	11	FRS : Free-run stop	Free-run stop	4-51
	12	EXT : External trip	External trip	4-55
	13	USP : Unattended start protection	Unattended start protection function	4-54
	14	CS : Commercial change	Commercial change	4-52
	15	SFT : Software lock(control terminal)	Software lock	4-50
	16	AT : Analog input voltage/current select	Analog external input	4-22
	17	SET3 : 3rd Set of motor data	3rd Set of Motor Data	4-49
	18	RS : Reset inverter	Reset inverter	4-53
C001	20	STA : 3wire start		
	21	STP : 3wire stop	3wire input function	4-55
~	22	F/R : 3wire direction		
C008	23	PID : PID selection (valid/invalid)	DID for all an	4-33
	24	PIDC : PID integrating reset	PID function	
	26	CAS : Control gain switching	Control gain switching	4-56
	27	UP : Remote control UP function		
	28	DWN : Remote control DOWN function	UP/DOWN function	4-54
	29	UDC: Remote control data clear		
	31	OPE : Force operation ope	Force operation function	4-50
	32-38	SF1-7 : Multi-speed 1~7(bit run)	Multi-speed operation function	4-47
	39	OLR : Overload restriction change	Overload restriction	4-41
	40	TL : Torque restriction presence		
	41	TRQ1 : Torque limit switching 1	Torque limit function	4-79
	42	TRQ2 : Torque limit switching 2		
	43	PPI : P/PI switching	P/PI switching function	4-56
	44	BOK: Brake confirmation	Brake control function	4-69
	45	ORT : Orientation	Option function (Note 1)	_
	46	LAC : LAD cancel	LAD cancel function	_
	47	PCLR : Position deviation clear	Ontion function (Alete 4)	
	48	STAT : Pulse train input permission	Option function (Note 1)	_
	no	NO : No assign	_	<u> </u>

(Note 1) Refer to the option instruction manual (N-FB)

Input terminal a/b(NO/NC)selection

It is possible to set a contact input or b contact input to intelligent input terminals 1-8 and FW terminals individually.

Set item	Function code	Data	Descripition
Intelligent input 1-8	C011-C018	00	a contact (ON)
a/b(ON/NC) selection	C011-C016	01	b contact (NC)
Input FW	C019	00	a contact (ON)
a/b(ON/NC) selection	0010	01	b contact (NC)

Relation code

C011~C018: Intelligent input a/b(NO/NC) selection C019: Input FW a/b (NO /NC)Selection

a contact : 「ON」 with Close,「OFF」 with open b contact : 「ON」 withOpen, 「OFF」 with close RS terminal can set only a contact

Multi-speed operation function

It is possible to set multiple operation speeds and switch between the speed with the terminals.

Multi-speed operation can be selected by binary operation (max.16speeds)with 4 terminals or by bit operation (max.8 speeds) with 7 terminals.

Relation code

A019: Multi-speed selection
A020/A220/A320: 1st/2nd/3rd multistage speed zero speed
A021~A035: Multi-speed 1-15
C001~C008: Intelligent input terminal

Set item	Function code	Set value	Description
Multi-speed	A019	00	Change to binary operation 16 speed
selection	A019	01	Change to bit operation 8 speed
Multi-speed 0-15	A020/A220/A320 -A035	0.00, start frequency-max. frequency	Units : Hz

(1) Binary operation

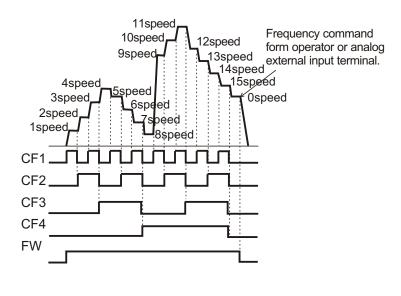
It is possible to set multi-speed 0 to 15 by selecting 02 to 05(CF1 to CF4) on the intelligent input terminals.

Set frequency setting for speed 1 to 15 with A021-A035.

Set 0 speed with A020/A220/A320 or F001 when frequency command is operator.

Or when frequency command is control terminal (Terminal), set with O, O1, O2 terminal.

Multi-speed	CF4	CF3	CF2	CF1
0 speed	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
1 speed	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
2 speed	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
3 speed	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
4 speed	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
5 speed	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
6 speed	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
7 speed	OFF	ON	ON	ON
8 speed	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
9 speed	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
10 speed	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
11 speed	ON	OFF	ON	ON
12 speed	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
13 speed	ON	ON	OFF	ON
14 speed	ON	ON	ON	OFF
15 speed	ON	ON	ON	ON



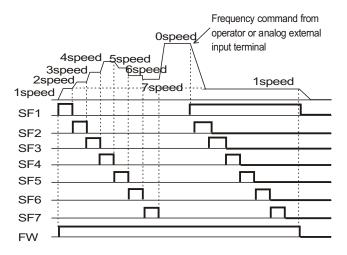
(2) Bit operation

It is possible to set multi-speed 0 to 7 by assigning 32 to 38 (SF1-SF7) to the intelligent input terminals. Set frequency SF1-SF7 to A021-A027.

Multi- speed	SF7	SF6	SF5	SF4	SF3	SF2	SF1
0 speed	OFF						
1 speed	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	X	ON
2 speed	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	ON	OFF
3 speed	Χ	Х	Х	Х	ON	OFF	OFF
4 speed	Χ	Χ	Χ	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
5 speed	Χ	Χ	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
6 speed	Χ	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
7 speed	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF

When each terminal turns ON simultaneously, the lower number has priority.

In order for the inverter to operate both the frequency and the RUN operation (FW, RV) must be applied.



Jogging operation (JG)

This function can be used to rotate the motor in small steps to allow fine-tuning.

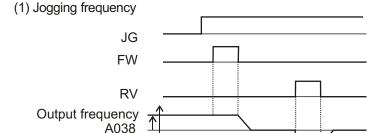
Set an intelligent input terminal to 06 (JG).

Relation code

A038 : Jogging frequency A039 : Jogging selection

C001-C008:

Intelligent input terminal



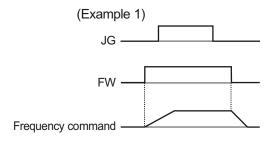
The jogging operation does not use acceleration, therefore it would be advisable to set the jogging frequency to limit the starting current to a minimum or tripping may occur. Adjust A038 to the jogging frequency required.

Function code	Data	Description
A038 0.0, start frequency-9.99		Units : Hz

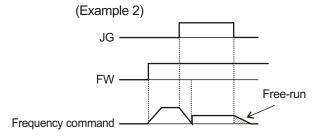
(2) Jogging operation selection

Function code	Data	Description	Jogging operation during run Valid / Invalid
00 F		Freeprun on jogging stop	Invalid (Example 1)
	01	Decelerating stop on jogging stop	(Note 1)
A039 02		Direct braking on jogging stop.	, ,
(Note 2)	03	Free-run on jogging stop	Invalid (Example 2)
	04	Decelerating stop on jogging stop	(Note 1)
	05	Direct braking on jogging stop.	(1.6.6.1)

(Note 1) When using the jogging function, turn FW terminal or RV terminal ON after the JG terminal is turned ON. (It is the same when the operation command point is from the operator)



When setting of A039 is 00,01 or 02 and FW signal is turned ON beforehand, the inverter doesn't operate jogging.



When setting of A039 is 03,04 or 05 and FW terminal is turned ON beforehand, the inverter operates jogging. But jogging terminal is turned ON beforehand, the inverter output is cut off.

(Note 2) In the case that the setting of A029 is 02 or 05, data setting of DB is necessary.

Second/Third control function (SET, SET3)

This control function is used when the Inverter is connected to two different types of motors. By assigning 08 (SET).17(SET3) to an intelligent input terminal and turning SET/SET3 terminal ON/OFF you can switech between three different inverter set-ups.

select 2nd/3rd control function while the Inverter is in the STOP condition.

The functions which can change with SET terminal

$$\label{eq:final_continuous_formula_formula} \begin{split} &F002/F202/F302: 1^{st}/2^{nd}/3^{rd} \ acceleration \ time \\ &F003/F203/F303: 1^{st}/2^{nd}/3^{rd} \ deceleration \ time \\ &A003/A203/A303: 1^{st}/2^{nd}/3^{rd} \ base \ frequency \\ &A004/A204/A304: 1^{st}/2^{nd}/3^{rd} \ max. \ frequency \\ &A020/A220/A320: 1^{st}/2^{nd}/3^{rd} \ multi-speed \ 0 \ setting \end{split}$$

A041/A241: 1st/2nd torque boost selection

A042/A242/S342 : 1st/2nd/3rd manual torque boost A043/A243/A343 : 1st/2nd/3rd manual torque boost point

A044/A244/A344: 1st/2nd/3rd control system

A061/A261/A361: 1st/2nd/3rd frequency upper limiter A062/A262/A362: 1st/2nd/3rd frequency lower limiter A092/A292/A392: 1st/2nd/3rd acceleration time 2 A093/A293/A393: 1st/2nd/3rd deceleration time 2

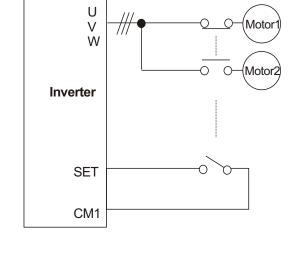
A094/A294: 1st/2nd two-stage adjustable speed selection A095/A295: 1st/2nd two-stage acceleration frequency A096/A296: 1st/2nd two-stage deceleration frequency b012/b212/b312: 1st/2nd/3rd electronic thermal level

b013/b213/b313: 1st/2nd/3rd electronic thermal characteristic selection

H002/H202: 1st/2nd motor constant selection H003/H203: 1st/2nd motor capacity selection H004/H204: 1st/2nd motor pole selection H005/H205: 1st/2nd speed answer

H006/H206/H306: 1st/2nd/3rd stabilized constant

 $\begin{array}{lll} H030/H230: & 1^{st}/2^{nd} \; Motor \; R1 \; (Auto-tuning) \\ H031/H231: & 1^{st}/2^{nd} \; Motor \; R1 \; (Auto-tuning) \\ H032/H232: & 1^{st}/2^{nd} \; Motor \; L \; (Auto-tuning) \\ H033/H233: & 1^{st}/2^{nd} \; Motor \; I_0 \; (Auto-tuning) \\ H034/H234: & 1^{st}/2^{nd} \; Motor \; J \; (Auto-tuning) \\ H050/H250: & 1^{st}/2^{nd} \; PI \; proportion \; gain \\ H051/H251: & 1^{st}/2^{nd} \; P \; proportion \; gain \\ \end{array}$



Display during setting isn't differentiated between the 1^{st} control function or the 2^{nd} / 3^{rd} control function function. So confirm it in the state of ON/OFF of termnal. Even 1^{st} / 2^{nd} / 3^{rd} control is changed during run, it will not be active until the inverter is stopped. When both of the SET and SET 3 terminals are turned on it becomes the 2^{nd} control function.

Software lock mode selection (SFT)

This function is used to prevent changing data by mistake.

When you want to use an intellignent input terminal, assign 15(SFT).

Below is the software lock code selection.

Relation code

b031 : Software lock mode selection C001-C008 : Intelligent input terminal

Function code	Data	SFT terminal	Description
	00	ON/OFF	Write disable except for b031/write enable
b031	01	ON/OFF	Write disable except for b031, F001, A020, A220, A320 A021-A035,A038/write enable
	02	_	Write disable except for b031
	03	_	Write disable except for b031, F001, A020, A220, A320, A021-A035, A038
	10	_	Write disable except for change mode during runnuing (code list reference)

Force operation ope function (OPE)

This function is used to operate from the operator forcibly by on/off of an intelligent terminal when frequency and operation command is selected other than the operator.

Becoming the operation from the frequency and operation

command that was selected by A001 and A002 if the signal is off, and becoming the frequency and operation command from an operator forcibly if the signal is on when the compulsion operation function is selected by an intelligent input selection.

When changed the operation command while driving, operation command is canceled and become stoppage at first.

Operation command from each command input the operation command once again as the stoppage at first for driving once again.

anving once again.						
Set item	Function cord	Setting value	Contents			
Frequency setting selection	A001	01 02 03 04 05	Terminal Operator RS485 Option 1 Option 2			
Operation command selection	A002	01 02 03 04 05	Terminal Operator RS485 Option 1 Option 2			
Intelligent input selection	C001-C008	31	OPE : Compulsion operation			

Relation code -

A001 : Frequency setting selection A002 : Operation command selection C001-C008 : Intelligent input terminal

Relation code

b007: Frequency setting to match

C001-C008: Intelligent input terminal

b088: Free-run stop selection

b091: Stop mode selection

b003: Retry wait time

Free-run stop (FRS)

By operating the free-run stop (FRS) function, the inverter output is cut off.

The motor wills free wheel under its own mometum.

This function is used when the motor is to be stopped by the use of a brake, like an electromagnetic brake.

If you stop the motor with a machine brake while the inverter is still outputting ti the motor an over-current trip may occur.

Assign 11(FRS) to an intelligent input terminal.

This free-run stop function will operate when the FRS terminal is ON.

If you turn FRS terminal OFF the inverter will restart after the retry wait time b003 passes.

However when the operation command selection A002 is set to control terminal (01), the inverter restarts during free-running.

This function will only operate when the FW terminal is ON.

On restart it is possible to select 0Hz start or matching frequency start as output methods with the free-run stop selection b088. (Example 1), (Example 2)

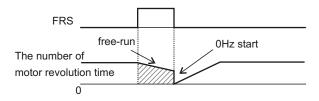
When you set the frequency setting to match (b007) and the frequency detected is under this setting when the free-run stop is released, the inverter is restarted from 0Hz.

The setting of this function is valid for selection b091 on stopping.

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
Free way stop colortion	1 000	00	0Hz start (Example 1)
Free-run stop selection	b088	01	Equaling frequency start (Example 2)
Retry wait time	b003	0.3-100.	Units : second Time until restart after FRS terminal is OFF. (This is also used for Instantaneous restart.)
Frequency setting to match	b007	0.00-400.0	Units: Hz (instantaneous stop, reference to item of insufficiency) This sets the level to match frequency. (Refer to item of instantaneous stop and restart).

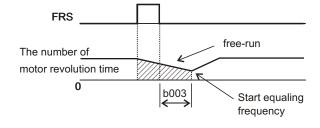
(Example 1) 0Hz start

FW



Start 0Hz regardless of the motor speed. On 0Hz start, the retry wait time is disregarded. When 0Hz start is used and the motor speed is still high there is the possibility of over-current trips. (Example 2) Equaling start

FW _____



After FRS terminal is switched OFF, the Inverter reads the frequency of the motor and when it reaches the value in b007 the Inverter will begin to RUN again.

On frequency matching start if an over-current trip occurs, try extending the retry time.

Commercial power source switching (CS)

This function is used for systems with an excessive amount of staring torque requirements. The motor would be started direct-on-line and then when the motor had started the inverter would take over. This function is Relation code

b003: Retry waiting time b007: Frequency setting to

match

C001-C008: Intelligent input

terminal

comonly used to reduce the costing of the inverter. For example, a system may require

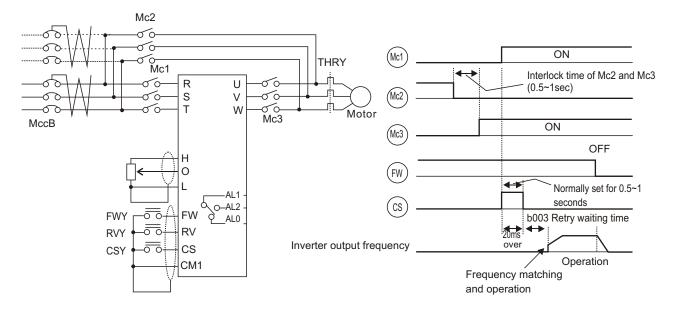
55kW to start but only 15kW to run at constant speed. Therefore, a 15kW rated inverter would be sufficient when using te commercial power sorce switing. Assign 14(CS) to an intelligent input terminal.

Using the example below. When the motor has ben started direct-on0line, Mc2 is switched OFF and Mc3 is switched on. With the Forward command to the inverter already on the CS terminal is switched on and Mc1 is closed. The inverter will then read the motor RPM and when the CS terminal is switched OFF the retry wait time (b003) is started.

Once the wait time has elapsed the inverter will then start and match the frequency which is set (b007). For FWY, RVY, VSY, use control relay. The sequence above is reference to circuit and timing diagram below.

If an over-current trip occurs when frequency matching, extend the retry wait time (b003). When the power is supplied to the inverter, also it is possible to activate retry operation too. In this case, follwing CS terminal is out of necessary. For more information, refer to Reset (RS).

Connection figure example and timing on commercial power source switching.



Reset (RS)

This function resets the inverter when a protective trip has occurred. The method of reset is to either push the STOP/RESET key on the

digital operator or to switch the RS terminal ON.

To reset the inverter with the control terminal, assign 18(RS) to an intelligent input terminal.

Reset frequency matching selection C031 selects whether the

Relation code b003 : Retry waiting time

b007 : Frequency setting to match

C102: Reset selection

C103 : Reset frequency matching

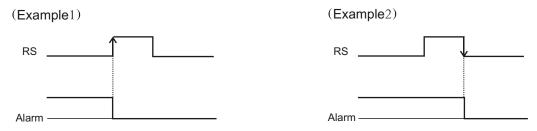
selection

C001-C008 : Intelligent input terminal

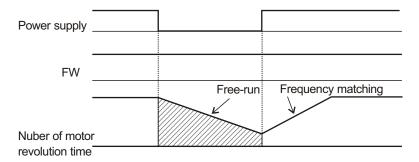
inverter restarts at 0Hz or the inverter matches the output frequency after the reset operation is complete. Reset selection C102 selects when the alarm signal is cancelled and whether it is valid or invalid in normal operation.

The RS terminal is valid only when the contact is set to ON.

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
Retry waiting time	b003	0.3-100.	Units: seconds (Reference to items of instantaneous power failure or under-voltage) After reset, time until restart is tried.
Frequency setting to match	b007	0.00-400.0	Units: Hz (Reference to items of instantaneous stop/under-voltage)
		00	On ON signal, trip cancel (Example 1) On normal, this is valid (output cuts off)
Rest selection	C102	01	On ON signal, trip cancel (Example 2) On normal, valid (output cuts off)
		02	On ON signal, trip cancel (Example 1) On normal, this is invalid. (only trip cancel)
Rest frequency matching	C102	00	0Hz start
selection	C103	01	Frequency matching start. (Example 3)



(Example 3) When 01 (frequency matching) is selected with reset frequency matching selection C103, it is also possible to operate frequency start on power ON again. And retry waiting time is disregarded at the time of the setting C103:00 (0Hz start).



<u>Unattended start protection (USP)</u>

The USP function is designed as a fail safe to prevent accidental starting of the Inverter if the RUN signal is ON when the power is restored to the

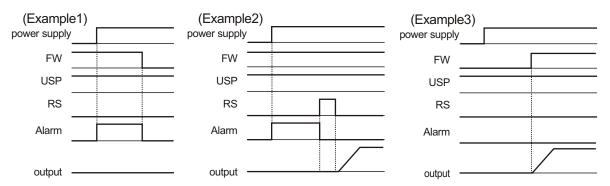
Relation code

C001-C008 : Intelligent input terminal

Inverter. When this function worked E13 is displayed. Either resetting the Inverter or turning the RUN signal OFF can clear the trip.

This function is able to disarm when the operation command is turned off. (Example 1)

If the trip is cancelled while the RUN signal is still ON then the inverter will restart automatically. (Example 2) When the operation command is turned on after the power supply input, the inverter drives normal. (Example 3) Assign 13(USP) to an intelligent input terminal. Unattended start protection is shown as follows:



UP/DOWN selection (UP, DWN)

The Inverter output frequency can be changed with the UP and DWN intelligent input terminals.

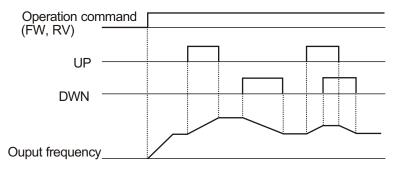
Relation code
C101 : UP/DOWN memory selection
C001-C008 : Intelligent input terminal

Assign 27 (UP) and 28(DWN) to two of the intelligent input terminals 1-8.

This function is valid only when the frequency command selection A001 is set to 01 or 02. However, when 01 (control terminal) is set, this can only be used for multi-speed operation.

This function will not operate when the external analog frequency command or the jogging operation is used. Acceleration time operates according to F002, F003/F202, F203/F302, F303 when UP/DWN terminal is ON. To change 1st/2nd/3rd control, assign 08(SET)/17(SET3) to an input terminal, change with SET/SET3 terminal. It is possible for the Inverter to retain the frequency setting value from the UP/DWN terminals. Parameter C101 switches the memory ON or OFF. It is also possible to clear the memory and return to the original set frequency. Assign 29(UDC) to an intelligent input terminal and switch it on to clear the memory.

Function code	Data	Description
C101	00	This will not memorize the frequency command adjusted with UP/DWN. When power is turned ON again, set value is returned to the value before it was adjusted with UP/DWN.
	01	This memorizes the frequency command adjusted with UP/DWN. When power is turned ON again, set value is returned to the value before it was adjusted with UP/DWN.



Inverter doesn't accelerate and decelerate, if UP, DWN terminal is turned ON simultaneously.

External trip (EXT)

This function can be used to force the Inverter a trip situation which is Switched by an external input, i.e. PLC or relay contact.

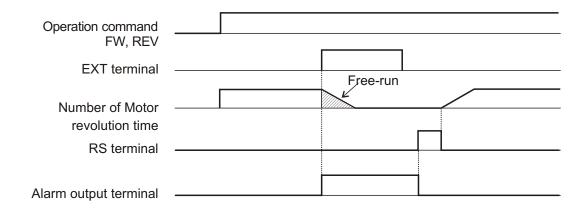
Relation code

C001-C008 : Intelligent input terminal

When the EXT terminal is switched ON, the inverter trips on an E12 error and the output switched OFF. Assign 12(EXT) to an intelligent input terminal.

The trip will not be canceled when the terminal is turned OFF.

To cancel the trip, the reset signal must be applied or the Inverter switched OFF and ON again at the supply.



3Wire input function(STA, STP, E/R)

This function is used when a momentary push start/stop control is required.

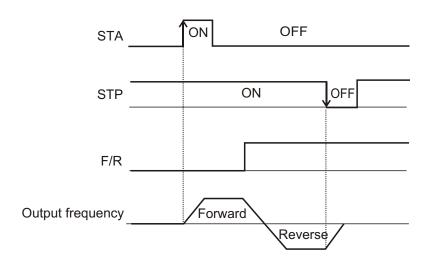
Relation code

C001-C008 : Intelligent input terminal

Set the operation command selection A002 to control terminal (01).

Assign 20 (STA), 21 (STP) and 22 (F/R) to three of the intelligent input terminals, and the operation becomes possible as follows. When the terminal is assigned STP terminal, FW terminal and also RV terminal become invalid. If all three input are not assigned this function will not operate.

The FW terminal and RV terminal become redundant when the 3 wire control terminal is as follows:



Intelligent output terminal setting

Any of the following functions can be assigned to the intelligent output terminals (11-15) or the alarm relay.

Bothe intelligent output terminals 11 - 15 and the alarm relay are all relay outputs.

All three output relays can be selected to be either NO or NC (a or b).

Relation code

C021-C025 : Intelligent output terminal C026 : Alarm relay output terminal

setting

Data	Description	Reference item	Page	
00	Run : Signal during run	Signal during run	4-59	
01	FA1 : Constant speed arrival signal	Frequency arrival signal	4.50	
02	FA2 : Over setting frequency	Frequency arrival signal	4-59	
03	OL : Overload advance notice signal	Overload limit	4-41	
04	OD : output deviation for PID control	PID function	4-33	
05	AL : Alarm signal	Protection function		
06	FA3 :Arrival signal for only setting frequency	Frequency arrival signal	4-59	
07	OTQ : Over Torque	Over torque	4-62	
08	IP : Instantaneous stop signal	Instantaneous stop/under-voltage	4-37	
09	UV : Under voltage signal	instantaneous stop/under-voltage	4-37	
10	TRQ : Torque limit	Torque limit function	4-80	
11	RNT : RUN time over	RUN time over	4-61	
12	ONT : ON time over	Power ON time over	4-61	
13	THM : Thermal caution	Electric thermal function	4-40	
19	BRK : Brake opening	Brake control function	4-69	
20	BER : Brake error	brake control function	4-09	
21	ZE : Zero speed detect signal	Zero speed detect signal	(Note 1)	
22	DSE : Speed deviation excessive	Option function	(Note 1)	
23	POK : Positioning complection	Option function	(Note 1)	
24	FA4 : Arrival signal for over setting frequency 2	Frequency arrival signal	4.50	
25	FA5 : Arrival signal for over setting frequency 2	i requericy arrival signal	4-59	
26	OL2 : Overload advance notice signal 2	Overload limit	4-41	

(Note 10 Refer to the option instruction manual (N-FB).

Intellignet output terminal a/b (NO/NC) selection

This sets the intslligent output terminal 11-15 and alarm relay output terminal contact condition to either NO or NC, (a or b). Each output is changeable individually.

Relation code

C031-C035: Intelligent output 11-15 a/b (NO/NC) selection

C036: Alarm relay output a/b (NO/NC)

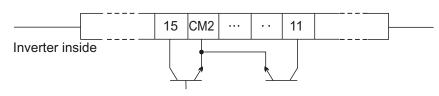
Both intelligent output terminals 11-15 and the alarm relay are all relay outputs.

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
Intelligent out 11-15	C031 - C035	00	a contact (NO)
a/b(NO/NC)selection	C031 - C035	01	b contact (NC)
Alarm relay output	COSE	00	a contact (NO)
a/b(NO/NC)selection	C036	01	b contact (NC)

a contact : Close with [ON], open with [oFF]. b contact: Open with [ON], close with [OFF].

(1) Specification of the intelligent output terminals 11 - 15

Specification of the intelligent output terminals 11 - 15 is as follows.



C031-C035 Set value	Power supply	Output description	State of output terminal 11-15 terminal
00	On	ON	Close
(a contact)	011	OFF	Open
(a contact)	Off	-	Open
01	01 On		Open
(a contact)	On	OFF	Close
(a contact)	Off	-	Open

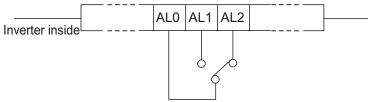
Between each terminal and CM2 Under 4V

(Voltage depression while signal is turned on)

Permission Max. Voltage DC27V Permission Max. Current 50mA

(2) Specification of the alarm relay output terminal

The specifications of the alarm relay output terminal is changeover contact. Action is as follows.



Example on using as alarm

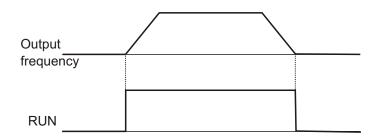
C036	Power	Inverter	State of output		
Set value	supply	state	AL1-AL0	AL2-AL0	
00	On	On abnormal	Close	Open	
(a contact)	011	On normal	Open	Close	
(a contact)	Off	-	Open	Close	
01	01 On	On abnormal	Open	Close	
(b contact)		On normal	Close	Open	
(5 certact)	Off	-	Open	Close	

Contact Sp	ecification	Resistor load	Inductor load
	Maximum	AC250V, 2A DC30V, 8A	AC250V, 0.2A DC30V, 0.6A
AL1-AL0	Maximum	AC 100V, 10mA DC5V, 100mA	
AL2-AL0	Maximum	AC250V, 1A AC250V, 0 DC30V, 1A DC30V, 0.2	
	Maximum	AC 100V, 10mA DC5V, 100mA	

Signal during run (Run)

This function is to provide an output signal when the Inverter is in a running condition.

Assign 00(RUN: signal during run) to an intelligent output terminal 11-15 or the alarm relay output terminal. The signal is still outputted when the dc braking operates.



Frequency arrival signal (FA1, FA2, FA3, FA4, FA5)

When the output frequency arrives at the set frequency, an arrival signal is outputted.

Assign 01 (FA1: constant speed arrival signal), 02 (FA2: over setting frequency), 06 (FA3: only setting frequency), 24 (FA4: over setting frequency 2), or 25 (FA5: only setting frequency 2) to an intelligent output terminal 11-15 or the alarm relay output terminal.

Hysteresis frequency arrival signal is the following.

When ON : ON with (1% of setting frequency - maximum frequency) (Hz) When OFF : OFF with (2% of setting frequency - maximum frequency) (Hz)

However in ti set 06(FA3), 25(FA5) case when inverter accelerate.

When ON: ON with (1% of setting frequency - maximum frequency) (Hz) When OFF: OFF with (2% of setting frequency - maximum frequency) (Hz)

When inverter decelerates

When ON: ON with (1% of setting frequency - maximum frequency) (Hz) When OFF: OFF with (2% of setting frequency - maximum frequency) (Hz)

Set item	Function code	Data (Hz)	Description
Acceleration	C042/C045	0.0	Arrival signal at acceleration is OFF
arrival frequency2	C042/C045	0.01-400.0	Arrival signal at acceleration is ON
Deceleration	C043/C046	0.0	Arrival signal at acceleration is OFF
arrival frequency2	C043/C046	0.01-400.0	Arrival signal at acceleration is ON

Relation code

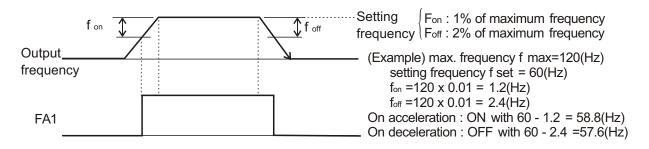
Relation code

C021-C025: Intelligent output terminal

C021-C025: Intelligent output terminal C042: Acceleration arrival frequency C043: Deceleration arrival frequency C045: Acceleration arrival frequency 2 C046: Deceleration arrival frequency 2

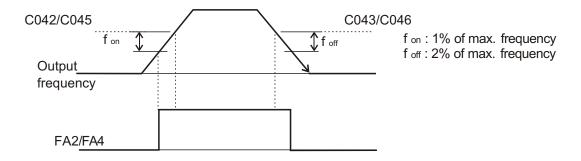
(1) Output on constant speed arrival (01 : FA1)

When the inverter arrives at the set frequency with frequency setting (F001, A220, A320) or multi-speed (A021-A035), the output relay is switched.



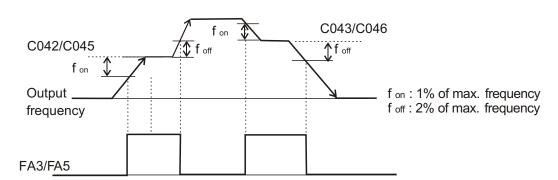
(2) Output over setting frequency (02:FA2, 24:FA4)

When the output is over the arrival frequency set in [C042, C043(FA2)], [C045, C046(FA4)] on adjustable speed time, the output relay is switched.



(3) Output setting frequency (06:FA3, 25:FA5)

The signal is switched only when the output frequency matches the arrival frequency set in [C042, C043 (FA3)], [C045, C046 (FA5)] on adjustable speed time.



RUN time / power ON time over (RNT/ONT)

When the accumulated operation time reaches or is over the setting time in b034, RUN time/power ON time over (TNT/ONT) output is switched

Relation code

b034 : Warning time level

C021-C025 : Intelligent output terminal C026 : Alarm relay output terminal

d016: Accumulation time monitor during RUN

d017: Power ON time monitor

Function code	Data	Description	
b034	0. 19999. 10000-6553	Don't operate. Set by 10-hour unit. Set by 100 hours unit.(1000000-655300 hours)	

(1) Run time over (RNT)

Assign 11(RNT) to an intelligent output terminal 11 - 15 (C021-C025) or the alarm relay output terminal (C026).

Set ON time level with b034

(2) Power ON time over (ONT)

.Assign 12(ONT) to an intelligent output terminal 11 - 15 (C021-C025) or the alarm relay output terminal (C026).

Set ON time level with b034.

Zero speed signal (ZS)

This function detects that the output of the rotation speed of a motor or the output of LAD fell off from the zero speed detection level and be the function that outputs it.

By selecting zero speed signal in an intelligent output selection this function comes into effect.

Relation code

A044/A244/A344:1st/2nd/3rd control method

selection

C021-C025 : Intelligent output terminal

C063 : Zero speed detect level

This function acts to the LAD output when the control method is VC, VP, free V/f, sensor-less vectoy control or zero speed area sensor-less vector control. Also, This function acts to the output of the rotation frequency of a motor when control method is vectrol with sensor.

Set item	Function cord	Setting value	Contents
Intelligent output selection	C021-C025	21	ZS: Zero speed signal
Zero speed detection level	C063	0.00-100.0	Unit:Hz

Alarm code output (AC0-AC3)

Relation code

This is the function that inverter outputs trip factor as signal. When 01(3bit) or 02(4bit) is selected in alarm code selection,

C021-C025 : Intelligent output terminal C062 : Alarm code selection

intelligent output terminal, 11-13 or 11-14 compulsorily is outputted in alarm code.

Alarm code output is the following below.

In 4					In 4bit code selection	In 3bit code selection	
14 AC3	13 AC2	12 AC1	11 AC0	Factor code	Contents of trip	Factor code	Contents of trip
0	0	0	0	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
0	0	0	1	E01-E04	Over current protection	E01-E04	Over current protection
0	0	1	0	E05	Overload protection	E05	Overload protection
0	0	1	1	E07, E15	Over voltage Power source over voltage protection	E07, E15	Over voltage Power source over voltage protection
0	1	0	0	E09	Lack voltage protection	E09	Lack voltage protection
0	1	0	1	E16	Instantancous power failure protection	E16	Instantancous power failure protection
0	1	1	0	E30	IGBT error	E30	IGBT error
0	1	1	1	E06	Braking resister overload protection	-	-
1	0	0	1		EEPROM error, CPU error, GA error	-	-
1	0	0	0	E10	CT error		
1	0	1	1	E12, E13 E35, E36	External trip, USP err, thermistor error, brake abnormal	-	-
1	0	1	0	E14	Ground fault protection	-	-
1	1	0	1	-	-	-	-
1	1	0	0	E21	Power module temperature	-	-
1	1	1	1	E24	Phase failure protection	-	-
1	1	1	0	E50-E79	RS485, option 1,2 error 0-9	-	-

Set item	Function code	Setting range	Contents
Alarm code selection	C062	00 01 02	Invalid 3bit code 4bit code

FM terminal

The FM control terminal can monitor the output frequency and output current. FM terminal is a PWM (Pulse Width Modeulation) output.

Relation code

C027 : FM selection b081 : FM adjustment

(1) FM selection

Select a signal to output from the following options.

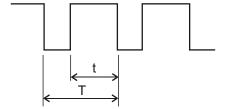
When 03(digital frequency) is set a digital frequency counter meter is required.

Use an analog meter for all other output signals.

Function code	Data	Description	Full scale value
	00	Output frequency (Example 1)	0 ~ Max.frequency (Hz)
	01	Output current (Example1)	0 ~ 200%
	02	Output torque (Example 1)	0 ~ 200%
C027	03	Digital output (Example 2) (Net 1)	0 ~ Max.frequency (Hz)
	04	Output voltage (Example1)	0 ~ 100%
	05	Input electric power (Example1)	0 ~ 200%
	06	Thermal load ratio (Example1)	0 ~ 100%
	07	LAD frequency (Example1)	0 ~ Max.frequency (Hz)

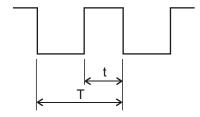
(Note 1) Display substitutes only at the time of the sensorless vector control, 0Hz domain sensorless vector control and vector control.

(Example1) Set value: 00, 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07 (Example2) Set value: 03



Period T: constant (6.4m)

duty t/T : change



Period T: change

duty t/T: 50% fixed

(2) FM adjustment

This function is used to calibrate a meter connected to the FM terminal.

Function code	Description	Set range
b081	0255.	Change one by one.

(Calibration methods)

- (1) Connect meter to FM-CM1.
- (2) Adjust b081 so that the meter is reading the same as the output frequency on your scale. (Example) When output frequency is 60Hz, change value of b081 so that meter is 60Hz.

AM terminal, AMI terminal

The AM terminal and the AM1 terminal can monitor the output frequency or the output current.

The AM terminal has an analog output of 0-10V.

The AM1 terminal has an analog output of 4~20mA.

(1) AM, AMI selection

Select a signal to output from the following options:

Relation code

b080: AM adjustment C028: AM selection C029: AMI selection

C086 : AM offset adjustment C087 : AMI adjustment C088 : AMI offset adjustment

Set item	Function code	Data	Description	Full scale value
		00	Output frequency	0 ~ Max.frequency(Hz)
		01	Output current	0 ~ 200%
		02	Output torque	0 ~ 200%
AM selection/	C028/C029	04	Output voltage	0 ~ 100%
AMI selection	tion	05	Input electric power	0 ~ 200%
		06	Thermal load ratio	0 ~ 100%
		07	LAD frequency	0 ~ Max.frequency(Hz)

(Note 1) Display substitutes only at the time of the sensorless vector control, 0Hz domain sensorless vector control and vector control.

(2) AM adjustment, AMI adjustment

This function is used to calibrate a meter connected to the AM and AMI terminal.

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
AM adjustment	b080	0255.	After offset adjustment with C086, adjust according to memory.
AM offset Adjustment	C086	0.0-10.0	Units: V
AMI adjustment	C087	0255.	After offset adjustment with C088, adjust according to memory.
AMI offset Adjustment	C088	0.0-10.0	Units : mA

External thermistor(TH)

Temperature protection of the external machine is possible by the use of a Thermistor fitted to you motor.

Wire the thermistor between control terminals TH and CM1.

Set the following function according to the thermistor specification.

Relation code

b098 : Thermistor selection b099 : Thermistor error level C085 : Thermistor adjustment

Set item	Function code	Set value	Contents
		00	Invalid (No temperature protection by external thermistor)
Thermistor selection	b098	01	Valid notmal temperature/factor resistance element (For PTC)
		02	Valid (For NTC)
Thermistor error level	b099	0 ~ 9999.	Units :OHM Set the resistance value of temperature for trip according to thermistor methods.
Thermistor adjustment	C085	0.0 ~ 1000.	Use this as gain adjustment

Initialization setting

It is possible at any time to reinitialize the inverter parameters back to their factory default. The trip history can also be cleared at any time, however, if problems occur it will be difficult to fault find without the trip history for reference.

Initialization details are as follows.

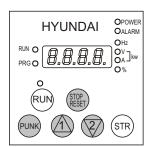
Relation code

b084 : Initialization selection b085 : Initial data selection

Set item	Function mode	Data	Description
		00	This clears only trip history
Initialization selectiom	b084	01	This only initalizes setting value. Setting value becomes the state on factory forwarding
		02	This clears trip history and initializes setting.
1 1 1 .		00	Initializing setting for Japan
Initial data selection	b085	01	Initializing setting for Europe
Selection		02	Initializing setting for America.

(Initialization methods)

After setting the above parameters, initialize as follows:



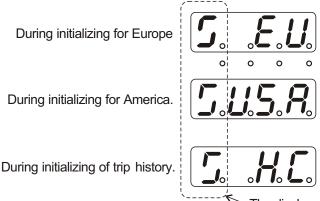
① Hold down the FUNC, UP and DOWN key and the press the stop key. When the display starts to flash and rotate release all the keys.



② During initializing Above display is for Japan. Other displays are below.



③ When "d001" is displayed in the monitor, initialization is complete.



The display revolves on the left.

Display selection

This function can be used to limit what the digital operator can display.

Relation code
b037 : Display selection
U001-U012 : User selection

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
		00	All display
		01	Function individual display (Display, no display by item set) (Example1)
Display selection	b037	02	User setting and b037 Only item set by user selection of U001 ~U012 is displayed. (Set U001 ~ U012 first.)
Licer colection	11004 11040	no	NO assignment.
User selection U001~U012		d001~P032	Select the code to display. (All code is an object.)

(Example 1) When the Display selection (b037) is set to 02, only the programmed parameters are displayed. TO set which parameters are displayed insert code groups on parameter U001-U012.

The table below shows which parameter groups can be displayed and what code is used in U001-U012.

No.	Function to restrict display	Data	Code	to be restricted display	Note	
1	A001	01		06,A011~A016,A101~A105, 14,C081~C083,C121~C123	0,01,02 terminal function	
2	A002	01,02,03,04,05		b087	stop key function	
	A019	00		A 000 A 005	Multi-speed function	
3	C001 ~ C008	02,03,04,05		A028~A035	Widiti-Speed function	
4	A044,A244	02		b100~b113	control methods	
5	A051	01		A052~A059	DC braking	
6	A071	01		A072~A076,C044	PID function	
7	A094	01		A095~A096	2stage adjustable	
8	A294	01		A295~A296	frequency	
9	b013,b213,b313	02		b015~b020	Electric thermal characteristic	
10	b021	01,02		b022,b023	Overload restriction	
11	b024	01,02	b025,b026		Overload restriction 2	
12	b095	01,02	b090,b096		BRD function	
13		06	A038,A039		Jogging	
14		08	F202,F203,A203,A204,A220, A241~A244,A261,A262,A292~A296, b212,b213,H202~H206, H220~H224,H230~H234,H250~H252,H260		2 nd control	
15	C001 ~ C008	11		b088	free-run stop	
16		17	F302,F303,A303,A304,A320, A342~A344,A392,A393,b312,b313,H306		3 rd control	
17		18	C102		reset	
18		27,28,29	C101		UP/DWN	
19	1011	00,01		A041~A243	Torque boost function	
20	A044	04		H060	OHz SLV limiter	
21	A244	00,01		A241~A243	Torque boost function	
22	/\Z TT	04		H260	OHz SLV limiter	
23	A044	03,04,05	b040~b046, H001	H002,H005,H020~H024,H030 ~H034,H050~H052,H060	Vector control	
23	A244	03,04	H070,H072	H202,H205,H220~H224,H230 ~H234,H250~H252,H260	- Vector Control	
24	A097	01,02,03		A131	Acceleration pattern constant	
25	A098	01,02,03		A132	Deceleration pattern constant	
26	b098	01,02		b099,C085	Thermistor function	
27	b050	01		b051~b054	Instantaneous power failure nonstop	

No.	Function to restrict display	Data	Code to be restricted display	Note
28	b120	01	b121~b126	Brake control
29		02,06	C042,C043	Frequency arrival signal
30		03	C040,C041	Overload advance notice
31	C021~	07	C055~C058	over torque
32	C025,C026	21	C063	Zero speed detection signal
33		24,25	C045,C046	Frequency arrival signal
34		26	C111	overload advance notice 2
35	H002	00	H020~H024	Motor constant
	11002	01,02	H030~H034	Motor constant(Auto-tuning)
36	H202	00	H220~H224	Motor constant
	11202	01,02	H230~H234	Motor constant(Auto-tuning)
37	P010	01	P011~P023,P025~P027	option function

Stabilized factor

When the motor is hunting or unstable, this function can be adjusted to help stabilize the motor.

Relation code

H006/H206/H306:

1st/2rd/3rd stabilized factor

When the motor is unstable, check the allowable motor selection (H003/H203) and motor pole selection (H004/H204) with your motor. If their code data is different from your motor specification, set the right data. When R1 of usage motor is less then R1 of regular motor, raise the set value of H006/H206 gradually. When you operate greate motor than rated capacity of inverter, lower the set value of H006/H206. The following two functions can also assist to reduce hunting or ratting of a motor.

- (1) Lower the carrier frequency (b083).
- (2) Lower the output voltage gain (A045).

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
Output gain	A045	20100.	Units: % Lower this when hunting occurs
Carrier		0.5-12.0 (5.5 to 75kW)	Units : kHz
frequency	frequency b083		Lower this when hunting occurs
Stabilized factor	H006/H206/H306	0255.	Raise or lower when hunting occurs.

Operation selection on option error

When an add-in option is the cause of protective trip this function can be used to switch the trip facility off and allow the Inverter to carry on it's operation

Relation code	е	COC	ıon	lat	Кe	.
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P001:Option1 operation selection on error P002:Option2 operation selection on error

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
Operation selection		00	TRP: inverter trip and output alarm when option error occurs.
on optional error	P001/P002	01	Run : inverter ignores this and continues operation when option error occurs.

Motor constant

Set each constant according to the motor you use.

H003/H203:1st/2nd allowable motor selection H004/H204:1st/2nd motor pole selection

In case of using several motors in parallel, set the constant values that are closest to the total capacity of the belonging motor.

Reduced torque or instability may occur while using auto torque boost function if these settings are incorrect.

Fuzzy most suitable acceleration and deceleration

Fuzzy acceleration and deceleration function eliminates setting of acceleration and deceleration time in using inverter.

Inverter acceleration time should be set every time before, but this function applies the theory of fuzzy, using inverter capability at its maximum, can set acceleration and deceleration time automatically.

Relation code

A044/A244/A344:1st/2nd/3rd control method A085: Running mode selection b021/b024:Overload restriction selection 1/2 b021/b024:Overload restriction level 1/2

The acceleration time is, a time for acceleration at the current specified by the overload restriction constant when it is valid, and a time for acceleration within 150% of the regular current when it is invalid.

The deceleration time is a time for decelerating so that the current does not exceed 150% of the specified one of the DC voltage in the inverter curcuit does not exceed 358V (770V for the 400V class).

The function sets the acceleration and deceleration time automatically in response to a change in the load or inertia in real time.

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
Running mode selection	A085	00	Normal running
		01	Energy conservation running
		02	Fuzzy running

Precautions

- (1) This function is not suitable for a machine which requires a constant acceleration and deceleration time. The acceleration and deceleration time varies with the magnitude of the load or inertia.
- (2) When the inertia of machine is more than about 20 times of the motor shaft, a trip may occur.
- (3) The acceleration and deceleration time of the same motor always varies with a change of the current.
- (4) The fuzzy most suitable acceleration and deceleration setting function is valid only the V/F control.
- (5) If the jogging running is executed when the fuzzy most suitable acceleration and deceleration setting function is selected, the normal jogging operation cannot be performed due to the fuzzy acceleration.
- (6) When the load is more than the rated one, the deceleration time may be increased.
- (7) When the acceleration and deceleration are repeated frequently, a trip may occur.
- (8) If an internal regenerating braking circuit is used, or an external braking unit is used, the moter cannot stop within the deceleration time set with a braking resistor. In this case, do not use the fuzzy suitable acceleration and deceleration function.
- (9) When using on class low motor against the inverter. Validate overload restriction function, than set the overload restriction level 1.5 times as high as rated output current of motor.

Principle

The acceleration and deceleration speed is set acceleration with the fuzzy rule from the distance to the overload restriction level and the start slopes of current and voltage.

Braking control function

This is a function that the inverter controls external braking used in systems like elevators. By braking control function selection (b120) is set to valid(01), this function is performed as the following below.

- (1) When running command turns on, the inverter begins to operate and accelerate to releasing frequency.
- (2) After output frequency arrives releasing frequency, the inverter output breaking releasing signal (BRK) after waiting for the time for confirmation of releasing braking which is set in (b121).

 However, if output current of the inverter is within releasing current which is set in (b121), braking releasing signal would not output the inverter would occur the trip and output braking error signal (BER).
- (3) When braking confirmation signal (BOK) is set to intelligent input terminal (when 44 is set to C001 C008), if braking releasing signal is outputted, the inverter would not accelerate just waiting time for braking confirmation which is set in (b124).
 - If braking confirmation signal is not inputted within waiting time for braking confirmation, the inverter would output braking error signal (BER) and would occur the trip.
 - If braking confirmation signal is not set to intelligent input braking terminal, the waiting confirmation would be invalid, and after the inverter would output braking releasing signal, proceed to (4).
- (4) After braking confirmation signal is inputted(after braking releasing signal is outputted when BOK is not selected), the inverter waits for the time for acceleration, and the begins to accelerates again and accerates to the frequency.
- (5) When running command turns off, the inverter decelerates to releasing frequency and turns braking releasing signal (BRK) off.
- (6) When braking confirmation signal (BOK) is set to intelligent input terminal (when 44 is set to C001-C008), after braking releasing signal turns off, the inverter would not decelerate during just the waiting time for braking confirmation which is set in (b124), and would wait for braking confirmation signal turning off. If braking confirmation signal does not turn off within the waiting time for braking confirmation, rhe inverter would output braking error signal (BER) and would occur the trip If braking confirmation signal is not set to intelligent input braking terminal, the waiting time for braking confirmation would be invalid and after the inverter would output braking releasing signal, proceed to (7).
- (7) After braking confirmation signal turns off (after braking releasing signal turns off), the inverter waits for the waiting time for stop, and then begins to decelerate again and decelerates to 0 Hz.

Relation code

b120 : Braking control selection

b121 : Waiting time for releasing braking conformation

b122 : Waiting time for acceleration

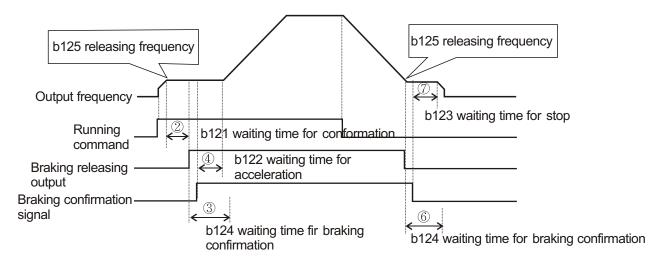
b123: Waiting time for stop

b124: Waiting time for signal conformation

b125 : Releasing frequency

b126 : Releasing current

C001-C008 : Intelligent input terminal C021-C025 : Intelligent output terminal



(Note) Timing chart that braking confirmation signal(44:BOK) is selected to intelligent input terminal.

When braking control function is used, if necessary, assign the following functions to intelligent input /output terminals. When signal outputted from external braking during releasing braking is inputted to intverter, one of intelligent output terminals (C001-C008) should be assigned braking comformation signal: BOK(44) One of intelligent output terminals (C021-C025) should be assigned tobraking signal: BRK(19) to release braking. And when output signal at the time of braking trouble is used, signal of braking touble: BER(20) should be assigned.

When braking control function is used, sensorless vector control(A44 to 03) or 0hz domain sensorless vector control(A11 to 04) which generates high torque at starting should be recommended.

Set item

Code	Function name	Setting range
b120	Braking control function selection	00(invalid)/01(valid)
b121	The waiting time for braking releasing confirmation	0.00-5.00 s
b122	Waiting time for acceleration	0.00-5.00 s
b123	Waiting time for stop	0.00-5.00 s
b124	Waiting time for braking confirmation	0.00-5.00 s
b125	Releasing frequency	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0 Hz
b126	Releasing current	0% of the rated current - 200% of the rated current

- b121: Set the time when output current arrives at releasing current after arriving at releasing frequency.
- b122: Set the mecanical late time to release braking from releasing signal outputting
- b123: Set the mecanical late time to stop braking from releasing signal off.
- b124: Set the more time to input releasing stop signal which braking outputs from releasing signal.
- b125: Set frequency to output braking releasing signal. Set up a bigger value than the start frequency.
- b126: Set output current to permit braking releasing. Be sure that the motor would slip down easily if setting current is low

In the following case, the inverter occurs trip and outputs braking error signal (BER). (braking error:E36)

- (1) In the case that output current is less than releasing curret after waiting time for braking releasing comfirmation.
- (2) When braking confirmation signal is used, in the case that braking confirmation signal does not turn on within waiting time for braking confirmation druing accelerating. In the case that braking confirmation signal does not turn off within waiting time for braking confirmation or braking confirmation signal turns off although braking releasing signal is outputted, during decelerating

Stopping deceleration at power OFF

This is a function that decelerates and stops not to exceed over voltage level (OV-LADSTOP: b052) after power turns off during running. Remove the electric wire of the J51 connector connected with the R0-T0 terminal when using this function. Next, connect an electric wire with the terminal R0 to the terminal P, and the terminal T0 to the terminal N. Give me an electric wire to use as more than 0.75mm². When selection of non-stop function at instanteneaous power failure is valid (b050), if power stop during running and at voltage less than starting voltage of non-stop function at instantaneous power of failure, at first the inverter would decelerate at

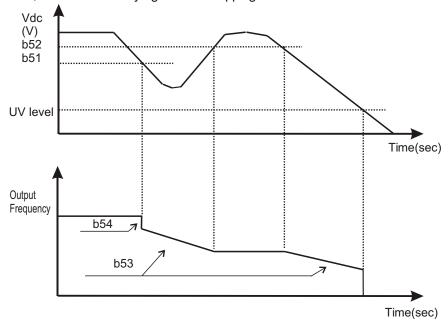
Relation code

- b050 : Selection of non-stop function at instantaneous power failure
- b051 : Starting voltage of non-stop function at instantaneous power failure
- b052 : Non-stop OV-LADSTOP level at instantaneous power failure
- b053 : Non-stop deceleration time at instantaneous power failure
- b054 : Starting deceleration width at instantaneous failure

width of starting deceleration at non-stop instantaneous power failure (b054) in width of frequency, and then it would decelerate at non-stop deceleration time at instantaneous power failure (b053). If it becomes over voltage due to genererating during deceleration (more than non-stop OV-LADSTOP level at instantaneous power failure: b052), the condition would be in LAD stop until over voltage is released.

Set item	Function code	Setting range, contents
Non-stop selection at instantaneous power failure		00 : Non-stop function at instantaneous power failur e invalid 01 : Non-stop function at instantaneous power failure valid
Starting voltage of non-stop function at instantaneous power failure	b051	0.0 - 1000.(V)
Non-stop instantaneous power failure LADSTOP level (Note1)	b052	0.0 - 1000.(V)
Non-stop deceleration time at instantaneous power failure	b053	0.01 - 99.99/ 100.0 - 999.9/ 1000.0 - 3600. (sec)
Starting deceleration width att instantaneous power failure	b054	0.00 - 10.00.(Hz)

- (Note 1) When non-stop OV-LADSTOP level at instantaneous power failure (b052) is less the starting voltage of non-stop function at instantaneous power failure (b051), be sure to raise non-stop OV-LADSTOP level at instantaneous power failure (b052) to starting voltage of non-stop function at instantaneous power failure (b052) and to perform. (However, be sure not to change setting range)
- (Note 2) This function is not canceled until it completes. When driving after power supply again during execution this function, terned on run key again after stopping inverter.



Motor constant selection

Motor constant used sensorless vector control and 0 Hz domain sensorless vector and vector control with sensor can be selected from the following the three.

- (1) Hyundai general purpose motor constant
- (2) Motor constant measured in offline autotuning
- (3) Optional setting motor constant

When selecting 3rd control mode, motor constant in 1st control mode appears.

Set item	Function code	Setting range	Contents
1 st /2 nd /3 rd control method	A044/A244/ A344	00 01 02(Note 1) 03 (Note 1) 04 (Note 1) 05 (Note 1)	Constant torque characteristics Reduced torque characteristics V/F free setting Sensorless vector control 0 Hz domain sensorless vector control FB optional vector control
1 st motor constant selection (Note 2)	H002	00 01 02	Hyundai general purpose motor constant Autotuning constant Autotuning constant (Online autotuning valid)
1 st motor capacity selection	H003	0.2-75.0/0.2-160	Unit: kW 5.5 to 75kW / 90 to 160kW
1 st motor pole selection	H004	2/4/6/8	Unit : pole
1 st motor constant R1	H020	0.000-65.53	Unit : ohm
1 st motor constant R2	H021	0.000-65.53	Unit : ohm
1 st motor constant L	H022	0.00-655.3	Unit : mH
1 st motor constant I0	H023	0.00-655.3	Unit : A
1 st motor constant J	H024	0.001-9999.	Unit: kgm2
1st autotuning motor constant R1	H030	0.000-65.53	Unit : ohm
1 st autotuning motor constant R2	H031	0.000-65.53	Unit : ohm
1 st autotuning motor constant L	H032	0.00-655.3	Unit : mH
1 st autotuning motor constant 10	H033	0.00-655.3	Unit : A
1 st autotuning motor constant J	H034	0.001-9999	Unit: kgm2

(Note 1) In 1st control method, it is possible to select setting range 00-02.

In 1st control method, it is possible to select setting range 00-02.

In 1st control method, it is possible to select setting range 00-01.

(Note 2) The second motor constant selection uses it with 00 (Hyundai standard motor constant).

Optional setting of motor constant

When motor constant is set optionally, function code is as the following below.

 1^{st} control is valid and motor constant is $00 \rightarrow \text{Input H020}$ - H024 directly.

 1^{st} control is valid and motor constant is 01/02 \rightarrow Input H030 - H034 directly.

1rd control is valid and motor constant is 00 → Input H020 - H224 directly.

When offline autotuning is not executed, in H030/H230 - H034/H234, the same frame constant as the constant (Hyundai general purpose motor constant) is set.

Communication function

Serial communication i possible from the Inverter to any external equipment using RS485 protocol. This function is built-in as standard and is controlled by the TM2 control terminals.

Relation code

A001 : Frequency selection

A002: Operation command selection

C070: Data command

C071: Communication transmission

speed

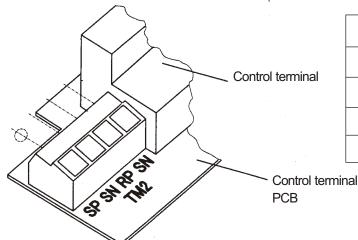
C072: Communication code C073: Communication bit C074: Communication parity C075: Communication stop bit C078: Communication waiting time

(1) Communication specification

Item	Specification	Notes
Transmission speed	2400/4800/9600/19200 bps	Selection with operator
Communication methods	Half duplex communication methods	
Synchronising methods	Direct current transmission	
Transmission code	ASCII code	
Transmission methods	Transmission from lower bit	
Communication interface	RS485	
Data bit	7/8 bit	Selection with
		Operator
Parity	No parity/even/odd	Selection with
		Operator
Stop bit	1/2bit	Selection with
		Operator
Start methods	One-way start form by command of host side	
Waiting time	10-1000[ms]	Setting with
		operator
Connect form	1:N (N = Maximum 32)	station number is
		selected with
		operator
Error check	Overrun / Fleming / BCC / Vertical / Horizontal parity.	

<RS485 port specification and connection>

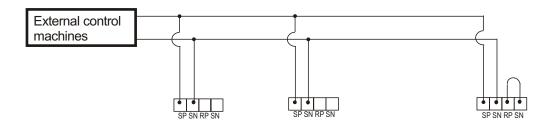
Use TM2 of control terminal PCB of RS485 communication function.



Abbreviation name	Description
SP	Transmission and Reception + side
SN	Transmission and Reception + side
RP	Transmission resistance valid terminal
SN	Transmission resistance valid terminal

Connect each inverter in parallel as shown below. It is necessary to short terminals RP and SN on the last inverter in the link(even if communication is to only one inverter the link should still be mabe)

By shorting between RP and SN, the terminal resistance is increased and controls the reflection of the signal.



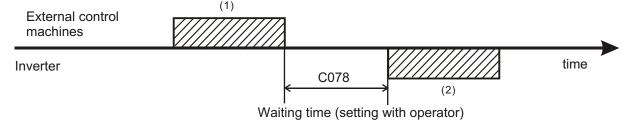
(2) Setting

The following setting are required to operate RS485 communication

Set item	Function code	Set value	Description	
		02	Operator	
Data command	C070	03	RS485	
Data command	0070	04	Option 1	
		05	Option 2	
		02	Loop-back test	
Communicating		03	2400bps	
transmission	C071	04	4800bps	
speed		05	9600bps	
		06	19200bps	
Communication code	C072	1. ~32.	This assigns the station number of the inverter. This is used when you control more than one simultaneously.	
Communication bit	C073	7	7bit	
		8	8bit	
Communication	C074	00	No parity	
		01	Even parity	
parity	02		Odd parity	
Communicatio bit	C075	1	1bit	
		2	2bit	
Communication waiting time	C078	0. ~1000.	Units : ms Refer to it.(3)	

(3) Communication protocol

The method the communication protocol is shown below in the time diagram.



The following is indicated.

- (1) Frame transmitted from external control machines to the inverter.
- (2) Frame replied from inverter to the external control machines.

Frame 92) from the inverter is a reply to frame (1) from the external control machine, the active output is not operated.

The commands are shown below:

Command list

Command	Command description	Advisability of all code	Notes
00	Forward / backward /stop command		
01	Setting of frequency command		
02	Setting of intelligent terminal state		
03	Collective reading of monitor data	X	
04	Reading of inverter state	X	
05	Reading of trip history	X	This doesn't operate unless b084
06	Reading of 1 setting item	X	is set to (01 or 02). (Clear of the
07	Setting of 1 set item		trip origin)
08	Returning of each set value to initial value		
09	This checks whether set value can be conserved	X	
	to EEPROM or not.		
0A	This conserves set value to EEPROM		
0B	Recalculation of internal constant.		

Explanation of each command is the following.

(i) 00 command: This controls the forward, backward and stop command. (Set yp A002 in 03 in the case that this command is used)

Transmission frame

Frame format

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	00
Data	Transmission data	1 byte	(Note 1) reference
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

Data	Description	Note
0	Stop command	
1	Forward command	
2	Reverse command	

(Note 1)

(Example) When you transmit forward command to code 01

(STX)I01I00I1I(BCC)I(CR) → 02I03 31I30 30I31I33 30I0D

ASCII converter

Reply frame

On normal reply : (4)-(i) Reference On abnormal reply : (4)-(ii) Reference

(ii) 01 command: This is to set frequency command. (Set up A001 in 03 in the case that this command is used.) Transmission frame

Frame format

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	01
Data	Transmission data	6 byte	(Note 2) reference
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

(Note 2) when you set code 01 for 5Hz

(STX)|01|00|11(BCC)|(CR) ASCII converter → 02|03 31|30 30 30 35 30 30 |30 35|00

(Note) The data is 100 times as big as set value.

(Example) 5(Hz) → 500 → 000500 ASCII converter 30 30 30 35 30 30

Reply frame

On normal reply : (4)-(i) Reference On abnormal reply : (4)-(ii) Reference

(iii) 02 command: This sets the state of the intelligent terminals. Transmission frame

Frame format

STX	Code	Command	Data	BCC	CR	
-----	------	---------	------	-----	----	--

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	02
Data	Transmission data	16 byte	(Note 3) reference
BCC	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

(Note3) Data (sixteenth) of intelligent terminal and contents (the details refer to intelligent input terminal function.)

Data (Hex)	Description	Data (Hex)	Description
00000000000000001	FW: forward command	000000001000000	PIDC: PID integral reset
000000000000000000002	RV: reverse command	0000000002000000	
0000000000000004	CF1: multi-speed1(binary operation)	0000000004000000	CAS: control gain switch function
8000000000000000	CF2: mu lti-speed2(binary operation)	00000000080000000	UP: remote operation Accelerating speed
0000000000000010	CF3: multi-speed3(binary operation)	000000010000000	DWN: remote operation Decelerate speed
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	CF4: multi-speed4(binary operation)	0000000020000000	UDC: remo te operation data clear
0000000000000040	JG: jogging(inching operation)	0000000040000000	
080000000000000000000000000000000000000	DB : external DC control	0000000080000000	OPE: Force operation ope
000000000000100	SET: 2 nd control	0000000100000000	SF1 : multi-speed1(bit run)
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	2CH: two stage adjustable	0000000200000000	SF2 : multi-speed2(bit run)
0000000000000400	-		SF3 : multi-speed3(bit run)
008000000000000000000000000000000000000	FRS: free-run stop	0000000800000000	SF4 : multi-speed4(bit run)
000000000001000	EXP: external trip		SF5 : multi-speed5(bit run)
0000000000002000	USP: unattended start protection	0000002000000000	SF6 : multi-speed6(bit run)
0000000000004000	CS: commercial change	0000004000000000	SF7 : multi-speed7(bit run)
000800000000000000000000000000000000000	SFT: software lock (control terminal)	000000800000000	OLR: overload restriction setting
000000000010000	AT: analog input voltage/current select	0000010000000000	
0000000000020000	SET3:3 rd control	0000020000000000	TRQ1: Torque limit 1 switch
0000000000040000	RS:reset	0000040000000000	TRQ2: Torque limit 2 switch
0000800000	-		PPI: P/PI control switch
000000000100000	STA: 3wire start	0000100000000000	BOK: Brake confirmation
0000000000200000	STP: 3wire holding	00002000000000000	ORT: Orientation command
0000000000400000	F/R: 3wire forward	0000400000000000	LAC : LAD Cancel
0000000000800000	PID: PID selection (valid/invalid)	0000800000000000	PCLR: Position command
		00010000000000000	STAT : Pulse train input permission

(Example) When you make (forward), (multi-speed1) and (multi-speed2) active on inverter setting of code 01, the

so transmission frame is (STX) I01I02I00000000000000DI(BCC)I(CR)

Reply frame

On normal reply: Refer to (4) -(i) On abnormal reply: Refer to (4)-(ii)

(iv) 03 command: This reads monitor data collectively.

Transmission frame

Frame format

STX Code Command E	BCC CR
--------------------------	--------

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	03
BCC	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

Frame format

STX Code Data	BCC CR
---------------	--------

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Data	Each monitor data on trip	104 byte	(Note 4) reference
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

(Note 4) Each monitor value

Monitor item	Units	Competitive rate	Data size	Note	
Output frequency	Hz	x100	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	
Output current	Α	x10	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	ite
Revolution direction	-	-	8byte	0: stop, 1:forward, 2:backward	r b
PID feedback monitor	%	x100	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	lower bite
Intelligent input monitor	-	-	8byte	Note 7 reference	9
Intelligent output monitor	-	-	8byte	*5) reference	İ
Frequency converting monitor	-	x100	8byte	*6) reference	İ
Output torque monitor	%	x1	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	
Output voltage monitor	V	x10	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	
Electric power monitor	kW	x10	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	<u>i</u>
-	-	-	8byte	(00000000) padding data	r b
RUN time monitor	h	x1	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	Upper bite
ON time monitor	h	x1	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	Ų

(Note 5) Intelligent input terminal monitor

(Note 6) Intelligent output terminal monitor

Item	Data
FW(Forward terminal)	0000001
1 (1 st terminal)	00000002
2 (2 nd terminal)	0000004
3 (3 rd terminal)	8000000
4 (4 th terminal)	00000010
5 (5 th terminal)	00000020
6 (6 th terminal)	00000040
7 (7 th terminal)	0800000
8 (8 th terminal)	000000100

Item	Data
AL(Alarm terminal)	0000001
11 (1 st terminal)	00000002
12 (2 nd terminal)	00000004
13 (3 rd terminal)	8000000
14 (4 th terminal)	00000010
15 (5 th terminal)	00000020

⁽v) 04 command: This reads the state of the inverter.

Transmission frame Frame format

STX	Code	Command	всс	CR

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	04
BCC	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

Replay frame Frame format

STX Code Data BCC CR

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Data	Each monitor data on trip	8 byte	(Note 7) reference
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

(Note 7) The data to indicate status contents of inverter is constructed from the following three factors [A), B), C)].

Data	Status A	Status B	Status C	00(reservation)

Inver status A)

Code	Status		
00	Initial status		
01	Vdc on waiting settlement		
02	On stopping		
03	On running		
04	On FRS		
05	On JG		
06	On DB		
07	On reading frequency		
08	On retrying		
09	On UV		
10	On TRIP		
11	On waiting reset		

Inver status B)

Code	Status
00	On stopping
01	On running
02	On tripping

Inver status C)

Code	Status
00	
01	Stop
02	Deceleration speed
03	Constant speed
04	Acceleration speed
05	Forward
06	Reverse
07	Reverse from forward
08	Forward from reverse
09	Forward start
10	Reverse start

(vi) 05 command: This reads trip history data.

Transmission frame Frame format

STX Code Command	BCC	CR
------------------	-----	----

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	05
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

Replay frame Frame format

STX Code Data BCC CR

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Data	Each monitor data on trip	440 byte	(Note 8) reference
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

(Note 8) The monitor data (trip history) on trip memorizes the last six errors six errors sith an accumulated count number (8byte)

Accumulated count number	Trip history 1	 Trip history 6	
oodiit Halliboi			t

Monitor item	Units	Magnification	Data size	Note	
Trip factor Inverter status A)	-	-	8byte 8byte	Cord display	ŗ
Inverter status B)	-	_	8byte	04 command	Upper
Inverter status C)	-	-	8byte	Note 7 reference	5
Output frequency	Hz	x10	8byte		
Accumulated RUN time	hour	x1	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	
Output frequency	Α	x10	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	Lower
Current voltage	V	x10	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	Ĺ
Accumulated RUN time	hour	x1	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	
Power source ON time	hour	x1	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	

(vii) 06 command: This returns 1 set item.

Transmission frame Fra

ame format	STX	Code	Command	Parameter	ВСС	CR
------------	-----	------	---------	-----------	-----	----

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	08
Parameter	Parameter number of data	4 byte	(Note 9)
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

(Note9) The range of parameter to get, F002-, A001-, b001-, C001-, H003-, P001- (F001 uses 01 command).

Replay frame

Frame format On normal reply

STX	Code	ACK	Data	всс	CR

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
ACK	Control code(ACKnowledge)	1 byte	ACK (0x06)
Data	Data (tenth ASCII code)	8 byte	(Note 10)
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

(Note 10) When data is the selected item, this transmits and receives corresponding to station number. The data of H003, H203(motor capacity capacity selection) is indicated following code data.

Code data	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10
Internal, USA mode (b085=00,02)	0.2kW	-	0.4	-	0.75	-	1.5	2.2	-	3.7	-
EU mode (b085=01)	0.2kW	0.37	-	0.55	0.75	1.1	1.5	2.2	3.0	-	4.0
Code data	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Internal, USA mode (b085=00,02)	5.5kW	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75
EU mode (b085=01)	5.5kW	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75

Refer to the function code list please On abnormal reply : (4) - (ii) Reference

(viii) 07 command: This sets 1 set item.

Transmission frame Command Parameter BCC STX Code Data CR Frame format

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32, FF(broadcast)
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	08
Parameter	Parameter number of data	4 byte	(Note 9)
Data	Data (tenth ASCII code)	8 byte	(Note 10)
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

Reply frame

On normal reply: (4) - (i) Reference On abnormal reply: (4) - (ii) Reference

(ix) 08 command: This returns each set value set value initial value.

This works in conjunction with initial selection (b084). If b084 is 00, the trip history is cleared.

Transmission frame

Frame format

STX	Code	Command	всс	CR
-----	------	---------	-----	----

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	08
BCC	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

Replay frame

On normal reply: (4) - (i) Reference On abnormal reply: (4) - (ii) Reference

(x) 09 command: This check whether it is possible to store value to EEPROM or not.

Transmission frame Frame format

STX Code Command BCC CR

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	09
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

Transmission frame Frame format

STX	Code	ACK	Data	ВСС	CR

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
ACK	Control code(ACKnowledge)	1 byte	ACK(0x06)
Data	Data	2 byte	Allowance with01
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

On normal reply : (4) - (i) Reference

(xi) OA command: This stores the set value to the EEPROM.

Transmission frame

Frame format

STX	Code	Command	BCC	CR
-----	------	---------	-----	----

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	OA
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

Replay frame

On normal reply: (4) - (i) Reference On abnormal reply: (4) - (ii) Reference

(vii) 0B command: This recalculates the internal motor constants.

This function is required when base frequency and parameter of H.... Is changed by Rs485 Transmission frame

Frame format

STX	Code	Command	BCC	CR

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	ОВ
BCC	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

Replay frame

On normal reply: (4) - (i) Reference On abnormal reply: (4) - (ii) Reference

- (4) Acknowledge / Negative acknowledge response
 - (i) Acknowledge response Reply frame

Frame format

STX	Code	ACK	BCC	CR
-----	------	-----	-----	----

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
ACK	Control code(ACKnowledge)	1 byte	ACK(0x06)
BCC	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

(ii) Negative acknowledge response

Reply frame

Frame format

STX	Code	NAK	Error code	BCC	CR
					. 1

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of Text)	1 byte	STX (0×02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01~32
NAK	Control code(ACKnowledge)	1 byte	ACK(0x06)
Error code	Error code Communication	2 byte	(Note11)
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0×0D)

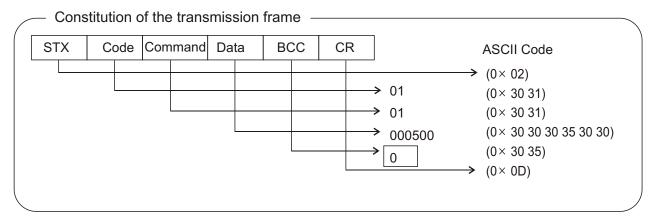
(Note 11) Error code list

Inverter doesn't reply on all code communication

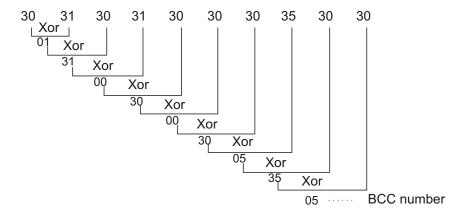
Error code	Contents
01H	Parity error
02H	Sun check error
03H	Framing error
04H	Overrun error
05H	Protocol error
06H	ASCII code error
07H	Reception buffer overrun error
08H	Reception time out error
-	-
-	-
11H	Error for abnormal command
12H	-
13H	Practice disapproval error
14H	-
15H	-
16H	Parameter abnormal error
17H	-

(5) About the calculation of BCC (the Block Check Code)

(Example) 5Hz is set up by using 01 command (the setting of the frequency command). (When the code of the inverter of the object is "01")



BCC is the result that transforms the Code \sim Data into ASC II Code and took an EXCLUSIVE OR (Xor) every 1byte. In the case of the above transmission frame, BCC calculates it as follows.



(Appendix) ASCII code transformation table

Character data	ASC code
STX	02
ACK	06
CR	0D
NAK	15
0	30
1	31
2	32
3	33
4	34
5	35
6	36
7	37
8	38
9	39

Character data	ASC II code
Α	41
В	42
С	43
D	44
E	45
F	46
Н	48
Р	50

(6) Communication test mode

The communication test mode checks the communication line of RS485.

(The communication test mode procedure)

- (i) Please remove the wiring of terminal unit TM2 of the control terminal unit foundation, to do the loop back check.
- (ii) Please set up the following with the operator of the inverter.
- (iii) Shut the power supply of the inverter at first and please turn on the power supply once again. The check is started.
- (iv) When the check ends the display is as follows.

Normal:	L	_	_	o
Abnormal:	L	•	•	

(v) Please push the reset button of the digital operator or copy unit. And, the setting of C071 is returned to the setting of an original request.

4.4 Protection function list

4.4.1 Protection function

4.4.1 Protection functio	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Name	Description		Display of digital operator	Display of remote operator /Copy unit ERR1***
	Motor is restricted and decelerates	At constant speed	E 0 1	OC. Drive
Over-current protection	rapidly, excessive current is drawn through the inverter and there is a	On deceleration speed	E 0 2	OC. Decel
2.5. 555.1k protostori	risk of damage. Current protection circuit operates and the inverter	On acceleration speed	E 0 3	OC. Accel
	output	Other	EOY	Over.C
Overload protection(Note1)	When the inverter detects an overload in the electronic thermal overload operates and the switched off.		E 0 5	over. L
Braking resistor overload protection	When BRD exceeds the usage ratio of the reger resistor, the over-voltage circuit operates and the switched off.	nerative braking inverter output is	E 0 8	OL. BRD
Over-voltage protection	When regenerative energy from the motor excelevel, the over -voltage circuit operates and the is witched off.	eds the maximum n verter output is	E 0 7	Over.V
EEPROM error (Note2)	When EEPROM in the inverter is subject to radi unusual temperature rises, the inverter output is		E 0 8	EEPROM
Under-voltage	When the incoming voltage of inverter is low, th circuit can 't operate correctly. The under-voltag and the inverter output is switched off.	e control e circuit operates	E09	Under.V
CT error	When an abnormality occurs to a ct (current dete the inverter output is switched off.	E 1 0	CT	
CPU error	When a mistaken action causes an error to the the inverter output is switched off.	E 1 1	CPU	
External trip	When a signal is given to the EXT intelligent in the inverter output is switched off. (on external tr	E12	EXTERNAL	
USP error	This is the error displayed when the inverter postill in the RUN mode. (Valid when the USP fund	wer is restored while ction is selected)	E13	USP
Ground fault protection	When power is turned ON, this detects ground the inverter output and the motor.	faults between	EIY	GND. FIt
Incoming over-voltage protection	When the incoming voltage is higher than the sy this detects it for 60 seconds then the over -volt operates and inverter output is switched off.	ecification value, age circuit	E 15	OV. SRC
Temporary power loss protection	When an instantaneous power failure occurs for the inverter output is switched off. Once the inst failure wait time has elap sed and the power has it is regarded as a normal power failure. However, when the operation command is still 0 selection the inverter will restart. So please be c	antaneous power not be en restored	E18	Inst. P-F
Abnormal temperature	When main circuit temperature raises by stoppir the inverter output is switched off.	ng of cooling fan,	E 2 1	OH. FIN
Gate Allay error	Communication error between CUP and gate at	ray indicate	E23	GA
Open-phase protection	When an open - phase on the input supply or inverter output is switched off.	ccurs the	E24	PH. Fail
IGBT error	When an instantaneous over -current is detected on the output the inverter output is switched off to protect the main devices.		E 3 0	IGBT
Thermistor error	When the inverter detects a high resistance o input from the motor the inverter output is swi		E35	TH
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		

Item	Contents	Display of digital panel	Display of remote operator /Copy unit ERR1***
Abnormal brake	When inverter cannot detect switching of the brake(ON/OFF) after releasing the brake and for waiting for signal condition(b124) When the braking control selection(b120) is enable)	E 36.	BRAKE
Option 1 error 0-9	These indicate the error of option1, You can realize the details each instruction manual.	E 60.0 ~ E 69.0	OP1 0~9
Option 2 error 0-9	These indicate the error of option2, You can realize the details each instruction manual.	E 70.0 ~ E 79.0	OP2 0~9
During under-voltage waiting	When the incoming voltage of the inverter has dropped, the inverter output is switched off and the inverter waits.		UV. WAIT

Note 1) After a trip occurs and 10 second pass, restart with reset operation.

Note 2) When EEPROM error **[F []B** occurs, confirm the setting data again.

Note 3) Protection function list of optional board.

(1) Feed-back board(N-FB)

Item	Contents		Display of remote operator ERR1***
Encoder line break	Detect the line or disconnection of the encoder line. Detect when there is an encoder failure. Detect when the specification of encoder is not line driver type. Detect when there is no Z pulse.	E60.07 E70.00	OP1-0, OP2-0
Over speed	Detect when motor rotation speed exceeds.	E61. a~ E11. a	OP1-1], OP2-1
Positioning error	Detect when the deviation of the current position and command value becomes more than 1,000,000pules during position controlling	E62.0~E72.0	OP1-2, OP2-2
Connection error	Detect abnormal connection between the inverter main bady and N-FB.	E69.00^ E79.00	OP1-9 , OP2-9

(2) Digital-input option board(N-DG)

Item	Contents	-1 7 -	Display of remote perator ERR1***
SJ-DG Error	Detect abnormal connection between the inverter main bady and N-DG	E60.00~ E70.00	OP1-0 , OP2-0

(3) DeviceNet option board (N-DN)

Item	Contents		Display of remote operator ERR1***
Device-Net communication error	This error is displayed, disconnection occurs when bus off or timeout is occurred, while the inverter is operating with Device Net. (Trip is caused by P045 and P048 setting)	E60.0^E70.0	OP1-0, OP2-0
Duplicate MACID	This error indicates that component have the same MACID, which exist on the same network.	E61. a~ E11. a	OP1-1], OP2-1
External trip	This error is displayed, when fault / Trip is set to 1 toward control supervisor object data: Instance 1, Attribute 17.	E62.0^E72.0	OP1-2, OP2-2
Inverter communication error	This error is displayed, when communication timeout occurs between the inverter and the option board.	E69.0^E79.0	OP1-9, OP2-9

Note 4) If the inverter doesn't run normally or the inverter trips, check the dip switch and/or rotary switch setting on optional board

(1) Feed-back board (N-FB)

DIP-SWITCH	SWITCH NO.		Contents								
	1	ON	Detection of disconnect A or B signal is valid								
SWENC	'	OFF	Detection of disconnect A or B signal is invalid.								
	2	ON	Detection of disconnect Z signal is valid								
		OFF	Detection of disconnect Z signal is valid								
	4	OFF	Terminal resistance is provided between SAP and SAN (150 ohm)								
SWR	'	ON	No terminal resistance is provided between SAP and SAN								
	2	OFF	Terminal resistance is provided between SBP and SBN (150 ohm)								
	2	ON	No terminal resistance is provided between SBP and SBN								

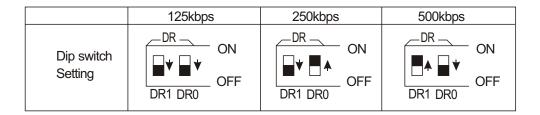
(2) Digital-input option board (N-DG)

PAC	Position setting
1 2 code 0.01Hz 0.1Hz 1Hz Rate 0.01Sec 0.1sec 1% PAC 1	
PAC	1Pulse
PAC	II disc
Cone time	
Input mode at OFF)	
mode at OFF)	
BIN (Binary input at 1 0 0	
BIN (Binary input at 1 0 0	
(Binary input at 1 0 0	
input at 1 0	0
liputat	
OFF) 2 O	
3 0	
BCD DIV 4 O	
(Dividing	0
input at ON) input 7	
mode at	
ON) 8 0	
B O	

(3) Device Net option board(N-DN)

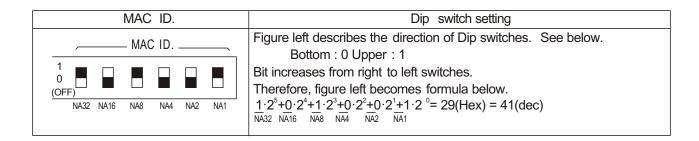
The table below is the setting method of Baud rate (Front view of the option board)

 (\downarrow,\uparrow) indicate direction for switch of Dip switch)

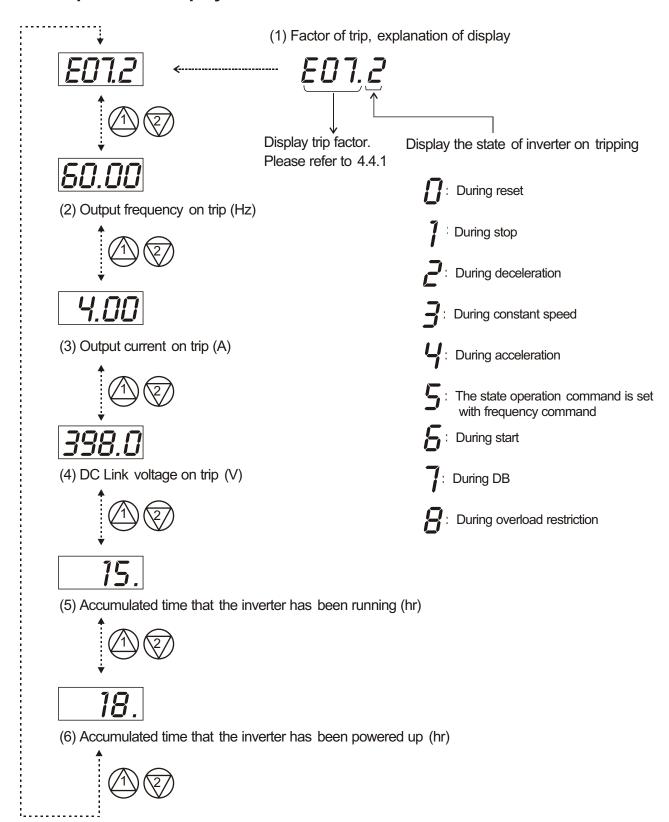


(Note) Do not switch on DR1 and DR0 at the same time.

The table below is the setting method of MAC ID (Front view of the option board)



4.4.2 Trip monitor display



4.4.3 Warning Monitor display

Relation code

d090: Warning Monitor

Warning message will appear when the data set is contradicting to others. Program lamp (PRG) turns ON during the warning (until the data is changed). Below is the description of the warning.

Warning	Codes	<,>	Basic code			
_ 001/ _ 201	Frequency upper limiter A061/261	>				
- 002/ - 202	Frequency lower limiter A062/A262	>				
_ 004/ _ 204/ _ 304	Base frequency A003/A203/A303	>	Maximum frequency			
_ 005/ _ 205/ _ 305	Output frequency F001, Multi stage speed 0 A020 /A220/A320	>	A004/A204/A304			
_ 006/ _ 206/ _ 306	Multi stage speed1 ~15 A021 ~A035	>				
_ 012/ _ 212	Frequency upper limiter A062/262	>	F			
- 015/ - 215	Output frequency F001, Multi stage speed 0 A020/A220	>	Frequency upper limiter A061/A261			
_ 016/ _ 216	Multi stage speed1 ~15 A021 ~A035	>	7,001/7,201			
- 021/ - 221	Frequency upper limiter A061/261	<	Frequency lower limiter			
- 025/ - 225	Output frequency F001, Multi stage speed 0 A020/A220	<	A062/A262			
_ 031/ _ 231	Frequency upper limiter A061/261	<				
= 032/ = 232	Frequency lower limiter A062/A262	<				
- 035/ - 235/ - 335	Output frequency F001, Multi stage speed 0 A020/A220/A320	<	Starting frequency b082			
_ 036	Multi stage speed1 ~15 A021 ~A035	<				
_ 037	Jogging frequency A038	<				
_ 085/ _ 285/ _ 385	Output frequency F001, Multi stage speed 0 A020/A220/320	< >	Jump frequency 1/2/3 ±Jump width A063±A064 A065±A066			
_ 086	Multi stage speed1 ~15 A021 ~A035	<>	1 A063±A064 A065±A066 1 A067±A068 (Note 1)			
_ 091/ _ 291	Frequency upper limiter A061/261	>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
- 092/ - 292	Frequency lower limiter A062/A262	>				
_ 095/ _ 295	Output frequency F001, Multi stage speed 0 A020/A220	>	Free v/f frequency 7 b 112			
_ 096	Multi stage speed1 ~15 A021 ~A035	>				
	Free v/f frequency 1~6 b100, b102, b104,b106, b108, b110	>				
	Free v/f frequency 2~6 b102, b104, b106, b108, b110	<	Free v/f frequency 1 b100			
	Free v/f frequency 1 1 b100	>	Free v/f frequency 2 b102			
	Free v/f frequency 3~6 b104, b106 b108, b110	<	11 100 W 1104acrisy 2 5 102			
	Free v/f frequency 1, 2 b100, b10 2	>				
<u>-</u> 110	Free v/f frequency 4~6 b106, b108, b110	<	Free v/f frequency 3 b104			
	Free v/f frequency 1~3 b100, b102, b104	>				
	Free v/f frequency 5, 6 b108, b110	<	Free v/f frequency 4 b106			
	Free v/f frequency 1~4 b100, b102, b104, b106	>	Free v/f frequency 5 b108			
	Free v/f frequency 6 b110	<	Triee williequency 5 b 100			
	Free v/f frequency 1~5 b100, b102, b104, b106, b108	>	Free v/f frequency 6 b110			
	Free v/f frequency 2, 3 b017, b019	<	Free electronic thermal frequency 1 b015			
	Free v/f frequency 1 b015	>	Free electronic thermal			
- 120	Free v/f frequency 3 b019	<	frequency 2 b017			
	Free v/f frequency 1, 2 b015, b017	>	Free electronic thermal frequency 3 b019			

Warning is cleared when the setting fulfils the above condition. Data will be changed automatically to the basic code.

(Nete 1) The jump frequency will be automatically re-written to the lowest jump frequency (= Jump frequency - jump width)

NARNING

• After a lapse of more than 10 minutes after tuning off the input power supply, perform the maintenance and inspection.

Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.

· Make sure that only qualified persons will perform maintenance, inspection and part replacement. (Before starting the work, remove metallic objects from your person wristwatch, bracelet, etc.) (Be sure to use tools protected with insulation)

Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.

5.1 Precautions for Maintenance/Inspection

5.1.1 Daily inspection

Every day before operation check the following:

- [1] Does the motor operate according to the settings?
- [2] Is there any trouble with the surroundings of the installation?
- [3] Is there any trouble with the cooling or ventilation system?
- [4] Is there any abnormal vibration or sound?
- [5] Are their any signs of over-current or discoloration?
- [6] Is their any unusual odor present?

Check the input voltage to the inverter by using a meter during running

- [1] Is the supply voltage constant?
- [2] Are all the phases of the supply balanced?

5.1.2 Cleaning

Make sure that the inverter is not dirty when operating.

Wipe clean with a soft cloth and synthetic detergent.

(Note) Don't use solvents containing any of the following, acetone, benzene, toluene, alcohol etc.

As they can cause melting of the inverter surface, peeling of paint.

Never clean the display part of the digital operator with detergent of alcohol.

5.1.3 Regular inspection

Inspections should be regularly carried out on the parts that can't be inspected while the inverter is running.

- [1] Is there any trouble with the cooling system? ---- Cleaning of air filter etc.
- [2] Check that all screw terminals and fixings are tight as they may loosen due to vibration or temperature change etc.
- [3] Is there any corroison, damage to insulators?
- [4] Measurement of insulation resistance.
- [5] Check of cooling fan, smoothing capacitor, relay and exchange if necessary.

5.2 Daily inspection and regular inspection

			Ins	pection	cycle			
Inspection Parts	Inspection item	Inspection item	aily	Yea	ar	Inspection methods	Decision standard	Meter
			Da	1	2			
	Surroundings	Check temperature of surrounding, humidity, dust.	0			Refer to 2.1 Installing.	Temperature range is between-10 and 40 degrees. No dew present and humidity is below 90%	Thermometer, hygrometer, recorder
Whole	Whole equipment	Is there abnormal vibration, abnormal sound?	0			By watching, hearing.	No trouble	
	Power voltage	Is main circuit voltage normal?	0			Measurement of inverter terminal R,S,T phase voltage	Within alternating voltage allowable change.	Tester,digital multi-meter
	(1) Megger check Between circuit terminal and earth terminal (2) Are all screws terminals tight? (3) Is there any sign of over - voltage? (4) cleaning			0 0 0	0	(1) After you remove connector J61 from inside the inverter Take out the wiring of input/output of inverter main circuit terminal and control terminal, measure between parts shortened shortened terminal R,S,T,U,V,W,P,PD,N,RB and earth terminal with megger (2) Incremental clamping.	(1) To be over 5M ohm. (2) (3) No abnormality.	DC500V class megger
	Connection conductor/ electric line	(1) Is there warp in conductor? (2) Is there any damage of coating of wires?		0 0		(1) (2) By watching	(1) (2) No abnormality	
	Terminals	Is there any damage?		0		By watching.	No abnormality.	
Main circuit	Inverter parts converter parts	Resistance check between each terminal.			0	Take out connect of inverter, measure terminal between R,S,T and P,N between U,V,W and P,N with tester x 1 ohm range.	Refer to check method of 5.5 inverter, converter parts.	Analog form tester
	Smoothing capacitor	(1) Is there any liquid? (2) Does relief valve come out? Is there any swell? (3) Measure of allowable	00		0	(1), (2) By watching. (3) Measure with capacity measure	(1), (2) No abnormality (3) Over 80% of rated capacity.	Capacity meter
		static-electricity. (1) Is there abnormal		0		(1) By hearing	(1) No abnormality	
	Relay	sound in operation? (2) Is there damage to the contacts?		0		(2) By watching	(2) No abnormality	
	Resistor	(1) Is there any crack, discoloration of resistance insulator. (2) Confirm existance of breaking of wire.		0 0		(1) By watching cementing resistance. Curl type resistance. Take out connection to other side, measure it with tester.	(1) No abnormality Error to be within 10% of Display resistance.	Tester Digital multimeter
Control circuit protection circuit	Operation check	Confirm balance of each output phase voltage with inverter single operation. Operate sequence protection moving test. And no abnormality.		0 0	11	Measure inverter output terminal U,VW phase voltage. Short or open protection circuit output of inverter.	Phase voltage balance 200V/400V class is within 4V/8V. On sequence, to operate abnormality.	Digital multimeter rectification type voltmeter
Cooling system	Cooling fan	(1) Is there abnormal vibration, abnormal sound? (2) Is there loosening of connecting parts?	0	0		(1) Revolve by hands in the state of tone-on idle. (2) By watching.	(1) Revolving smooth. (2) No abnormality.	
Display	Display	(1) Is the LED lamp illuninated? (2) Cleaning.	0	0		(1) Lamp indicates lamp on operator. (2) Cleaning with cloth.	(1) Confirm light.	
	Meter	Is direction value Normal?	0	0		Confirm indication value of board meter.	Satisfy normal value, control value.	Voltage meter, current meter
Motor	Whole	(1) Is there abnormal signal, abnormal sound? (2) Is there any abnormal odour?	0			(1) By hearing, feeling, watching. (2) Abnormal odour from overheat, damage etc. confirmation.	(1)(2) No abnormality.	
	Inslated resistance	(1) Megger check (terminal collection earth terminal)			0	Remove connection to U,V and W and disconnect motor wiring.	(1) To be over 5M ohm.	DC500V Megger

(Note) Lifetime of the capacitors depends on the ambient temperature.

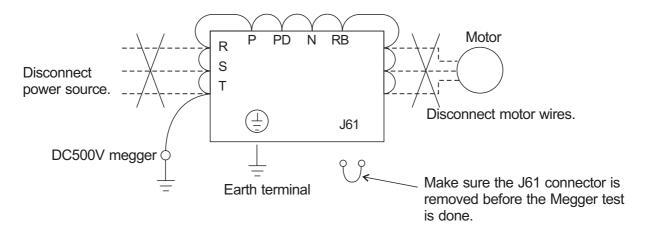
5.3 Megger test

When executing a megger test on the inverter remover all wires to R, S, T, PD, N, RB, U, V and W. Do not use a megger or buzzer on the control circuit only use a digital multi-meter.

(Megger Voltage 500V DC)

Execute megger test is complete, reconnect the J61 connector has been removed. Short terminals of R, S, T, PD, P, N, RB, U, V, and W.

After the megger test is complete, reconnect the J16 connector as before.



5.4 Withstand Voltage test

Never perform a withstand voltage test on the inverter.

The inverter main circuit uses semiconductors. Semiconductors can deteriorate when a withstand voltage test is performed.

5.5 The method to check Inverter, converter part

A test is possible to check quality.

(Preparation)

- [1] Take out the power lines (R, S and T0 connected to the inverter, the motor connection lines(U, V and W) and the regenerative control resistance (P and RB)
- [2] Prepare tester. (Using range of 1 ohm resistance measure range) (How to check)

It is possible to check the quality of the charging state of the terminals R, S, T, U, V, W RB, P and N of the inverter and the pole of the rester by measuring the charging state.

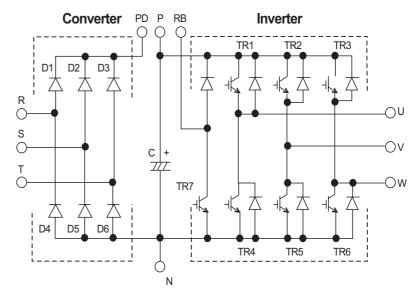
(Note 1) Before you measure the voltage between P and N with DC current range, confirm that the smoothing capacitor is discharged fully, execute checks.

(Note 2) Almost infinite value is indicated on no conducting.

With the effect of the smoothing capacitor, the inverter conducts instantly and an infinite value isn't indicated. Ohm-number 10 ohms is indicated on conducting.

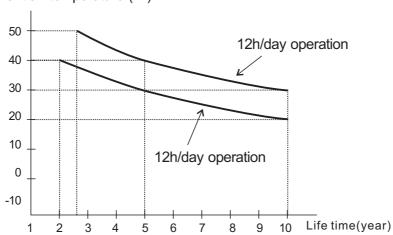
The values indicated will not be exactly the same for each terminal, however they will be very close together. If there is a significant difference a problem may exist.

			of tester	Measure		
		⊕ Red	⊖(Black)	value		
	D1	R	PD	No-conduct		
	D1	PD	R	Conduct		
	D2	S	PD	No-conduct		
	D2	PD	S	Conduct		
_	D3	Т	PD	No-conduct		
Converter		PD	Т	Conduct		
Š	D4	R	N	Conduct		
ပိ	D4	N	R	No-conduct		
	D5	S	N	Conduct		
		N	S	No-conduct		
	D6	Т	N	Conduct		
	_ D0	N	Т	No-conduct		
	TR1		Р	No-conduct		
	1111	U P	U	Conduct		
	TR2		U P V	No-conduct		
	11172	V P	V	Conduct		
<u>_</u>	TR3	W	P W	No-conduct		
Inverter	1113	W P	W	Conduct		
l %	TR4	U	N	Conduct		
_	1114	N	U	No-conduct		
	TR5	V	N	Conduct		
	1113	N	V	No-conduct		
	TR6	W	N	Conduct		
	11.0	N	W	No-conduct		
7		RB	Р	No-conduct		
BR part	TD7	Р	RB	Conduct		
<u>κ</u>	TR7	RB	N	No-conduct		
ш		N	RB	No-conduct		



5.6 Capacitor Life Curve

Ambient air temperature (°C)



(Note 1)

Ambient air temperature means the surrounding temperature of the inverter. In case the inverter is installed in a cabinet, ambient air temperature is the temperature of the internal air of the cabinet.

(Note 2)

DC bus capacitors are recommended to be replaced every 5 years. And if the inverter is used in a worse condition, this recommended replacing period is reduced.

6.1 Standard specification list

(1) 200V class

Inverter Model			N300- 055LFP	N300- 075LFP	N300- 110LFP	N300- 150LFP	N300- 185LFP	N300- 220LFP	N300- 300LFP	N300- 370LFP	N300- 450LFP	N300- 550LFP	N300- 750LFP		
Max. Applicadie Motor 4P (kW)			5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75		
Rate		200V	7.6	10.4	15.2	20.0	25.2	29.4	39.1	48.4	58.5	72.7	93.5		
Alten (kVA)	nating (240V	9.1	12.5	18.2	24.1	30.3	35.3	46.9	58.1	70.2	87.2	112.2		
	ed inpu g volta	ut altem- ge	Thre	Three-phase 200-240V(±10%) 50/60Hz											
Rate	ed outp age	out	Three-pl	nase 200-2	40V(This c	orresponds	to recevin	g voltage.)							
	Rated output current (A) 22 30 44 58 73 85 113 140 169				210	270									
ı	Reg	enerative trol	ļ	BRD circuit	built-in		Regenerative unit is required								
Stating	Minimum Resistance To be connected (OHM)		17	17	17	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		

(2) 400V class

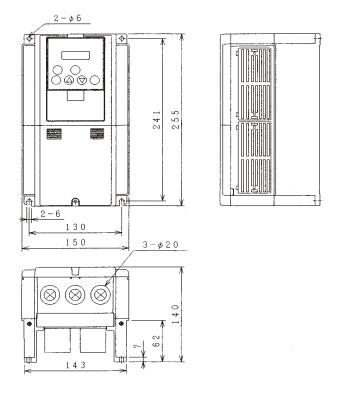
Inverter Model		N300- 055HFP	N300- 075HFP		N300- 150HFP	N300- 185HFP	N300- 220HFP	N300- 300HFP	N300- 370HFP	N300- 450HFP	N300- 550HFP	N300- 750HFP		N300- 1100HFP	N300- 1320HFP	N300- 1600HFP	
Max. Applicadie Motor 4P (kW)		5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160	
Rated input Altem		200V	7.6	10.4	15.2	20.0	25.6	29.7	39.4	48.4	58.8	72.7	93.5	111	135	159	204
(kVA)		240V	9.1	12.5	18.2	24.1	30.7	35.7	47.3	58.1	70.1	87.2	112	133	162	191	245
	Rated input altem- ating voltage			Three-phase 380-480V(±10%) 50/60Hz													
	Rated output voltage		Three-phase 380-480V(This corresponds to receving voltage.)														
	Rated output current (A)		11	15	22	29	37	43	57	70	85	105	135	160	195	230	295
70	Reger	nerative ol	E	3RD circu	it built-in		Regenerative unit is required										
Stating	Minimum Resistance Tobe connected (OHM)		70	50	50	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

(3) Common specification for 200V/400V class

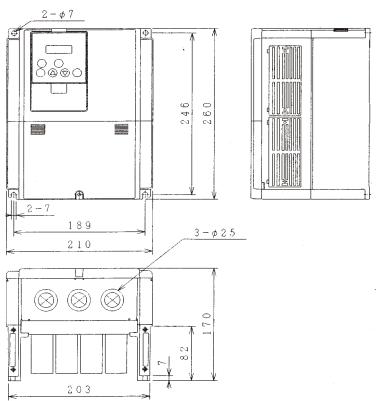
$\overline{}$									_					-			
	Inverter Mode	el 	N300- 055LFP/HFP	N300- 075LFP/HFP	N300- 110LFP/HFP	N300- 150LFP/HFP	N300- 185LFP/HFP	N300- 220LFP/HFP	N300- 300LFP/HFP	N300- 370LFP/HFP	N300- 450LFP/HFP	N300- 550LFP/HFP	N300- 750LFP/HFP	N300- 900HFP	N300- 1100HFP	N300- 1320HFP	N300- 1600HFP
Eı	nclosures		IP20(NEN	IP20(NEMA1)													
Co	ontrol system		Sine-wave	Sine-wave modulation PWM system													
Oı	utput frequency	/ range	0.1∼400⊦	0.1~400Hz													
Fn	equency accu	racy	Digital co	Digital command $\pm 0.01\%$ for Max. frequency, analog frequency $\pm 0.2\%$ (25 $\pm 10\%$)													
Freq	uency resolvi	ng power	Digital setting: 0.01Hz, Analog setting: Max. frequency/4000														
Volta	ge/frequency	characteristic	V/f option variable, V/f control, (constant torque, reduced torque)														
Sp.	oeed fluctuati	on	$\pm 0.5\%$														
0	verload curre	ent rate	120% for 60s,150% for 0.5 second														
	Stating to	orque	200% /	0.5Hz										180% / 0).5Hz		
D	OC Braking			ng and dece	-						-	t.)	·				
		Operator	Setting	by △▽ ke	∋у.												
	Frequency	Volume	ume DC0~10V, -10~+10V (input impedance 10Kohn), 4~20mA (input impedance 100ohm)														
	Free	Extend signal	Setting wi	Setting with RS485 communication													
		Operator	Run/Stop														
	Run/ Stop	Volume	Forward	Run/Stop(1a connec	ct),reverse	command	is impossi	ble on ass	igning of te	erminal(sele	ection of 1	a, 1b is pos	ssible),inpu	t of 3 wire	s is possib	ole.
Input		Extend signal	Setting w	Forward Run/Stop(1a connect),reverse command is impossible on assigning of terminal(selection of 1a, 1b is possible),input of 3 wires is possible. Setting with RS485 communication													
ഥ	Intelligent i	nput terminal	Reverse of USP funct (STP), 3w down functorque lim	Use by selecting terminals from Reverse command(RV), multi-speed 1-4(CF1-CF4), jogging(JG), external dc braking(DB), 2nd control(SET), 2nd acceleration(2CH), free-run stop(FRS), external trip(EXT), USP function(USP), commercial change(CS), software lock(SFT), analog input voltage/current/select(AT), 3rd control(SET3), reset inverter(RS), 3 wire run(STA), 3wire keep (STP), 3wire direction selection(F/R), PID selection valid/invalid(PID), PID integrating reset(PIDC), control gain change(CAS), remote control, up function(UP), remote control down function(DWN), remote control data clear(UDC), compulsion operation(OPE), multi-speed bit 1-7(SF1-SF7), overload ristriction change(OLR), torque limit exist or no(TL), torque limit change12(TRQ1), torque limit change12(TRQ1), torque limit change12(TRQ1), torque limit change12(TRQ1), principal for FW/RV(ROK), no assign (NO)													
	Thermistor	input terminal	1 term	1 terminal													
Output	Intelligent o	output terminal	control(O (TRQ), R excessive	D), Alarm si UN time ove	gnal(AL), A er(RNT), Ol itioning cor	rrival signal N time over npletion(PO	for only set (ONT), The K), Arrival s	ting frequer rmal caution ignal for ov	ncy(FA3), On(THM), Bra	ver torque(ake opning(OTQ), Instar BRK), Brake	ntaneous st e error(BER	vance notice top signal(IP t), Zero spee nly setting fr), Under vol ed detect sig	tage signal jnal(ZS), S _l	(UV), Torqu	ıe limit
	Intelligent mo	nitor output terminal	Analog voltage output, analog current output, pulse line output														
	Display mor	nitor	Output frequency, output current, frequency conversion value, trip history, input output terminal state, input electric power, output voltage, motor torque														
	Other funct	ion	point, A (freque) after an the pov	nalog me ncy/tate), instantar	ter adjus Analog ir neous po block, A	tment, Sta nput selec wer failure	arting frection, Trip e, Various	quency, C retry, Re s kinds sig	arrier fred duced vo gnal outp	quency ad Itage star ut, Initializ	djustment, t, Overloa ation valu	, Électron d restricti le setting	speed, mic thermal ion, energ , Automat running(S	I free setti y-saving o ic deceler	ing, Exter operation ation at t	mal start/ , Restart he time o	end ing of
Carri	er frequency	range	0.5~12kHz	Z													
Prote	ection function	n		rent, over-vo						l trouble, gi	ound fault o	current on s	tarting, insta	antaneous s	top, USP e	error, open-	phase
Б	Frequency ten temperature/h	nperature/Preservation umidty	-10 ~ 50)℃/ -20 ~ 6	5℃/ 20 ~	90% RH(in:	stalled with	no dew cor	nensation)								
undir	Vibration		5.9m/s ²	(0.6G), 10~	55Hz				2.94m	n/s ² (0.3G),	10~55Hz						
Usage surrounding	Using place	e	Under 1	000m abov	e sea le ve	el, indoors	(Installed a	away from	corrosive	gasses du	st)						
	Paint col	or	Grev/Mu	nsell 8.5 YR	(62/02)	1											
Opt		tal input option		n BCD, 16b													
	Other o	ptions		or with co									unit, alten	nating re	actor, D.	C. reacto	or,
Sche	ematic mas	ss 200V class	3.5	3.5	5	5	12	12	12	20	30	30	50	-	-	-	
	(kg)	400V class	3.5	3.5	5	5	12	12	12	20	30	30	30	60	60	80	80

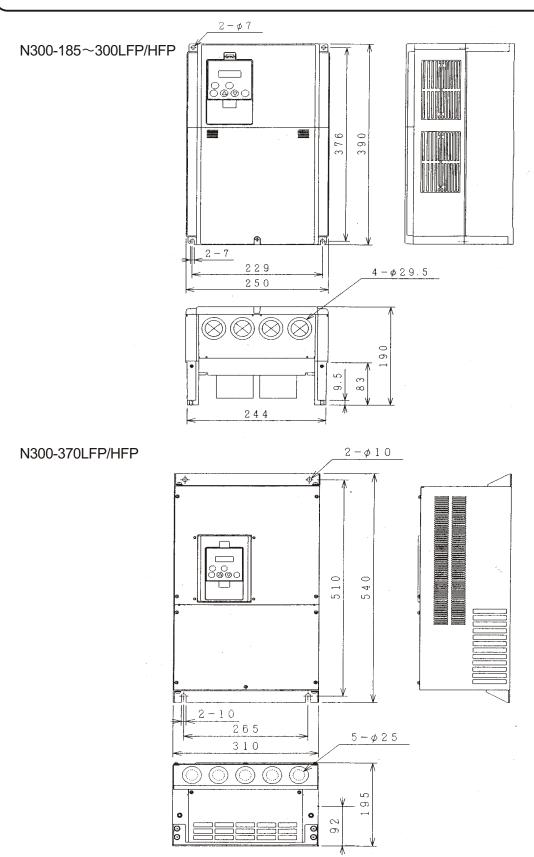
6.2 Dimension

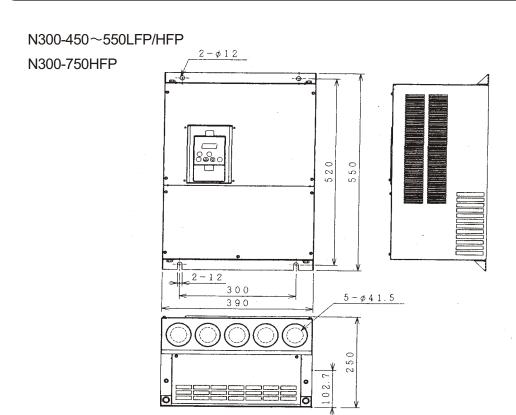
N300-055LFP/HFP N300-075HFP/HFP



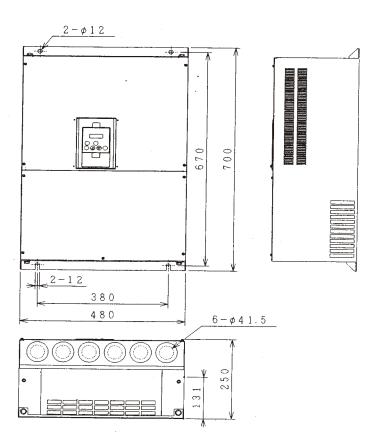
N300-110 150LFP/HFP

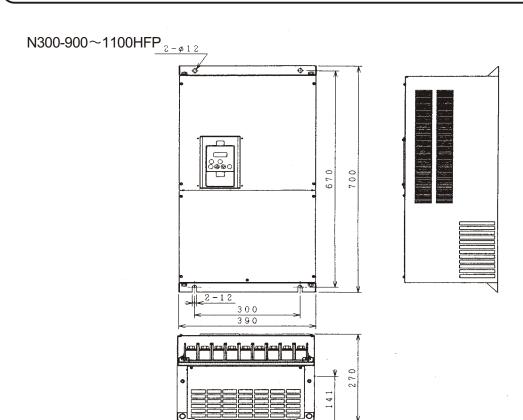












N300-1320~1600HFP

